

## YWCA FEDERAL FUNDING OVERVIEW

This chart highlights major areas of federal funding that support the programs and services provided by YWCAs, and select federal programs that impact the health, safety, and economic well-being of YWCA clients. Almost 50% of funding for YWCA programs and services is from government sources, including \$206 million from the federal government and \$102 million from state, local, and county agencies. YWCAs also receive support from foundations (\$23,182,487), businesses and corporations (\$6,870,561), and private contributions (\$10,828,955).

Major Federal Funding Streams	\$ Received by YWCAs <sup>1</sup>	YWCA Services Supported by Federal Funding	President's FY2019 Budget Request
<b>Gender Based Violence: \$25 million</b>			
Department of Justice <i>Violence Against Women Act (VAWA)</i>	\$9,174,034	100 YWCAs provide domestic violence and/or sexual assault services. In combination with other sources, federal funding enables YWCA to provide transitional supportive housing, legal assistance and court advocacy for victims, hotline response and crisis services, cultural services, supervised visitation, counseling, LGBTQ support services, refugee and immigrant services, safe house operations, and other supportive services.	The 2016 National Census of Domestic Violence Services found 11,991 unmet requests for emergency shelter, legal representation, and other services on the single census day. The president's budget proposes: Level funding (VAWA) <b>TBD</b> (VOCA) Level funding (FVPSA) <b>Eliminates:</b> SSBG, Legal Services Corporation, Preventive Health/Health Services Block Grant
<i>Victims of Crime Act (VOCA)</i>	\$10,837,348		
Department of Health and Human Services <i>Family Violence Prevention and Services Act (FVPSA)</i>	\$2,340,172		
<i>Social Services Block Grant (SSBG)</i>	\$203,659		
<i>Other federal funding, including pass-through grants</i>	\$4,300,709		
<b>Housing and Community Development: \$16.8 million</b>			
Department of Housing and Urban Development <i>Emergency Solutions Grants (ESG), Continuum of Care (COC), and Other</i>	\$14,834,852	125 YWCAs provide housing and community development services. In combination with other sources, federal funding enables YWCA to provide a continuum of housing and supportive services for survivors of domestic violence, veterans, seniors, low-income families, and others, including rapid rehousing, transitional housing, rental assistance, permanent supportive housing, domestic violence shelter, senior health outreach, job training and employment assistance, afterschool and youth services, senior congregate meals, and more.	The president's budget proposes an overall 18.3% cut to HUD's budget, including: <b>- \$592 million</b> Tenant-Based Rental Assistance (Housing Choice/Section 8 Voucher) <b>- \$1.9 billion</b> public housing capital repairs <b>Eliminates:</b> CDBG, National Housing Trust Fund, HOME Investment Partnership Program, CHOICE Neighborhood Program, HHS Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP), & HHS Community Services Block Grant
<i>Community Development Block Grants (CDBG)</i>	\$2,887,684		
Department of Homeland Security <i>FEMA Emergency Food and Shelter Program (EFSG)</i>	\$423,320		
Department of Veterans Affairs <i>Veterans Transitional Housing Grant and Per Diem Program</i>	\$1,518,014		
<b>Child Care and Early Learning: \$118.7 million</b>			
Department of Health and Human Services <i>Head Start</i>	\$27,278,489	125 YWCAs provide child care and early learning services. In combination with other sources, federal	Currently, only one out of six eligible children receive federal child care assistance, Head Start

<b>Early Head Start</b>	\$3,889,988	funding enables YWCA to provide Head Start, Early Head Start, child care vouchers, military dependent child care, eligibility screening for homeless families, child care referrals, and quality improvement services.	reaches less than half of eligible preschoolers, and Early Head Start reaches fewer than five percent of eligible infants and toddlers. The president’s budget proposes: - <b>\$295 million</b> CCDBG - <b>\$279 million</b> Head Start and Early Head Start <b>Eliminates:</b> Community Services Block Grant, Rural Community Facilities, and Community Economic Development
<b>CCDBG</b>	\$546,393		
<b>Federal funding received as pass through CCDBG grants or from other programs</b>	\$86,950,066		
<b>Health and Nutrition: \$11.3 million</b>			
Department of Agriculture <b>Child and Adult Care Food Program (CACFP) and other programs-</b>	\$9,349,513	In combination with other sources, federal funding enables YWCA to provide food to clients in need through housing, domestic violence and child care/early learning programs, including snacks and meals, food subsidies, food pantry and weekly community meal programs, and Meals on Wheels for seniors.	CACFP directly supports YWCAs in providing food to clients in need, while programs like SNAP and WIC provide food assistance to YWCA clients. The president’s budget proposes: + \$286 million CACFP - <b>\$810 million</b> WIC (part of a proposed \$3.5 billion over 10 years) - <b>\$17.2 billion</b> SNAP (part of a proposed - <b>\$213 billion over 10 years</b> )
<b>Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP)</b>	— <sup>ii</sup>		
<b>Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants and Children (WIC)</b>	—		
Department of Health and Human Services <b>SAMHSA, Centers for Disease Control, and other HHS department grants and programs</b>	\$2,002,129	117 YWCAs provide health services to women and girls. In combination with other sources, federal funding supports home visiting for teen parents, teen pregnancy prevention, cancer screenings, health care navigation, healthy relationship training/peer support, and behavioral health, substance abuse, and community mental health services.	The president’s budget proposes: - <b>\$763 billion over 10 years</b> Medicaid and subsidies in the private marketplace <b>Eliminates:</b> Eligibility for Planned Parenthood, a major provider of women’s reproductive health services, to receive federal funds
<b>Workforce Development: \$29.3 million</b>			
Department of Labor, Small Business Administration, and other agencies <b>Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (WIOA) and other job training and workforce development grant programs</b>	\$29,344,617	133 YWCAs support women’s and girls’ economic advancement. In combination with other sources, federal funding enables YWCA to provide job training, skills development, support for business and leadership centers, transitional job programs and other workforce development services for homeless veterans, teens facing barriers to success, working mothers, and others.	+ \$1.3 billion across WIOA adult, dislocated worker, and youth state formula grant programs - <b>\$100 million</b> Small Business Administration (25% cut) - <b>\$1.1 billion</b> Department of Labor (21% cut)

<sup>i</sup> Federal funding amounts listed are estimates based on YWCA's 2017 Metrics and Impact Survey, and may not reflect all federal pass through funding that YWCAs receive via state, local, and county agencies. Category totals may exceed the select major funding streams highlighted in specific sections of this document.

<sup>ii</sup> "—" denotes federal funding that directly benefits YWCA clients, but are not a main source of support for YWCA services.