YWCA 2016 VOTER ENGAGEMENT GUIDE



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INTRODUCTION

Voting is the most important tool we have to help shape the policies and laws that affect our lives and our communities. Engaging our communities to participate fully in the political process is an important part of YWCA's commitment to eliminating racism and empowering women. YWCAs undertake this important work by implementing Get Out the Vote (GOTV) campaigns.

There are many opportunities to engage in GOTV efforts, whatever your capacity level may be! We are excited that seven YWCAs in six target states are working on intensive voter registration campaigns in partnership with other nonprofits in their states through a unique NonProfit Vote initiative, and other local associations are fully engaged in National Voter Registration Day and local GOTV activities. We hope every YWCA will find a way to participate in this important work!

This GOTV Guide will provide you with short one pagers that will help you get **comfortable**, get **registered**, get **motivated**, and **get out the vote**!

GET COMFORTABLE

The IRS clearly states that 501(c)(3) organizations may conduct voter engagement and connect with candidates on a nonpartisan basis. This includes encouraging voter participation, educating voters, and talking to candidates about issues. This section provides guidelines for local YWCA associations in conducting activities during the 2016 election season.

GET REGISTERED

We play a vital role in increasing voter participation among historically disenfranchised groups. Many of the communities we serve are underrepresented in the political process. A 2014 study by NonProfit VOTE and CIRCLE showed that nonprofits disproportionately reached individuals who are younger, lower-income, and more diverse than the general public—groups that historically participate in elections at lower rates. As YWCA works to eliminate racism and empower women, we can help engage our communities in the political process. This section provides guidance and resources on how to effectively undertake voter registration activities.

GET MOTIVATED

With our nation-wide reach and deep ties in the community, YWCA has a unique ability to engage and mobilize voters who are often left out of the political process, and to highlight policy priorities that activate social change for those voters. In the weeks leading up to the 2016 election, get staff, volunteers, clients and community members motivated by emphasizing the value of each person, each vote, and the issues that matter in your community. This section provides guidance and resources on the various education and engagement activities local YWCAs can undertake to ensure your communities learn more about where the candidates stand on the issues, and the candidates hear your voice about what matters in this election.

GET OUT THE VOTE

Our work does not stop with registration! We can continue to engage our communities until Election Day and beyond. Women, people of color, and young people played a significant role in the outcome of the 2012 election. According to the latest Census Bureau data, 3.7 million additional people of color exercised their right to vote in the 2012 election, and since 1996, women have voted at higher rates than men and the gap is growing. Voter turnout is an important factor in ensuring that those elected into office hear and meet the needs of people of color and women. Every vote truly does count. In this section you will find a list of ways to increase voter turnout.

ISSUE GUIDE

Find out where your candidates stand on the issues that matter most to YWCA. Find overviews of our core legislative priorities, sample candidate questions, and sample tweets in the issue guide.

GET COMFORTABLE

The IRS clearly states that 501(c)(3) organizations may conduct voter engagement or connect with candidates on a nonpartisan basis. This includes encouraging voter participation, educating voters, and talking to candidates about issues. Below are guidelines for YWCAs in conducting activities during the 2016 election season.

As 501(c)(3) organizations, YWCAs can:

- 1. Promote or conduct voter registration
- 2. Educate voters on the where, when, and how of voting
- 3. Encourage and remind people to vote
- 4. Encourage staff to serve on election day as a poll worker, translator, or other nonpartisan volunteer
- 5. Distribute nonpartisan sample ballots, candidate questionnaires, or voter guides
- 6. Host or c-sponsor a candidate forum (The forum must be open to all candidates, conducted in a balanced way, and include a nonpartisan panel of questioners.)
- 7. Hold a voter education event
- 8. Educate the candidates on your issues
- 9. Continue issue advocacy during an election
- 10. Support or oppose ballot measures as a lobbying activity (subject to normal lobbying limits)
- 11. Conduct nonpartisan training on issues and organizational skills.
- 12. Allow staff to participate as individuals in political campaigns, on their own time and not as representatives of the organization.

YWCAs may NOT conduct *partisan* activities to support or oppose any candidate for public office, including:

- 1. Endorsing a candidate.
- 2. Making a contribution to a candidate or party. This includes "in-kind" contributions such as publicity, staff time, and use of facilities or assets, *unless* those resources are made equally available to all candidates at their fair market value.
- 3. Rating candidates on who is most favorable to your issue(s).

Have questions about the do's and don'ts for 501(c)(3)s?

Check out <u>this webinar</u> or <u>this resource</u> from NonProfit Vote. You can also call the Bolder Advocacy hotline at 866-NP-LOBBY (866-675-6229).

GET REGISTERED

Nonprofits like YWCA play a vital role in increasing voter participation among historically marginalized groups. The communities we serve are often underrepresented in the political process. A 2014 study by Nonprofit VOTE and CIRCLE showed that nonprofits disproportionately reached individuals who are younger, lower-income, and more diverse than the general public—groups that historically participate at lower rates. As YWCA works to eliminate racism and empower women, we can help engage our communities in the political process. This page provides guidance and resources on how to effectively undertake voter registration activities.

- Know your state's voter registration deadlines and rules: States have varying rules regarding voter registration. Get to know the following as it pertains to your state:
 - Registration deadline
 - Eligibility criteria
 - How to get and return registration forms
 - Whether online registration is allowed
- Help people register to vote It's NOT too late!
 - Ask staff, clients, and community members, "Can I update your voter registration?"
 - Provide training to your staff and volunteers.
 - <u>Learn more</u> about asking someone to register to vote.
 - Make it easy for people to register:
 - ALL states with the exception of New Hampshire, North Dakota and Wyoming may use the National Mail Voter Registration Form to register voters. This is a quick and simple voter registration tool. Print the forms and share. Double check forms are filled out correctly, signed, and mailed in!
 - <u>If your state allows</u> online voter registration, designate a computer in your office for clients, staff, and community members to use.
 - Got more time and capacity?
 - Organize a voter registration drive!
 - Join nonprofits around the country on <u>National Voter Registration Day</u>, September 27! There are multiple ways you can participate, depending on your time and capacity:
 - Promoting voter registration on social media
 - Organizing a voter registration event on September 27th
 - Allowing volunteers to register voters at your location.

- **Voters with special circumstances**: Some community members may have special circumstances that affect their ability to both register and vote. Learn if/how you can help these individuals to register in your state.
 - Domestic Violence Survivors
 - Homelessness
 - Disability
 - <u>Ex-Offender</u>
- Stay nonpartisan
 - Nonprofit staff or volunteers may not suggest what candidate to support or what party to join.
 - When answering questions about candidates and parties, volunteers and staff may refer people to other sources, such as a local newspaper or other nonpartisan voter guide.
 - Nonprofits are free to register all the people they serve, including staff, volunteers, and the local community. Nonprofits may also target underserved areas with a history of lower voter participation.

Have more questions about how to hold a drive or help register people to vote? Check out this webinar or this resource from NonProfit Vote.

SAMPLE TWEETS

Today is National Voter Registration Day! Already registered? Then help register 5 friends! http://nationalvoterregistrationday.org/ #GOTV #Vote

New in town? Don't forget to register to vote! There's still time! Register today http://www.eac.gov/assets/1/Documents/Federal%20Voter%20Registration 6-25-14 ENG.pdf #Vote #GOTV

GET MOTIVATED

In the weeks leading up to the election, get staff, volunteers, and community members motivated by emphasizing the value of each person, each vote, and the issues that matter in your community. This page provides guidance and resources on the various education and engagement activities local YWCAs can undertake to ensure your communities learn more about where the candidates stand on the issues, and the candidates hear your voice about what matters in this election.

Mobilize staff and volunteers

- Help staff and volunteers to understand the connection between their work and voting.
 Get them registered and then give them a role to play in GOTV efforts.
- While representing YWCA, staff and volunteers must remain non-partisan. <u>Watch</u> to learn more about what staff can & can't do.

Educate voters about the voting process

- Provide information on when, where and how to vote: <u>election date</u>, <u>polling place</u>, <u>ID</u>
 requirements
- Obtain sample ballots from your local Board of Elections to share with voters.
 Remember to remain non-partisan do NOT make recommendations on candidates.
- Tie YWCA's mission and issue priorities to the election: Use this time as an opportunity to
 further your issue advocacy by helping voters understand the connection between voting and
 YWCA issue priorities.
 - Educate voters and candidates about YWCA's policy priorities
 - Share YWCA USA's Issue Guide
 - Hold issue forums: Get out the vote initiatives can include a campaign to educate
 voters about the important issues on which policy is being debated. This can be
 accomplished by holding a series of issue forums on YWCA issue priories. At each
 event, speakers representing a variety of perspectives on the issue should be
 invited to present information and give the public an opportunity to make
 informed decisions.
 - Invite people to speak about both sides of an issue. Presenters may be nonprofit professionals, academics, local, state, or federal lobbyists or others with expertise in the policy area under discussion.
 - Include an introduction by a community leader to provide context and explain why these issues are important to YWCA without endorsing one policy position over another.
 - Present the issues objectively and fully.
 - Remain non-partisan. Avoid endorsing or alluding to your endorsement of any candidate or policy position.
 - Submit an op-ed or letter to the editor to your local newspaper, highlighting the importance of a YWCA priority in your community.

- <u>Engage your social media</u> followers with a blog, tweet, or Facebook post about the importance of a YWCA priority in your community.
- Advocate on <u>ballot measures</u>
 - Take a "yes" or "no" position on a ballot question and educate staff, community leaders and the public on your position. Reminder: Though 501(c)(3)s may NOT endorse a candidate, they may take a stance on a ballot measure.
- Engage candidates and voters
 - Host debate watch parties
 - Share a voter guide or candidate questionnaire created by your local newspaper, League of Women Voters, or other community partners, or create one yourself.
 - Host and promote Candidate Forums. Reminder: 501(c)(3)s may NOT state YWCA's position on an issue/legislation when asking a candidate's position on that issue/legislation.

Have questions about voter and candidate engagement? Check out <u>this webinar</u> about voter education and registration for staff, volunteers and board members, and <u>this "Motivate the Vote"</u> <u>webinar</u>, both from NonProfit VOTE.

SAMPLE TWEETS

Watching tonight's #debate? What do you want the candidates to discuss? #Election2016 #Vote #GOTV

#PaidLeave, #PaidSickDays, #RacialProfiling, #BLM, #endDVnow – just some of what we are talking about this #Election2016 year.

GET OUT THE VOTE

Our work does not stop with registration! We can continue to engage our communities until Election Day and even beyond. Women, people of color, and young people played a significant role in the outcome of the 2012 election. According to the latest Census Bureau data, 3.7 million additional people of color exercised their right to vote in the 2012 election, and since 1996, women have voted at higher rates than men and the gap is growing. Voter turnout is an important factor in ensuring that those elected into office hear and meet the needs of people of color and women. Every vote truly does count.

Here you will find a list of ways to increase voter turnout.

Talk to Potential Voters

- Talk with voters one-on-one about the importance and urgency of voting. People are more likely to participate when they are engaged by someone or an entity they are personally connected with.
- Use positive messages that encourage people to vote by connecting the election back to your community's future and your organization's issues.
- Follow up with newly registered voters. Keep a list of all of the names, addresses and phone numbers of the people you register and mail/call them in the days before the election.

Provide Relevant Information to Voters

- Look up your community's polling location and hours and ID requirements
- Print, fill in, and post YWCA "Your Voice, Your Vote, Your Future" signage throughout your local association.
- **Know Voter Rights:** If voters are experiencing harassment or difficulties at the poll, encourage them to use <u>1-866-OUR-VOTE</u> (866-687-8683) to get assistance. Here are a few things to note:
 - Voters with limited English proficiency and those with disabilities have the right to bring a family member or friend into the polling booth to assist them.
 - No voter can be turned away without being allowed to vote. If you believe that you are registered to vote, you have the right to cast a "provisional ballot".
 - If you are in line before the polls close, you are legally entitled to vote.

Remove Barriers to Voting

- Organize carpools: Recruit volunteers to drive people to and from polls. Choose a central gathering location, potentially at your facility.
- Provide childcare: Consider providing childcare on Election Day.
- Provide food: Consider providing meals or snacks for clients and community members who you are transporting to the polls.

• Celebrate Election Day

• Throw a party on Election Day to get people excited! Gather in the morning to encourage voters to get to the polls, or in the evening to watch the results together.

Have questions about getting out the vote? Check out this <u>tipsheet</u> from NonProfit Vote, and join us on October 13th for this <u>webinar</u>.

SAMPLE TWEETS

SAVE THE DATE: Remember to vote on November 8! #Vote #GOTV [Attach Sharegraphic]

Need help getting to the polls on Nov 8? Call this number: [local assistance] #Vote #[Your Community] #GOTV

2016 ELECTION ISSUE GUIDE

INTRODUCTION

YWCA USA is on a mission to eliminate racism, empower women, stand up for social justice, help families, and strengthen communities. We are one of the oldest and largest women's organizations in the nation, serving over 2 million women, girls, and their families.

YWCA has been at the forefront of the most pressing social movements for more than 150 years — from voting rights to civil rights, from affordable housing to pay equity, from violence prevention to health care reform. We carry on this long tradition of social action and advocacy to advance our critical mission of eliminating racism, empowering women, and promoting peace, justice, freedom, and dignity for all.

Building on YWCA's Mission Impact Framework, this 2016 Election Issue Guide provides a concise overview of YWCA's priority issues in the areas of racial justice and civil rights, empowerment and economic advancement of women and girls, and health and safety of women and girls. While many issues impact our clients and communities, this guide focuses in on current YWCA policy priorities, namely:

- Ending racial profiling
- Girls of color in the education and justice systems
- Paid sick leave
- Paid family leave
- Job-protected safe leave
- Reducing domestic violence--related homicides
- Ending violence against women

This guide also suggests key questions to help you and your community learn more about where the candidates stand on the issues, and ensure that the candidates hear your voice about what matters in this election.

When voters go to the polls in 2016, they will cast their ballots for elected officials who will determine public policy on major issues that impact the lives of women, girls, and people of color. Together, we can make a difference by ensuring our communities and our voices are heard!

RACIAL JUSTICE AND CIVIL RIGHTS

Increasing the equal protections and equal opportunities of people of color is at the heart of YWCA's mission. We continue our long-standing fight to reduce the incidence of racial and ethnic profiling in communities across the nation, with a particular focus on profiling's impact on women and girls of color. YWCA's commitment to racial justice is one of the common threads that unite local YWCAs across the country. Over 160,000 individuals participate in YWCA racial justice programs annually, addressing systemic barriers in the criminal justice system, housing, health care, and education. Approximately half of our local associations train law enforcement officials, host dialogues, and develop private-public collaborations.

1. ENDING RACIAL PROFILING

Racial profiling refers to the practice of a law enforcement agent or agency relying, to any degree, on race, ethnicity, religion, or national origin in selecting which individuals to subject to routine or investigatory activities, such as traffic stops, searches, and seizures. African Americans, Native Americans, Latinxs, and Asians (particularly South and Southeast Asians) have reported being unfairly targeted by police. In many border-states and communities with high immigrant populations, it has been documented that law enforcement agencies use racial profiling as a method of border security and enforcement. This institutional discrimination contributes to disproportionate surveillance, excessive use of force, and the escalation of violence within communities of color.

The intersection of race, gender, and violence is often unexplored in discussions of racial profiling. While many high profile incidents of racial profiling focus on Black men, women of color are also at heightened risk. Formal reports and recent news articles highlight the range of profiling behaviors that women of color experience. For example, reports issued by the Missouri State Attorney General's Office and the ACLU document that women of color are subject to more stops by police in Ferguson, Missouri, and intrusive searches at U.S. airports, even though white drivers and passengers are more likely to be found with contraband. Sexual misconduct by law enforcement officers who profiled women is a significant enough issue that the International Association of Chiefs of Police issued an executive guide on the subject in June of 2011. An August 2016 report by the U.S. Department of Justice documented gender-based bias and mistreatment by the Baltimore Police Department, including numerous instances of hostility to victims of sexual assault, callous treatment of female suspects, public strip-searches, and even allegations of sex in exchange for immunity. These examples are the context in which public cases like the arrest and death of Sandra Bland in Texas after a routine traffic stop, the violent arrest of 2nd grade school teacher Breaion King in Austin for speeding, the <u>criminal convictions of Oklahoma City police officer Daniel Holtzclaw</u> for raping 13 Black women, and countless other cases take place.

YWCA POSITION

YWCA supports legislation that bans the practice of racial profiling at the federal, state, and local levels. We believe that all individuals, regardless of race, ethnicity, religion, national origin, or gender should be ensured justice and protected equally under the law. Passage of police accountability measures will ensure that policing of all communities is done fairly using methods that respect the full humanity and rights of all regardless of race, gender, class, sexual orientation, ability, or citizenship status. The federal government's involvement is vital to ending racial profiling practices by law enforcement in communities of color. We look forward to working with policymakers to correct patterns of systemic racial bias in policing and its negative and often lethal impact on various communities of color.

CANDIDATE QUESTIONS

- (1) What is your position on proposals to end racial profiling, such as the End Racial Profiling Act of 2015 (H.R. 1933/S. 1056)?
- (2) What trainings and accountability measures for law enforcement do you support?
- (3) What would you say to a young person of color who feels unsafe interacting with law enforcement?
- (4) What would you do to address the concerns of communities of color who feel unsafe interacting with law enforcement?
- (5) What would you do to build trust between communities of color and law enforcement?

SAMPLE TWEETS

#Racialprofiling impacts #WOC, their families & their communities. #ERPA will help end racial profiling! #Election2016

Police brutality & racial profiling are serious concerns for #POC & communities. It's time we change this. #vote #Election2016 #OnAMission

Communities of color feel unsafe interacting with police. Let's address police brutality, bias & racism. #vote #OnAMission #Election2016

2. GIRLS OF COLOR IN THE JUSTICE AND EDUCATION SYSTEMS

Girls of color are often overlooked when policymakers address issues of racial inequality, yet they experience significant intersectional disparities related to race, ethnicity, and gender in America's <u>schools</u> and <u>justice</u> system.

Though much of the conversation about criminalization and the school-to-prison pipeline centers on boys of color, Black girls face disproportionate challenges in schools and in the justice system. Latina and Native American girls do not trail far behind them. Here are some key statistics that give shape to the problem:

- <u>Black girls are suspended at higher rates</u> (12%) than girls of any other race or ethnicity, and at higher rates than White boys (6%); American Indian/Alaska Native girls (7%) and Latinas (4%) are also suspended at rates that exceed those of White girls (2%).
- Recent budget cuts have also resulted in fewer school psychologists, social workers, and counselors who might otherwise provide support to girls struggling with trauma or other unmet needs before their behavior leads to punishable offenses: only two states (VT and WY) have counselor-to-student ratios that meet the recommended caseload standard set by the American Counseling Association.
- A majority of girls who have contact with and are detained in the juvenile justice system pose little or no threat to public safety: 37% of <u>detained girls were held for status offenses and technical violations</u> (as compared to 25% % of boys), and 21% of girls were detained for simple assault and public order offenses where no weapons were involved (as compared to 12% % of boys). A <u>recently released video</u>, showing a school police officer picking up a 12-year-old Latina and throwing her face down onto the ground, illustrates the experiences of far too many girls of color at school.

The experience of trauma is one that impacts girls of color in both education and justice systems. In schools, girls of color who experience trauma are more likely to be met with excessive discipline for acting out behaviors and less likely to get the trauma-informed care they need. Girls' presence in the juvenile justice system is often caused by the criminalization of survival crimes like running away, acting out behaviors like aggressiveness and truancy, and other behavioral responses to particular types of trauma and violence that are concentrated among girls and young women, including sex trafficking and sexual abuse. Within this broader context, girls of color are disproportionately involved in the juvenile justice system and experience higher levels of detention. They also experience particularly high rates of trauma and sexual violence. The experience of juvenile detention itself can be re-traumatizing, an outcome that seems out of proportion to the nonviolent behavior that brings many girls into the system.

YWCA POSITION

To address these inequities and disparities, YWCA advocates for the implementation of specific policies and approaches at federal, state, and local levels that better address the needs of girls of color in our education and justice systems. YWCA encourages policymakers to prioritize and support intersectional race and gender research and analysis to better understand and respond to disparities in the imposition of exclusionary discipline (suspensions and expulsions) in schools and with respect to justice system-involved girls of color. Alleviating the school discipline and justice system involvement crises for girls of color requires an intersectional analysis of both the gender and race/ethnicity dimensions of their experiences in these systems, which in turn will enable policymakers to develop more informed approaches to address the distinct needs of girls of color.

YWCA also supports the use of gender- and culturally-responsive, trauma-informed, and developmentally appropriate approaches in the interactions that occur between girls of color and the adult professionals in the justice and education systems (educators, police officers, judges, etc.). This includes such specific policies as prohibiting the placement of girls who are status offenders or victims of sex trafficking in the juvenile justice system; amending mandatory and pro-arrest policies for domestic violence to ensure those policies are utilized in situations involving intimate partner violence, not in response to youth and intra-family conflict; and ensuring adequate staffing in schools by counselors, social workers, and psychologists, as well as professional development and training for teachers, school resource officers, and other school personnel in the areas of cultural competence, implicit bias, trauma-informed practice, and alternatives to exclusionary discipline.

CANDIDATE QUESTIONS

- (1) What role do you think race, gender, and implicit bias play in school disciplinary policies? What steps would you propose taking to address these issues?
- (2) What policies would you propose to address the needs of girls of color in our justice and education systems?
- (3) Do you support current efforts to strengthen the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act?
- (4) We know that girls of color are more likely to have experienced trauma. What would you propose to ensure that educators, parents, and students have the support systems necessary to deal with such trauma?
- (5) We know that girls in the juvenile justice system have experienced high rates of sexual abuse and trauma and that the criminalization of trauma disproportionately impacts girls of

color, particularly Black, Native American, and Latina girls. How can our justice system better respond to their social and emotional needs as survivors?

SAMPLE TWEETS

Girls of color face inequality in edu. & justice systems. Ask candidates: how will you change this? #Election2016 #OnAMission

This #Election2016, we need to talk about how to address needs of girls of color in our edu. & justice systems! #Election2016 #OnAMission

#Vote for candidates who will ensure our edu. system provides support for girls of color, who face higher rates of trauma. #OnAMission

EMPOWERMENT AND ECONOMIC ADVANCEMENT OF WOMEN AND GIRLS

YWCA works to increase economic opportunities for women and girls of color. We recognize the importance of addressing the inequities that exist for this historically and contemporarily marginalized group. Women comprise more than half of today's workforce. One in four women are now the sole or primary breadwinners for their families. An overwhelming majority of mothers with children under 18 years of age are working. Women of color are over-represented in low-wage industries that lack basic workplace protections. There is no doubt that women are central to the economic well-being for their families and play a critical role in our nation's economic prosperity. Despite this, 21st-century workplace policies are out-of-date and do not adequately support women in balancing work-family demands.

1. PAID SICK LEAVE

Over 80% of low-wage (\$8.25 or less per hour) workers do not have access to any paid sick days. For these workers, who are disproportionately women and people of color, missing a day (or a few days) of paid work can have significant economic consequences. For a family without paid sick days, on average, 3.1 days of pay lost to illness are equivalent to the family's entire monthly health care budget, and 3.5 days are equivalent to a month of groceries. A major illness can drive a worker into poverty. In addition to lost wages, workers are often penalized for taking time off for an illness or to care for a sick family member. Domestic violence survivors also face unique challenges due to a lack of paid "safe" days that would allow them to take care of legal, housing, and health needs.

YWCA POSITION

YWCA supports legislation that creates a national standard for paid sick days, such as the Healthy Families Act (H.R. 932/S. 497) introduced in the 114th Congress. This legislation would ensure that workers in businesses that employ 15 or more employees can earn up to seven paid sick days each year; employees in smaller business would earn unpaid sick leave. Additionally, the Healthy Families Act would ensure that workers can use this time without penalty to recover from their own illnesses; access preventive care; provide care to a sick family member; attend school meetings related to a child's health condition; or seek assistance related to a domestic violence, stalking, or sexual assault incident.

CANDIDATE QUESTIONS

- (1) Do you support policy proposals like the Healthy Families Act (H.R. 932 / S. 497) that would ensure that workers have access to job-protected sick leave?
- (2) How do you think paid sick leave could help women of color and working families? What suggestions do you have to improve access to paid sick leave for women of color and working families?
- (3) We know that sick workers attending work and infecting other employees cost the U.S. economy \$180 billion annually. We also know that if all workers had access to paid sick leave, 1.3 million emergency room visits could be prevented each year at a savings of \$1.1 billion annually, over half of which would accrue to tax-payer funded insurance programs like Medicare. How would you partner with the business community and other stakeholders to address these concerns?

SAMPLE TWEETS

Everyone gets sick, doesn't everyone deserve time to get better? #Election2016 #OnAMission #HFAnow #paidsickdays

#Paidsickdays help working #WOC & families. Support #HFAnow! #Election2016 #vote #OnAMission

Millions of moms can't earn #paidsickdays when they or their kid gets sick. Ask your candidates: are you ok with this? #vote #OnAMission

2. PAID FAMILY LEAVE

For many women and families, missing just a few days of work can mean the difference between a full refrigerator or an empty one. Worse, a major illness can drive a family into poverty. Paid family leave, which would provide partial income for up to 12 weeks when a worker needs leave for their own serious health condition, including pregnancy and childbirth recovery, or to care for a child, parent, spouse, or domestic partner suffering from a serious health condition.

People across the country are working hard to make ends meet, yet currently just 13% of the workforce has paid family leave, and less than 40% has personal medical leave through an employer-provided program. Many women and men are both breadwinners and caregivers, and paid time off for family and medical purposes helps workers – particularly women – stay and succeed in their jobs and receive higher wages over time.

Access to paid family and medical leave would complement other work and family agenda policies, such as paid sick leave and the existing unpaid leave that is available for employees in large companies through the Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA), by providing income stability and additional economic support for workers at critical moments in their lives when they face serious health conditions within their families, or the addition of children to their families. The few state-level family leave insurance programs that exist in California, New Jersey, and Rhode Island have each met with favorable results.

YWCA POSITION

YWCA supports legislation such as the <u>Family and Medical Insurance Leave (FAMILY) Act (H.R. 1439/S. 786)</u>, which would open access to paid leave for workers who have or are caring for family members who have a serious medical condition. This legislation would ensure that workers in most businesses could earn up to 12 weeks of partial income when they need leave for their own serious health condition, including pregnancy and childbirth recover, or the condition of a child parent, spouse, or domestic partner. The FAMILY Act would enable workers to earn 66% of their monthly wages up to a capped amount, through small employee and employer payroll contributions. Additionally, this legislation would cover workers in all companies, no matter their size. Younger, part-time, lower-wage, and contingent workers would be eligible for benefits.

CANDIDATE QUESTIONS

- (1) What is your position on proposals like The FAMILY Act (H.R. 1439/S. 786) that would increase access to paid leave for longer-term illness?
- (2) How do you think paid family leave could improve economic security for women of color and working families?
- (3) What suggestions do you have to improve access to paid leave for longer term illness?

SAMPLE TWEETS

#PaidLeave will help close the gender & racial wage gap. Ask your candidates: Will you #LeadonLeave? #Vote #Election2016 #OnAMission

Ask candidates: isn't it time we catch up w/ the rest of the industrialized world & provide #paidleave to our workers? #vote #OnAMission

Workers shouldn't have to choose btw their work & their health or loved ones. #OnAMission #Flection2016 #Vote

3. JOB-PROTECTED SAFE LEAVE

Between 94% and 99% of domestic violence survivors have experienced some form of economic abuse, making it a particularly pervasive and crippling form of abuse. Domestic violence victims lose a total of 8 million days of paid work each year, and upwards of 60% of victims lose their jobs due to their abuse –to the perpetrator harassing and/or stalking her at her workplace. Advocating for legislation that would keep women from being penalized in their workplace due to intimate partner violence is critical to supporting their financial empowerment.

"Safe leave" provides survivors of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, and stalking with job-protected leave to seek medical care, survivor services, and counseling; to recover from injuries; to participate in safety planning and relocation; and to participate in legal proceedings without fear of losing their job. Safe leave enables survivors to use a range of workplace leave programs (e.g., medical, sick, annual, personal or other leave) for the same purposes. Safe leave also enables family or household members to assist those they love in seeking the care and protection needed as a result of the violence they have experienced.

Comprehensive safe leave proposals also protect survivors from being discriminated against by employers or losing their jobs because of the violence they have experienced. They also prohibit discrimination by insurance companies and public agencies because of the violence, and open access to unemployment compensation when survivors are separated from employment as a result of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault. or stalking.

YWCA POSITION

YWCA USA supports legislation that would keep women from being penalized in their workplace due to intimate partner violence, such as The Security and Financial
Empowerment (SAFE) Act of 2015 (H.R. 3841/S. 2208), introduced in the 114th Congress. The legislation would create a new category of "safe leave" for victims of domestic violence, sexual assault, or stalking to seek medical attention; recover from injury; assist a family or household member in obtaining medical attention, survivor services, behavioral health or counseling services; or participate in safety planning, relocation, or other actions to increase safety. The SAFE Act would also create protections to prohibit employer, public agencies, and insurance companies from discriminating against survivors.

CANDIDATE QUESTIONS

- (1) Today, an individual can use the Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA) to care for a sick or injured spouse, but cannot use it to seek protection from an abuser. What is your position on proposals like The SAFE Act that would provide job protected safe leave for survivors of intimate partner violence?
- (2) If elected, what would you do to help ensure job security for survivors of intimate partner violence?

SAMPLE TWEETS

Today, workers can't use #FMLA to seek protection from an abuser. Unacceptable. We need #SAFEact! #vote #Election2016 #OnAMission

We must ensure job security for #DV survivors. Ask your candidates where they stand! #vote #Election2016 #OnAMission

HEALTH AND SAFETY OF WOMEN AND GIRLS

YWCA is committed to the health and safety of women and girls of color. If women and girls of color do not have access to high quality health and safety resources or support systems, they cannot be empowered. The disproportionately negative health and safety outcomes for women and girls of color is a prime example of the ways institutional racism and sexism work together.

1. REDUCING DOMESTIC VIOLENCE RELATED HOMICIDES

Every month, 46 women are shot to death by a current or former partner, and intimate partner homicides account for nearly half of all women killed each year in the U.S. Perpetrators with access to firearms are five to eight times more likely to kill their partners than those without firearms. In fact, the mere presence of a gun in a domestic violence situation increases the risk of homicide for women by five times. Despite this lethality risk, most states do not adequately comply with federal law that mandates seizure of firearms upon the issuance of a protective order. Implementation of state laws that restrict access to firearms, increase police staffing to address intimate partner violence, and allow warrantless arrests for perpetrators in violation of issued protective orders have proven to be effective in decreasing domestic violence-related homicides with a firearm by 19%, according to a 2010 UC Davis Violence Prevention Research Program study.

YWCA POSITION

YWCA urges Congress to move forward on passing bipartisan legislation to address the prevalence of firearms-related domestic violence homicides. Passing legislation that closes legal loopholes that currently increase risk for survivors is critical to ensuring the safety of women and families in communities across the nation. Specifically, YWCA supports measures that enhance enforcement of federal laws related to searching for and seizing firearms from individuals charged with sexual and domestic violence offenses on the state level; expand the definition of "intimate partner" to include dating partners; add language to include stalking as a form of domestic violence, which would in turn prohibit convicted stalkers from purchasing or possessing firearms; and putting temporary restraining orders on par with permanent restraining orders, thereby recognizing that the time when a victim of domestic violence first leaves and files for a TRO is one of the most dangerous for her.

CANDIDATE QUESTIONS

- (1) Every week we read headlines about more shooting deaths in domestic violence situations. What would you do to address this pervasive crisis?
- (2) What is your position on current congressional proposals that would close legal loopholes by expanding the definitions in current laws to also include dating violence and stalking?
- (3) We know that the presence of a gun in a domestic violence situation increases the risk of death by 500%. What would you do to protect the safety of women and children in these households? What is your position on removing guns from domestic violence perpetrators when a victim applies for a temporary restraining order?

SAMPLE TWEETS

Ask your candidates: how will you address the epidemic of #DV related shooting deaths in the U.S.? #Election2016 #OnAMission

In #DV situations, a gun increases the risk of death 500%. We need smart solutions! #WorkAgainstViolence #Vote #OnAMission

This #Election2016, we need to talk about the lethal combo of access to guns & #DV. #Election2016 #OnAMission

2. THE VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN ACT

Violence against women takes many forms, including domestic violence, sexual assault, dating violence and stalking. These crimes impact millions of individuals and families in every community in our nation. In 1994, Congress passed the landmark Violence Against Women Act (VAWA), a comprehensive approach to addressing and ending violence against women. VAWA established grants to create and improve law enforcement and prosecution strategies at the state and local levels and provides a framework for collaboration between federal, state, and local governments; direct service providers; law enforcement personnel; prosecutors; and the courts.

VAWA proves that it is possible to combat violence against women. Yet, there is more work to be done to ensure that women, children, and families are safe. This law was updated and reauthorized in 2013, and is due to be reauthorized again in 2018. The Victims of Crime Act (VOCA) and the Family Violence Prevention and Services Act also play key roles in ensuring that survivors are safe.

YWCA POSITION

The YWCA supports anti-violence policies that protect victims, hold perpetrators accountable, and work to eradicate sexual assault and domestic violence, trafficking of women and girls, and dating violence. Specifically, we support the continuance and full funding for the Violence Against Women Act (VAWA), the Victims of Crime Act, and the Family and Violence Prevention and Services Act. We also support legislation that ensures employment stability and economic security for victims of violence against women.

CANDIDATE QUESTIONS

- (1) What is your position on the Violence Against Women Act? What role do you think it plays here in our community?
- (2) If elected, what would you do to help prevent and end violence against women?

SAMPLE TWEETS

Ask your candidates: how will you work end violence against women! #endVAW #vote #Election2016 #WorkAgainstViolence

#VAWA is critical for providing services and support for survivors! #WorkAgainstViolence #vote #Election2016 #OnAMission