

# **Economic Insights An Economy in Transition**

September 25, 2025

INFORMED DECISIONS™

# Our purpose is to help UTAH'S LEADERS MAKE

# INFORMED DECISIONS

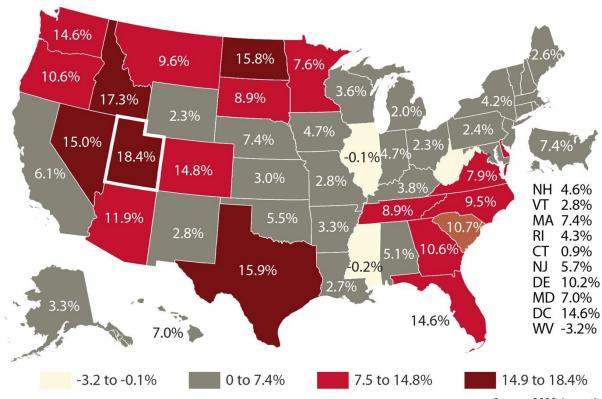


## **Today's Economic Playlist**

- 1. 2025 YTD Review Mixed Signals
- 2. Near-term Outlook Uncertainty Amid Cross-Currents
- 3. Long-term Outlook Generational Legacies

## Rocky Mountain High, Part I

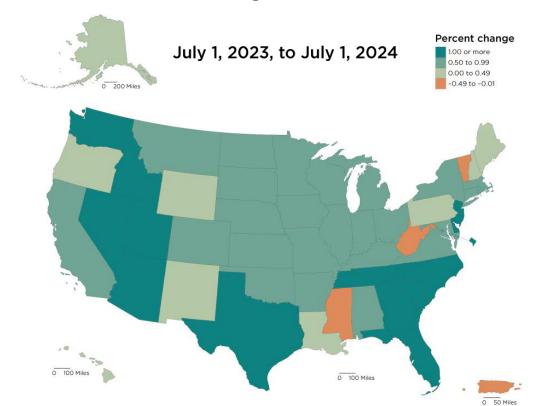
Percent Change, 2010 to 2020 Census



Source: 2020 Apportionment Data, U.S. Census Bureau

## **Rocky Mountain High, Part II**

Mountain Region and South Continue to Lead Population Growth



State/District	Population Growth Rate
DC	2.2
Florida	2.0
Texas	1.8
Utah	1.8
South Carolina	1.7
Nevada	1.7
Idaho	1.5
North Carolina	1.5
Delaware	1.5
Arizona	1.5

Source: U.S. Census Bureau

## **Like A Rock**Declining Fertility Rates

The economy is moving us back into the 19th century as fertility rates plunge

BY SYDNEY LAKE
April 26, 2024 at 2:31 PM MDT

FORTUNE

#### U.S. Fertility Rate Falls to Record Low

Fewer babies were born in the U.S. in 2023 than any year since 1979 **THE WALL STREET JOURNAL**.

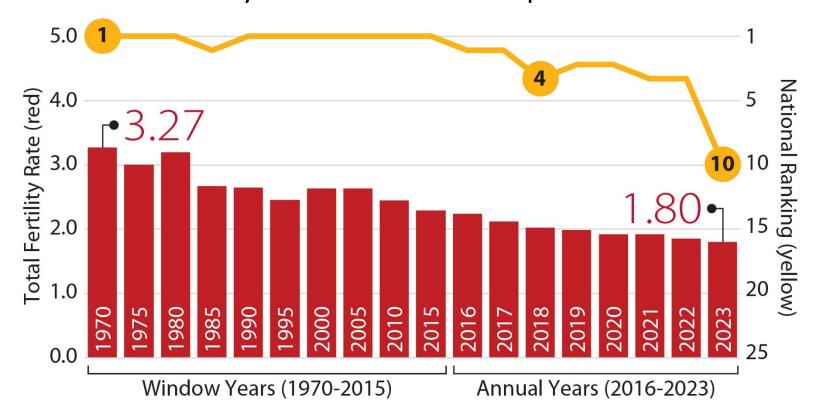
US fertility rate dropped to lowest in a century as births dipped in 2023 Health

The Lancet: Dramatic declines in global fertility rates set to transform global population patterns by 2100

Published March 20, 2024

Declining fertility rates will transform global economy, report says FINANCIAL TIMES

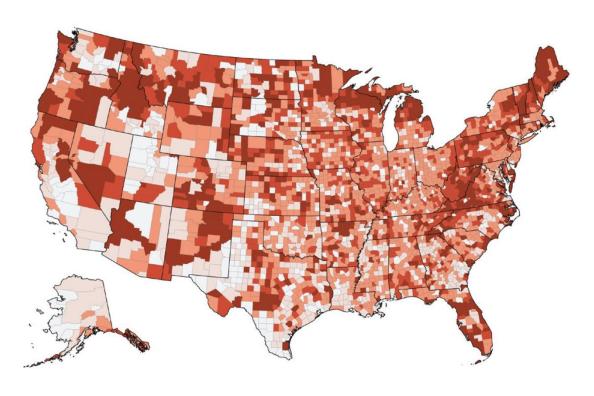
# **Sweet Child O' Mine**Fertility Rates Well Below Replacement



Source: National Center for Health Statistics

## **Forever Young**

Utah Remains the Youngest State (By Far)...



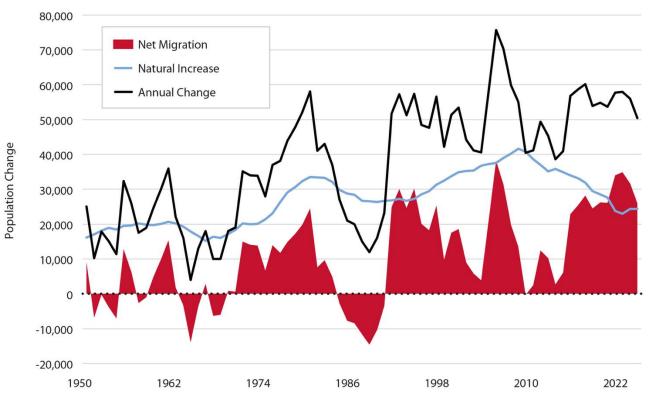
Note: Utah's median age of 32.4 ranks youngest in the nation. U.S.

median age: 39.1

Source: U.S. Census Bureau

34.9 or less 35.0 to 38.9 39.0 to 42.9 43.0 to 45.9 46.0 or more

# **Hello**Utah's Strong In-Migration Continues



## Makin' Plans

**Trump Administration Overarching Goals** 

- 1. Trade deficit Reduce the U.S. trade deficit & rebalance global trade
- 2. Deficits Lower U.S. federal fiscal deficits (tariff revenue)
- 3. Labor Reverse decades-long decline in labor's share of income

✓ Taxes – Make permanent Trump 1.0 tax cuts & other (OBBA)

## **Big Time**

U.S. World's Largest Economy (By Far)



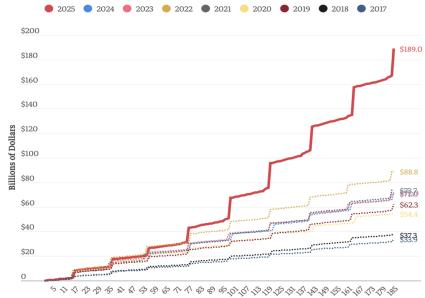


# **Rise Up**Sizable Tariff Revenue



- Tariffs implemented January 6 August 19 would decrease primary deficits by \$3.3 trillion across the 2025-2035 period
- Tariffs would also reduce federal outlays for interest by an additional \$0.7 trillion
- As a result, tariffs would reduce total deficits by \$4.0 trillion

#### The U.S. Has Brought in \$189 Billion in Revenue From Gross Tariff and Certain Other Excise Taxes in 2025, Billions Above Levels in Recent Years



#### Business Days Into Calendar Year

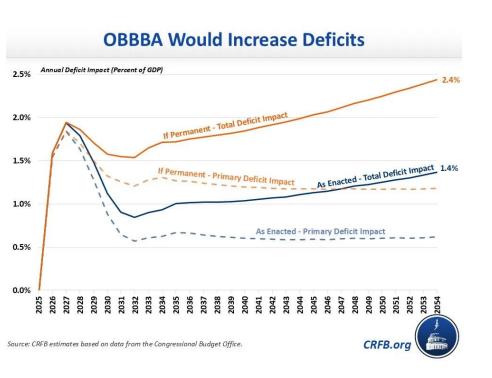
Notes: Totals represent gross tariff and certain other excise tax revenue. Net tariff revenue - which removes "certain other excise tax revenue" and incorporates tariff rebates/refunds - is typically 80-85% of gross tariff and other excise tax revenue and is reflected in Treasury Monthly Statements. Dollars are not adjusted for inflation.

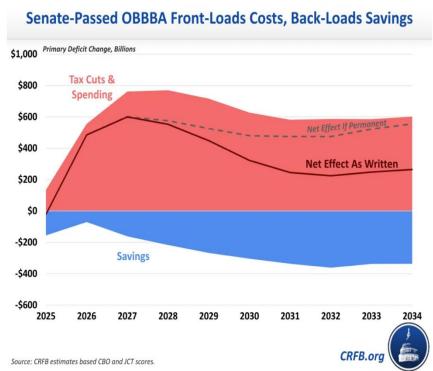
Source: Daily Treasury Statements

Source: Bipartisan Policy Center

## Big, Big Plans

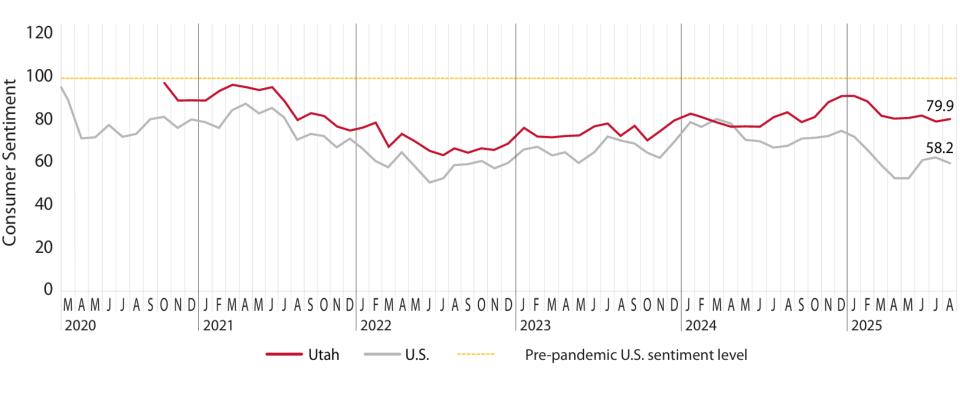
## One Big Beautiful Bill Act





### If You Go Down, I'm Going Down Too

Utah and U.S. Consumer Sentiment Index



Source: University of Michigan and Kem C. Gardner Institute

## **Navigating Federal Uncertainty**

Recent Publications Highlight Federal / State Relationship



#### **Data Summaries**

- Federal Employment
- Federal Debt and Deficit
- Federal Funds in Utah's State Budget
- Public Lands
- Defense
- Travel and Tourism
- Medicaid
- Balance of Payments
- Research Funding

Nearly 130 years ago, Utah became the 45th state in the nation. This long battle for statehood set in motion a beneficial and, at times, tumultuous relationship between the U.S. government and the Beehive State. Among other national contributions, Utah settled vast acreages of land, led out on women's suffrage, provided raw materials for the building of the nation, served as the connection point for the transcontinental railroad, supported two World Wars, and, more recently, emerged as one of the nation's most successful and dynamic economies. As the federal government reinvents itself through significant policy changes and cost-cutting measures, Utah decision-makers will benefit from a data summary of many of the key economic linkages between Utah and the federal government.

Source: Gardner Policy Institute

## **Navigating Federal Uncertainty**

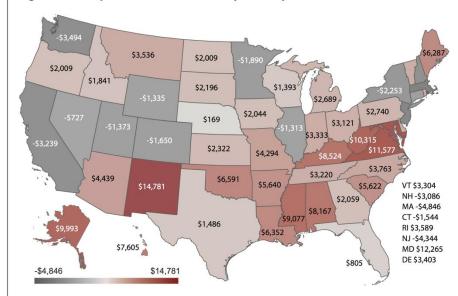
#### **Balance of Payments**

#### **Size and Composition**

Utah consistently places in the bottom quarter of states in per capita federal balance of payments (taxes paid less funds received by Utahns) in various measures over time and using different methodologies. This comes in large part due to Utah ranking among the states least reliant on federal payments received per capita, while paying near-average per capita levels of federal taxes.

Utahns paid an estimated \$42.8 billion in federal taxes and received an estimated \$38.1 billion in federal dollars in Federal Fiscal Year (FFY) 2022, resulting in a negative \$4.7 billion balance of payments.<sup>1</sup> Federal funds flow directly to federal employees through wages and benefits, to individuals and companies through direct program payments (such as Social Security and Medicare),

Figure 1: Per Capita Federal Balance of Payments by State, FFY 2022



Note: Excludes COVID-19 related funds.
Source: Rockefeller Institute of Government

Source: Gardner Policy Institute

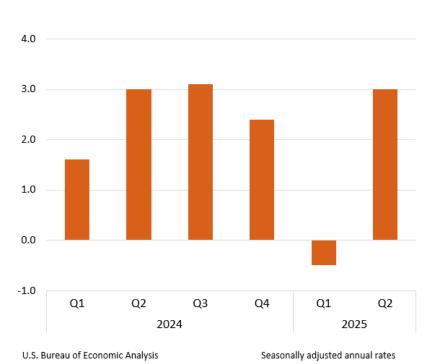
## **Federal Nexus Series**



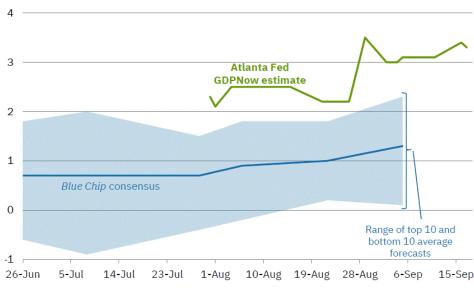
## **Slow Down then Rise Up**

#### U.S. GDP Declined Slightly in Q1, then Returned to Growth in Q2 & Q3

#### Real GDP, Percent Change From Preceding Quarter



**Evolution of Atlanta Fed GDPNow real GDP estimate for 2025: Q3**Quarterly percent change (SAAR)



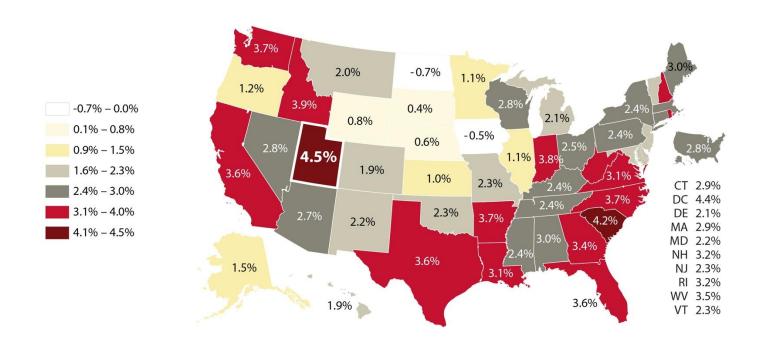
#### Date of forecast

Sources: Blue Chip Economic Indicators and Blue Chip Financial Forecasts

Note: The top (bottom) 10 average forecast is an average of the highest (lowest) 10 forecasts in the Blue Chip survey.

## On Top of the World

Utah GDP Growth Led the Nation in 2024

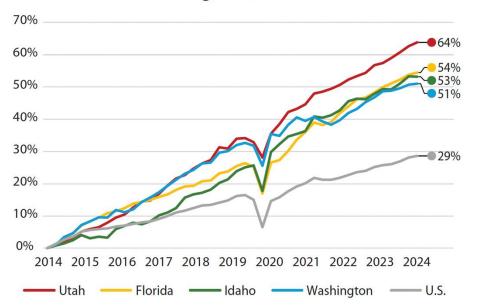


Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

## **Higher Ground**

Utah GDP Growth Led the Nation Over Past Decade

Figure 4: Real GDP Growth, U.S. and Top Four States, Cumulative Percent Change, 2014-2024

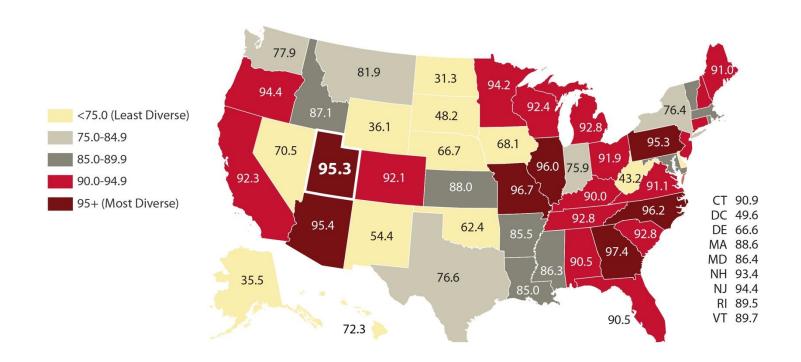


Note: Estimates adjusted to 2024 dollars.

Source: Kem C. Gardner Policy Institute analysis of U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis data

## **Mirror Mirror**

#### **Utah Among Most Diverse Economies**



## **Circles**

#### Softer U.S. Labor Markets (Pre-revision 9/9)

#### **Labor Market Distributions Spider Chart**

Data since March 1994

February 2020

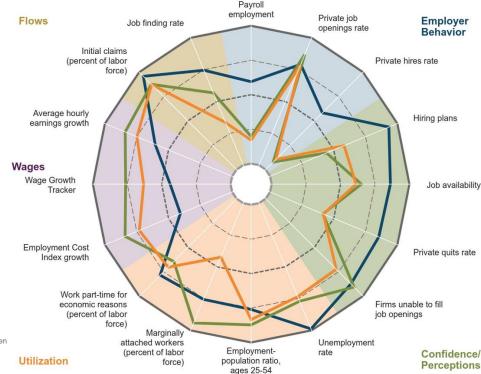
maximum (outer ring)

August 2024

minimum (inner ring)

August 2025

--- median (middle ring)



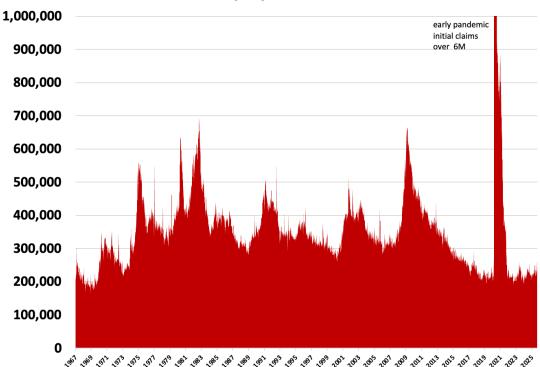
Sources: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, National Federation of Independent Business, The Conferen Board, and Haver Analytics

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## Flat on the Floor

Weekly U.S. Unemployment Insurance Claims

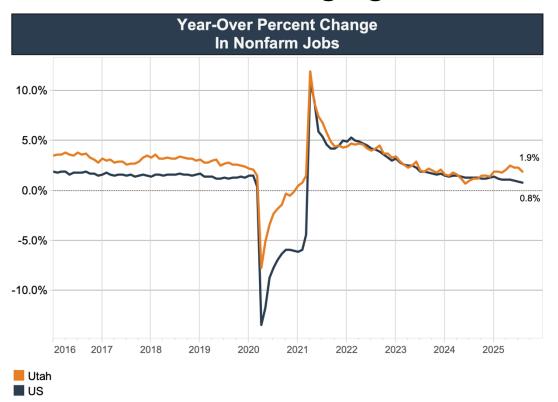
**Initial U.S. Unemployment Insurance Claims** 



U.S. Employment and Training Administration, Initial Claims [ICSA], retrieved from FRED, Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis

## The Git Up

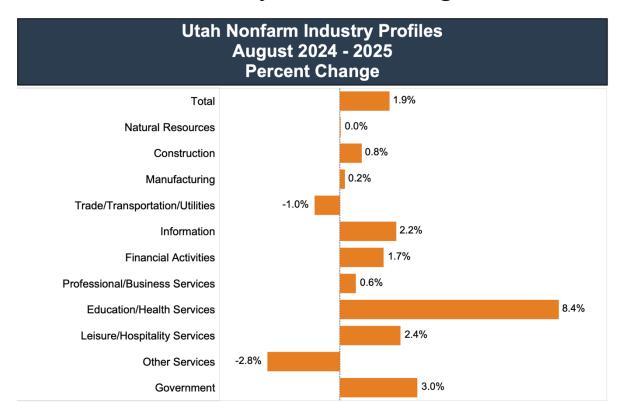
Utah Job Growth Rate Diverging from U.S. in 2025



Source: Utah Department of Workforce Services

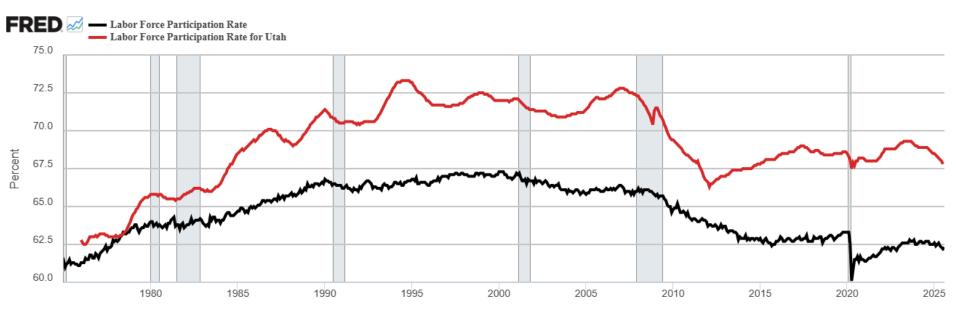
#### When I'm 64

#### Health Care Industry Jobs Growing Fast in Utah



Source: Utah Department of Workforce Services

#### Workin' for a Livin'



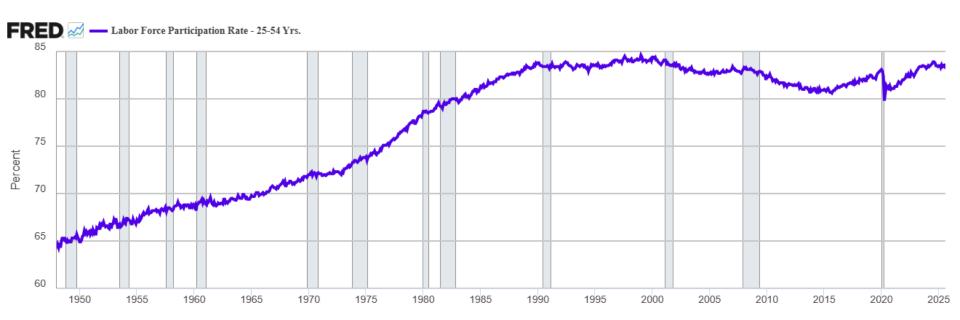
Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics via FRED® Shaded areas indicate U.S. recessions.

#### The Older I Get



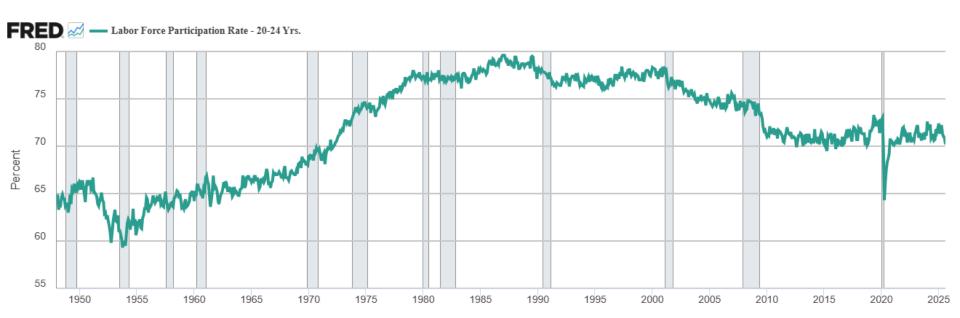
Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics via FRED® Shaded areas indicate U.S. recessions.

## **Glory Days**



Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics via FRED® Shaded areas indicate U.S. recessions.

## I Love College



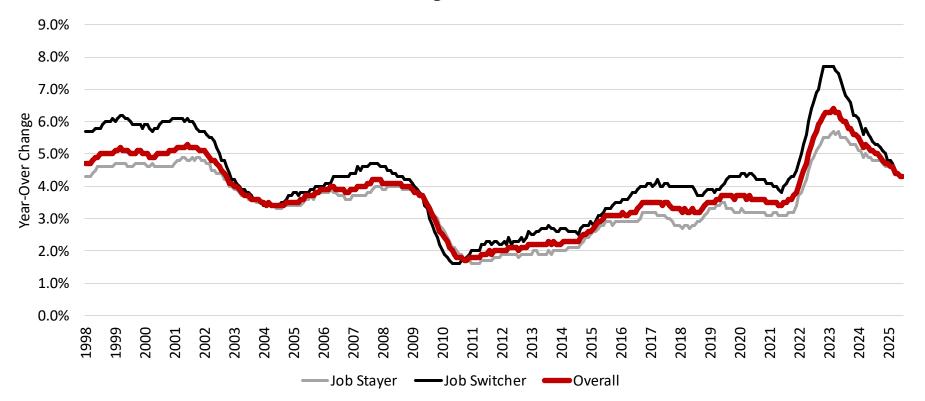
Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics via FRED® Shaded areas indicate U.S. recessions.

## **Smells Like Teen Spirit**



Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics via FRED® Shaded areas indicate U.S. recessions.

## Money, Money, Money U.S. Wage Growth Rate



Source: Federal Reserve Bank of Atlanta

## **Money for Nothing**

#### **Non-Financial Benefits**

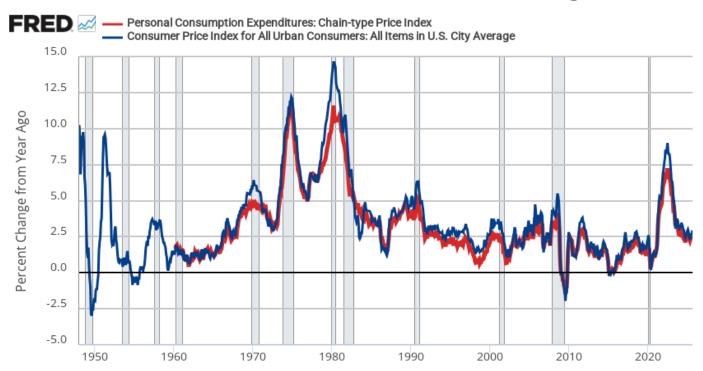
(Purpose, Camaraderie, Future Opportunities)

Non-Wage Financial Benefits

Wages

- The days of always having cheap, readily available labor are over!
- If needed, change your business model to strategically plan to attract and RETAIN great employees using:
  - Wages
  - Other Financial Benefits
  - Non-Financial Benefits

# High Cost of Living Will Inflation Return to 2% Target?

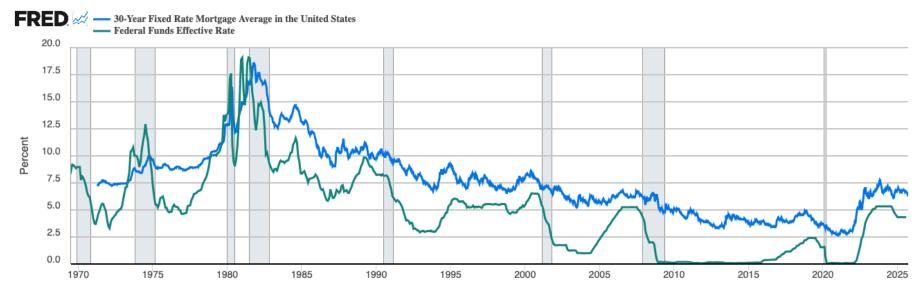


Sources: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis; U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics via FRED® *Shaded areas indicate U.S. recessions.* 

myf.red/g/1MB7P

## Long Time...Perspective

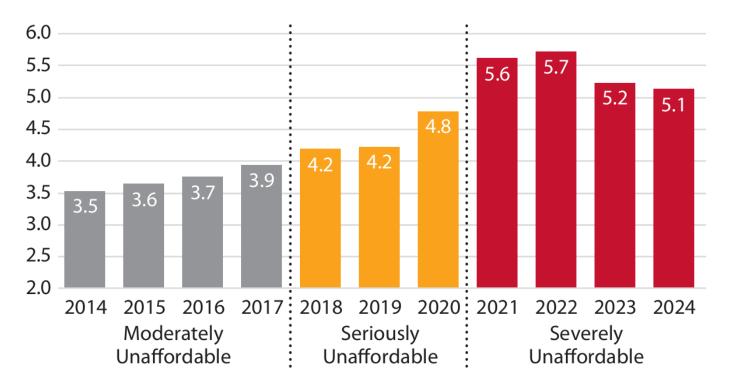
Interest Rates Higher than Recent History but Not Longer-Term History



Sources: Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System (US); Freddie Mac via FRED® Shaded areas indicate U.S. recessions.

#### **Under Pressure**

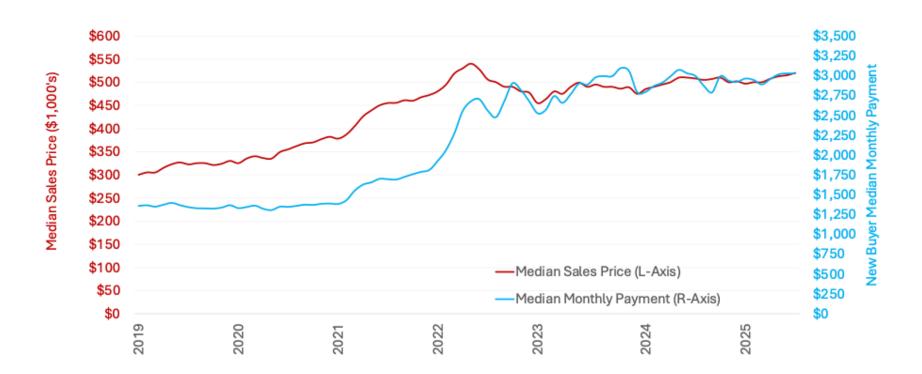
#### Median Multiple – Utah More Unaffordable for New Buyers



Source: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey and UtahRealEstate.com

#### **Brick House**

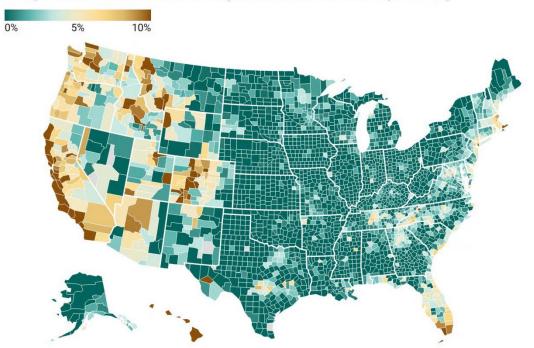
#### Utah Median Home Sales Price & New Buyer Payment



### **Short Stack**

## Housing "shortage" as a percent of current stock, according to AEI Housing Center's analysis

Dark green indicates limited or no "shortage"; dark brown indicates a larger "shortage"



# Hold On with Patience? Turbulence? Piecing Together 2025's Price Uncertainty Puzzle

- Overall price level Sticky inflation or fully normalized?
- Interest rates (price of borrowing money)
  - Remain at current levels or drop?
  - Continuing short-term and long-term rate divergence or re-alignment?
- Wages (price of labor) Continued high growth to recoup previously-lost real wages or slowing job growth reducing wage pressures? How does immigration policy impact wages?
- Home prices Interest rate lock-in effect and excess demand driving continued growth or slowing job growth minimizing increases?
- **Energy prices** Will energy prices decrease with a new administration that quickly facilitates fossil fuel expansion?
- Business input prices Will tariff policy changes impact business inputs?

# "Economics is a dance between social science, mathematics, and fortune telling."

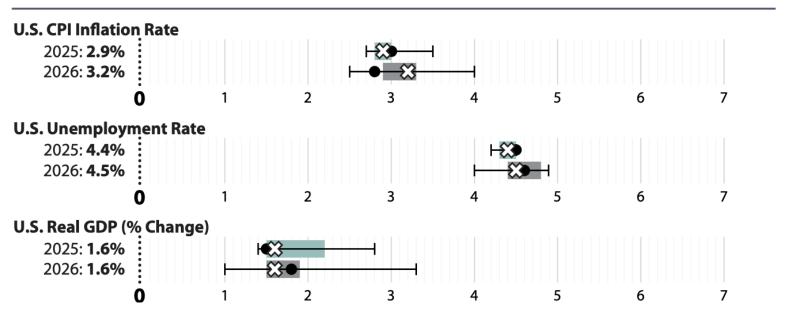
Ally Atchley Student

#### **Ten Day Forecast**

#### Utah Economic Council 2025 Forecast

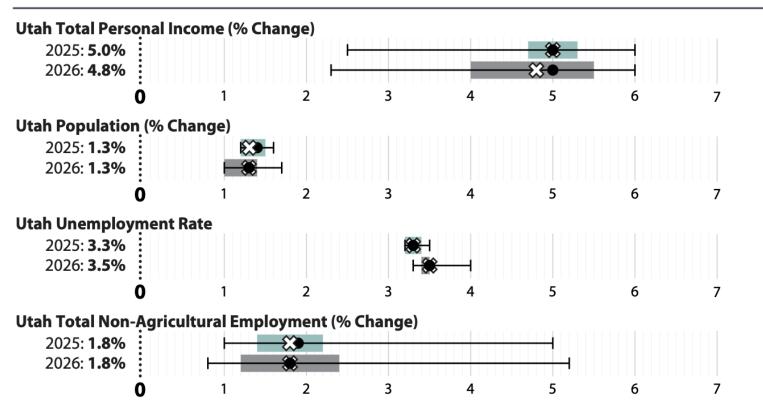
#### **September 2025 Forecast**

#### U.S.

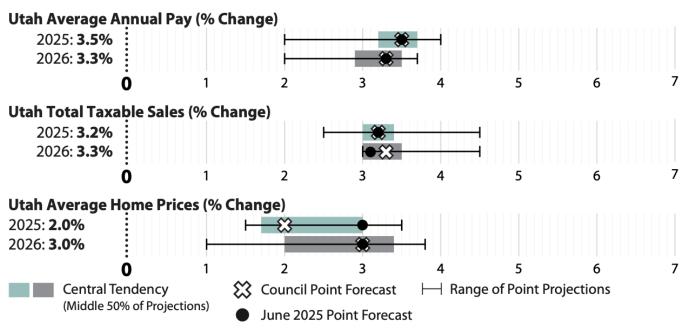


## 2025 Forecast

#### Utah



## **2025 Forecast**



Note: "Council Point Forecast" (X) represents the median value. "Middle 50%" (grey box) represents the 25th to 75th percentile range of values. "Range of Point Projections" (whiskers) represents the full range of values.

Source: Utah Economic Council

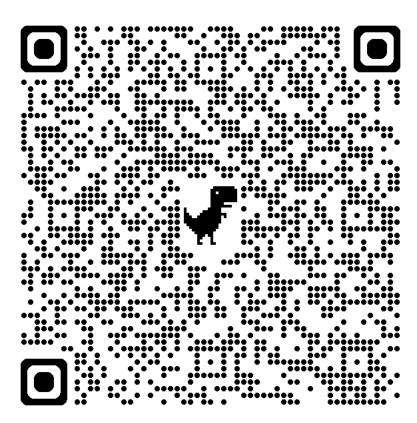
VOLUME TWO September 2025



## UTAH'S OLYMPIC-SIZED Opportunity

Natalie Gochnour | Phil Dean | Jennifer Robinson





#### Utah's Magnificent Seven

Major Achievements in Utah's Economic Success Story

- Economic dynamism and diversity
- 2 High household income and low poverty
- 3 Upward mobility
- Widespread prosperity
- 5 Well-trained and educated workforce
- 6 Fast growing population and youthfulness
- 7 Social cohesion

#### Utah's Troubling Seven

Challenges Threaten Utah's Long-term Success

- Housing affordability and homelessness
- 2 Traffic congestion
- 3 Third grade reading proficiency
- 4 College graduation rates
- 5 Water and Great Salt Lake
- 6 Energy supply
- 7 Behavioral health

## I Had Some Help

How Can We Bring Light and Hope to Future Generations?

- 1. Forego some consumption today to plant seeds for tomorrow
  - Invest in infrastructure
  - Invest in our future and current workforce
  - Invest in our youth
- 2. Fix major housing challenges
  - Increase accessible housing supply
  - This means change our approach to housing
- 3. Work with policymakers to pragmatically address federal budget
  - Decrease annual deficit
  - This means change our federal government's approach
  - This means changing ourselves



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