

Part 1 of 2

Innovation through Co-Location:

A Pilot Model to Support Pediatric Cancer

Research at Seattle Children's Research

Institute

Matt McElroy, Sponsored Projects Officer, Office of Sponsored Research Jenn Perez, Accountant, Office of Research Finance Marisa Zaleski, Grants and Contracts Supervisor, Cancer Research



Agenda

- Seattle Children's Research Institute Lean Journey
- Lean Concepts
- AutoLiv
- System for Daily Improvement
- Problem Solving
- Key Learnings



Seattle Children's Research Institute

- Seattle Children's has the largest pediatric oncology program in the Washington, Wyoming, Alaska, Montana, and Idaho (WWAMI) region
- Clinical research in oncology is handled through the Seattle Children's Research Institute (SCRI)
- A cornerstone of SCRI's structure is Lean methodology, which is adapted from the Autoliv model





Seattle Children's Research Institute Lean Journey





2002 - 2004 Clinical point limited physician involvement





2007 = 2010 Value Stream Approach Integrated Facility Design

2011 = 2016 Clinical Standard Work Strategy Deployment

Safety/Reliability Focus

Daily Management System Leader Standard Work





2007 Visibility

2008 - 2011 Intelli-line development

2012 - 2013 Lead time Improvements

2014 - 2015 System Thinking Customer Focus

2015 - 2016 Lean Leader Development Kaizen





























What is Lean?

- Deliver value from your customer's perspective
- Evaluating your value stream and eliminating waste
- Continuously improving your processes
- Involve and empower employees







Lean in Administration





Lean Concept: Standard Work

Philosophy:

- Documenting best practices
- Create a baseline for future improvements

- Creates clear explanations
- Improves quality
- Reduce defects



"BUT YOU TOLD ME TO BEHAVE...
YOU DIDN'T SAY HOW!"



Lean Concept: Error Prevention

Philosophy:

- Create standardization for work
- Encourages a continuous improvement environment

- Decrease costs
- Eliminates defects later in the process





Lean Concept: Value Stream

Philosophy:

- Examine the current state
- Construct a series of events to create the proposed product or service
- Focuses on value add

- Removes waste
- Increases efficiency and productivity
- Promotes process improvement



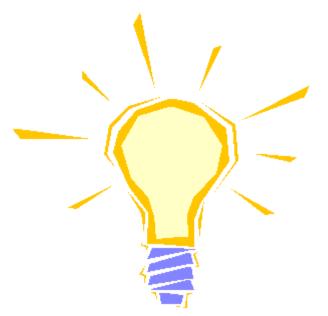


Lean Concept: Kaizen

Philosophy:

- Gradual continuous incremental improvement
- Nothing is seen as status quo

- Everyone is actively engaged in problem solvir
- Impactful results in the long term
- Less waste





Lean Concept: Waste Elimination

Philosophy:

- Removal of any steps or actions that is non-value added
- Ultimately, if it doesn't provide value to the customer, it is waste

- Focus on creating value
- Involve the entire team
- Holistic view mindset of the entire process
- Opportunity to create cross-functional team



Lean Concept: 5S

Philosophy:

- Encourages organized, safe environment
- Promote less waste
- Assists with productivity and efficiency

- Improve safety
- Lower defects and costs
- Promotes flexibility and adaptability



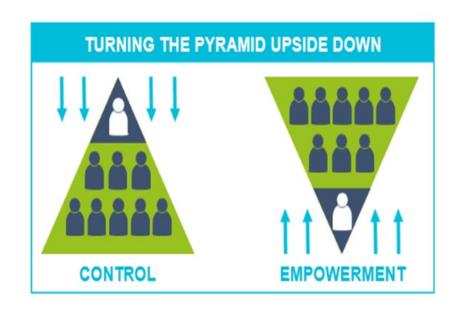


Lean Concept: Flipping the Pyramid

Philosophy:

- Senior management empower their employees
- Employees are leaders within the organization

- Less bureaucratic or hierarchical
- Increased engagement and retention





Lean Concept: Develop Employees

Philosophy:

- Value and grow employee's skills, knowledge and talent
- Develop problem solvers

- Empower employees to make change
- Increased engagement and retention
- Increased gains in improvements
- Key to sustainable growth





Lean Concept: Teamwork

Philosophy:

Group of individuals working together towards a common purpose

Benefits:

Collectively working together to identify best practices provides better opportunities for success and innovation



Lean Concept: Huddle

Philosophy:

- Team meets at visual management board
- Short and brief discussion with the team

- Align the team for the day ahead
- Create resolutions to abnormalities
- Forum to escalate any critical issues





Lean Concept: Huddle Trainings

Philosophy:

Scripted training lessons that target lean methodology

Benefits:

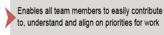
- Increased engagement and retention
- Increased gains in improvements



WEEK 1 What Is Visibility?

In a lean organization like Seattle Children's, we believe visibility is a valuable communication tool that, when standardized and maintained, provides great benefits to team members and leaders. Visibility emphasizes the importance of visually representing information to our team, our leaders and our customers, often in the form of visibility boards. Take a walk down any hallway across the organization and you will likely see whiteboards, dashboards and other visual cues that help the organization see how we're performing, where help is needed and where teams are continuously improving their work.

The practicing of creating and maintaining visibility as a team yields several benefits:



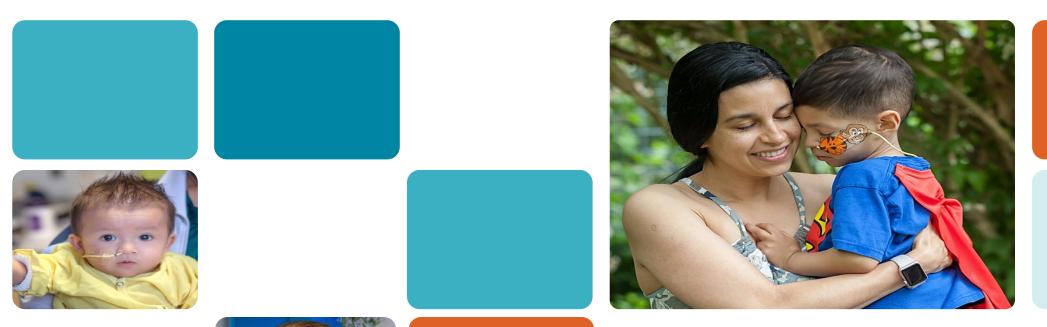
Creates quick visual cues for team performance towards targets or other related metrics

Provides communication pathways for issues or problems needing assistance

Helps leaders at all levels to visually gauge organizational health and see where performance is high or help is needed

Provides visual documentation of proposed improvement opportunities and successfully implemented improvements worthy of celebration















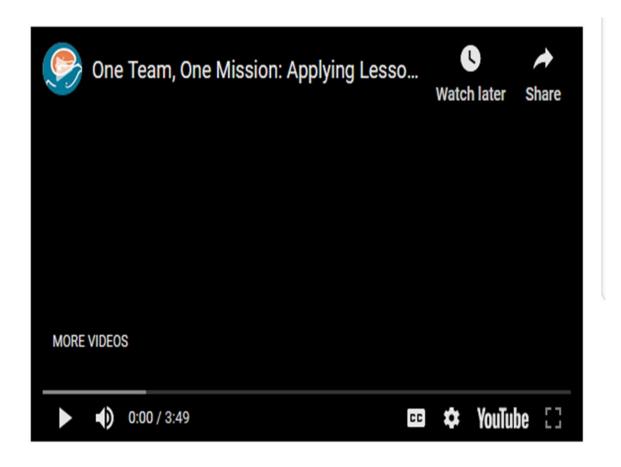


Airbags and the System for Daily Improvement

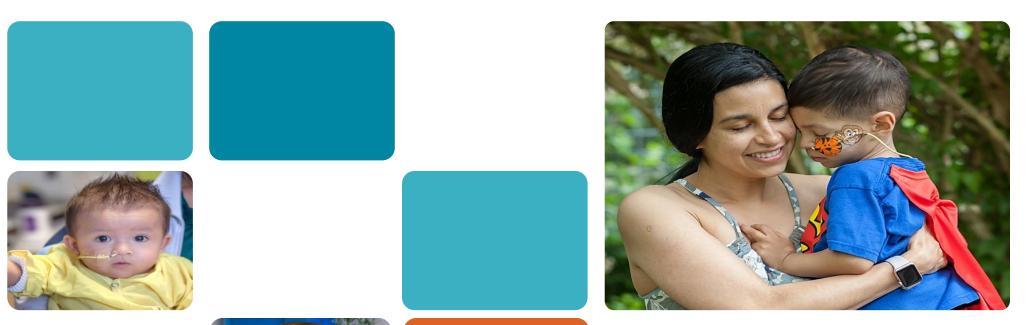




Applying Lessons Learned from Autoliv

















Patients and Families First

Better Outcomes

Greater Impact

Faster Innovation

Enhanced Service

Stronger Teams

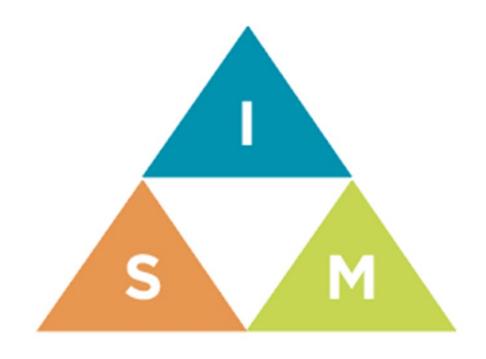
Safety

Our Values

Compassion • Excellence • Integrity • Collaboration • Equity • Innovation

The System for Daily Improvement (SDI)

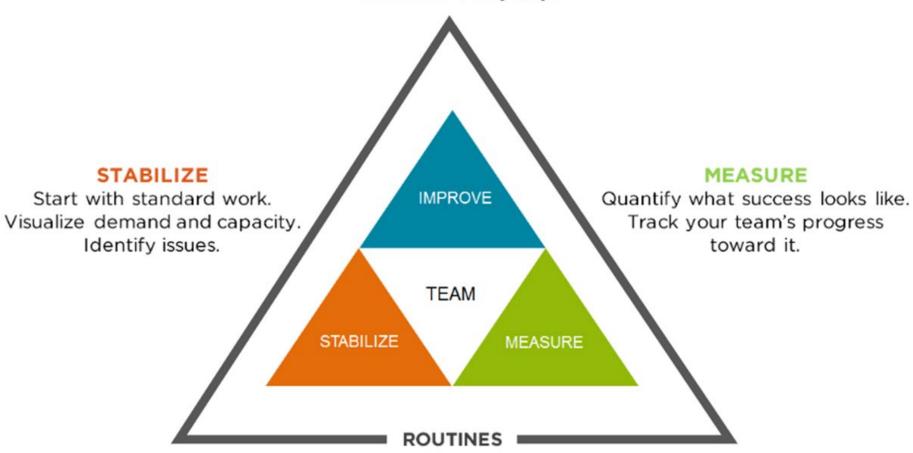




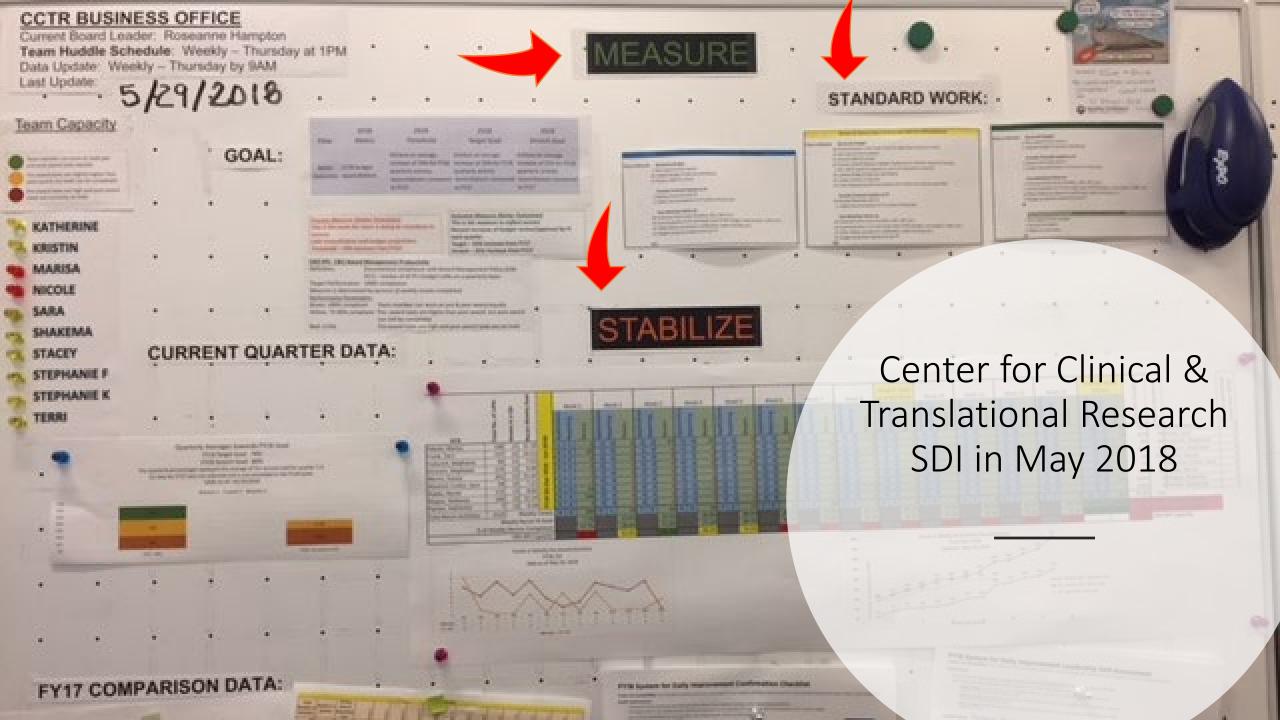


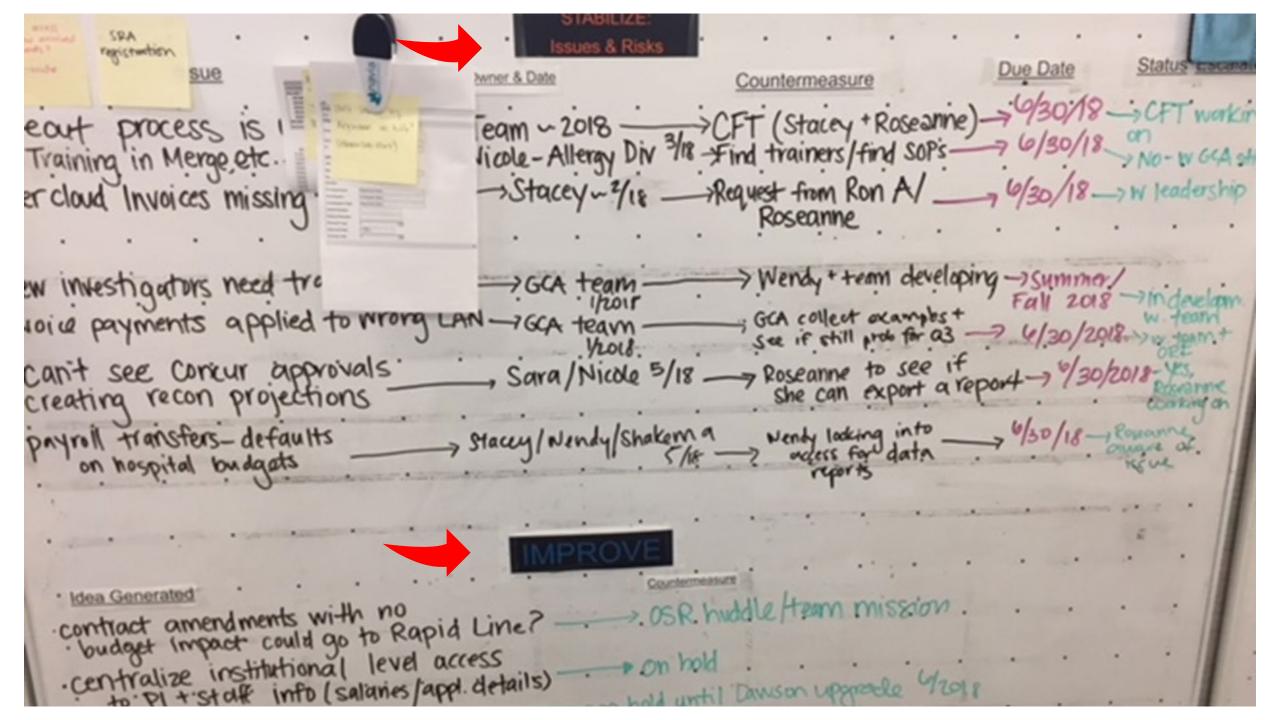
IMPROVE

Connect improvements to Stabilize and Measure. Get better every day.



Establish valuable habits to sustain and maintain the system.





System for Daily Improvement - Huddles

- Huddles are short meetings where teams discuss their SDI board briefly
- Huddle cadence determined by team and work needs
- Teams identify areas of risk and topics which require escalation
- Countermeasures are discussed when metrics are off target





System for Daily Improvement - Huddles

- Sample Huddle Script OSR
 - Daily roles
 - Kaizens newly proposed or completed
 - Institutional knowledge
 - Oddities or abnormalities from the previous day
 - Discuss at risk or escalated items
 - Review team capacity
 - Emphasize department priorities



		TEAM OBJECTIVES in pursuit of these outcomes		
	There is at least one outcome measure connected to a goal pillar.			
MEASURE	There is at least one process measure connected to each outcome measure.*	Our team measures the outcome of our		
\S\	All measures have defined target performance.	work to know if we need to adjust our processes.		
É	All measures have status indicated.			
_	The Measure section has been updated within the last 30 days.			
ш	The team has anticipated the operational work to be done for the next huddle cycle.	Our team standardizes our processes to		
N	The team has evaluated if they can complete the work in the next huddle cycle.	provide consistent delivery to our customer.		
ᇤ	There is a system to track issues and risks.			
STABILIZ	All identified issues and risks have an owner, specified action, and current due date.	Our team understands our demand, capacity, and other factors that impact our work so		
(n	The Stabilize section has been updated within the last seven days.	we can anticipate issues and adjust our plan.		

IMPROVE

All off-target measures have countermeasures (get back to green plan).

Issues and risks are being analyzed to prevent reoccurrence.

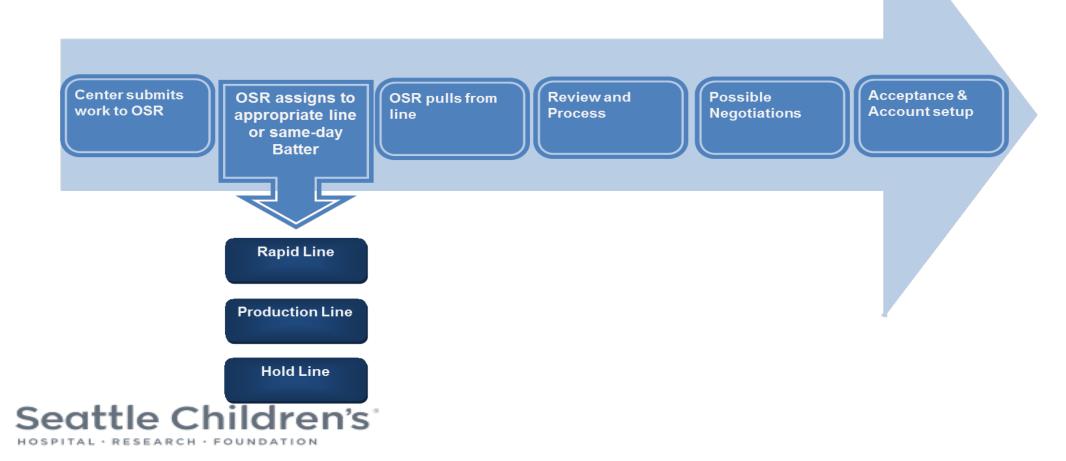
There is a system to submit improvement ideas.

The team is implementing at least one improvement idea per month.

Our team continuously removes waste from our processes to get better every day.

Our team understands the effect that our improvements have on our processes.

Seattle Children's OSR General Process Map



OSR SDI Board - Intake Queue



All Data Current as of 2/18/2019 12:03:39 PM

			Intake (()ueue
2/1/2019	17 days	Blume, Heidi	RES - New CTA (Lauren)	PT-18-1015
1/31/2019	18 days	Opel, Doug	WIP - Provided Services Agreement	PT-19-0096
2/1/2019	17 days	Leary, Sarah	WIP - Equipment Use Agr (Pilot)	PT-17-077
2/1/2019	17 days	Sather, Noah	WIP - New Subaward	PT-18-628
2/5/2019	13 days	Smith, Joe	WIP - CIDR Subaward	PT-18-626
2/5/2019	13 days	Sather, Noah	WIP - Service Agr	PT-19-0118
2/5/2019	13 days	Frenkel, Lisa	SUB - 12015SUB New	PT-15-500
2/5/2019	13 days	Shic, Frederick	WIP - Outgoing DUA	PT-16-676
2/6/2019	12 days	Mendoza, Jason	WIP - Subaward NCE	PT-17-412
2/6/2019	12 days	Sathyanarayana, Sheela	WIP - Subaward Mod 5	PT-14-242
2/6/2019	12 days	Sherman, David	WIP - New Subaward	PT-18-646
2/6/2019	12 days	Qin, Xuan	WIP - Subaward NCE	PT-17-679
2/7/2019	11 days	Hamblett, Nicole	SUB - 11998SUB Newq	PT-18-597
2/7/2019	11 days	Hamblett, Nicole	SUB - 11997SUB New	PT-18-597
2/7/2019	11 days	Stevens, Anne	SUB - 12006SUB New	PT-18-211-SG
2/7/2019	11 days	Stevens, Anne	SUB - 12007SUB New	PT-18-211-SG
2/7/2019	11 days	Stevens, Anne	SUB - 12012SUB New	PT-18-211-SG



OSR SDI Board - Assigned Work in Process Tracking

Lead SPO ≟ Age F IntakeDate PI		PI	WIP Type	AgreementID	Other Party	Status Date	Current Status	
/latt	49	12/31/2018	Leary, Sarah	MTA - Outbound	PT-18-1198-AGR001		2/6/2019	With internal party
AcElroy	42	1/7/2019	Tarlock, Katherine	MTA - Outbound	PT-19-0011-AGR001		1/21/2019	With internal party
	41	1/8/2019	Leary, Sarah	Clinical Trial Agreement	PT-18-509-AGR001		1/30/2019	With internal party
	35	1/14/2019	Leary, Sarah	Other Agreement	PT-17-077-AGR012		2/4/2019	With external party
					PT-17-077-AGR013		2/8/2019	With external party
					PT-17-077-AGR014		2/8/2019	With external party
	32	1/17/2019	2019 Leary, Sarah	Other Agreement	PT-17-077-AGR003		2/8/2019	With external party
					PT-17-077-AGR009		2/8/2019	With internal party
					PT-17-077-AGR011		2/8/2019	With external party
	30	1/19/2019	Torgerson, Troy	Award (NOGA, Subaward,	PT-19-0058-AGR001		2/14/2019	In process OSR
	24	1/25/2019	Albert, Katie	Clinical Trial Agreement	PT-19-0075-AGR001		2/6/2019	With external party
	19	1/30/2019	Rosenfeld, Margaret	Award (NOGA, Subaward,	PT-18-747-AGR001		2/13/2019	With external party
	18	1/31/2019	Horslen, Simon	Clinical Trial Agreement	PT-16-707-AGR001		1/31/2019	With internal party
			Orentas, Rimas	Other Agreement	PT-18-1002-AGR001		2/13/2019	With IPC
	17	2/1/2019	Pinto, Navin	Clinical Trial Agreement	PT-18-1080-AGR001		2/4/2019	With internal party
	11	2/7/2019	Hahn, Sihoun	Confidentiality Agreement	PT-19-0123-AGR001		2/7/2019	With external party
	7	2/11/2019	Nanda, Kabita	Clinical Trial Agreement	PT-18-818-AGR001		2/11/2019	With internal party
	4	2/14/2019	Rosenberg, Abby	Application / Progress Rep	PT-17-328-APP		2/14/2019	WIP Assigned
			Sun, Angela	Confidentiality Agreement	PT-19-0136-AGR001		2/14/2019	With external party



OSR SDI Board - Process Measure (Leading Indicator)

(Process Measure)		Count Ag	e (cal. days)
Total Current Inventory		121	102
Unworked, On Hold		5	35
Unworked, In Queue		32	18
Currently In Process		84	102
	Count	Age (cal. days)
Adan	10		102
Kelly	11		81
Lauren	7		77
Mary	5		66
Matt	19		49
Michael	17		89
Una	15		77



OSR SDI Board - Outcome Measure (Lagging Indicator)

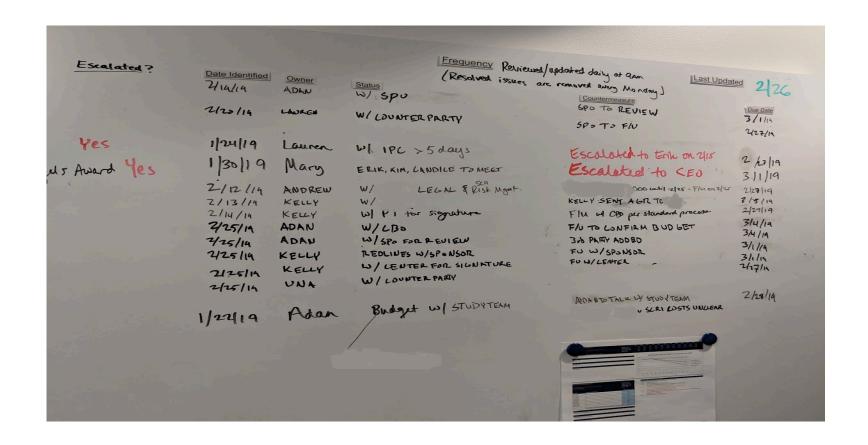
Targeted Goal		Target	FYTD
Agreement Lead Time	(Outcome Measure)	22.7	25.2

Kaizen Implementations

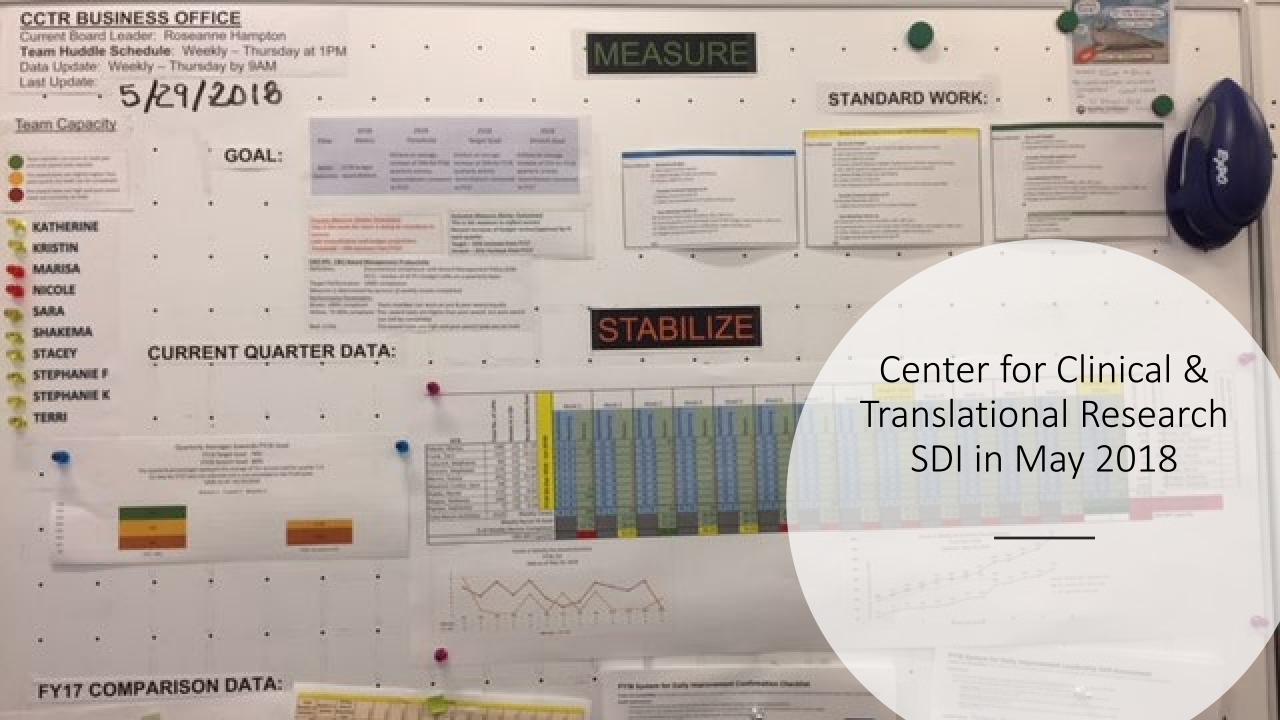
		FY 2019		
Feb	Jan	Dec	Nov	0ct
	1	1		2
		1	2	
	4	5		3
	2	2		2
	1		2	2
1		2		1
	2	2		3
		1		1
	2	3	1	1



OSR SDI Board – Issues and Risks











CCTR MILESTONE INVOICES . 23 CLEARED QTD

CCTR MILESTONE INVOICES . CLEARED THIS WEEK (MY)

REMINDERS



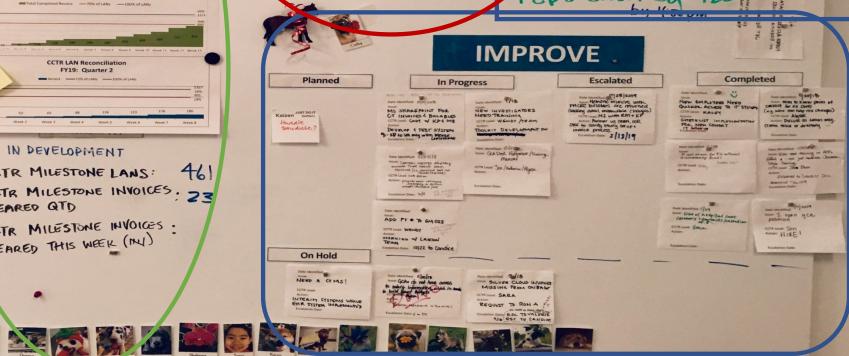
· APP DUECEND OF MONTH · RETRO SCOS BEFORE LOE TIME

· SUBMIT YOUR MONTHLY KAIZEN

· UPDATE : PROPOSAL TRACKER &

LBY MONPM) RECON SPREADSHEET

PEDS effort by 2/2211





In Progress

Estimated roll out of pilot - Dec 2019

Date Identified: ID|01/2018

Issue:

MS SHAREPOINT FOR CT INVOICES & BILLABUS CCTR Lead: CODY W KP4 MZ

Action: Develop & TEST SYSTEM 11- KB to set mtg with Merge Consultant

Escalation Date:

Date Identified: 11127118

Issue: Lawson reports display revenue that hasn't been received (i.e., invoiced but no funds received)

CCTR Lead: GCA feam

Action: propose new revenue Propose her or define Date Identified: 7/18

NEW INVESTIGATORS NEED TRAINING

CCTR Lead: WENDY /TEAM

Action:

TOOLKIT DEVELOPMENT ON

Escalation Date:

Date Identified: 1/1/19

Issue: GCA Dook Reference Training Marual

CCTR Lead: Jen / Kotherine / Alyssa Action:

Escalation Date:

Escalated

Date Identified: 01 | 28 | 2019

Issue: Hemone invoices with FHCRC billables are returned (lacking detail, unanowable charges, CCTR Lead: MZ wth RM + KP

Action: Partner WI CREA, OSR ORF to clarify study setup + invoice process.

Escalation Date: 2

Completed

NEW EMPLOYEES NEED

improvements

and escalations

CCTR Lead: Jenn Benn

Aurounced -Jan 2019

Date Identified: 1/29

issue: 1 open gca













Understand The Problem

1. UNDERSTAND THE PROBLEM

Begin the process by identifying the gap between where you are and where you want to be. During this step, determine your current condition and your target condition and define the measurable performance gap between the two.

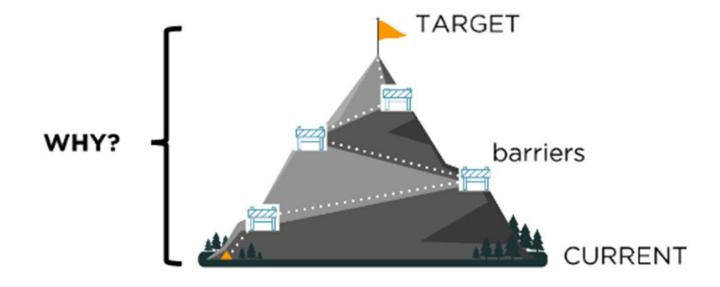




Analyze Root Cause

2. ANALYZE ROOT CAUSE

The process continues by determining WHY the gap exists. In this step, identify the barriers hindering you from achieving your target condition.





Design Countermeasures

3. DESIGN COUNTERMEASURES

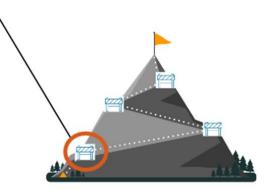
Once you understand the reasons behind the gap in performance, you can brainstorm, select, and test countermeasures to remove those barriers. In this step, you are identifying and testing changes that you believe will help progress toward your target performance goals.

HOW CAN WE REMOVE THIS BARRIER?

a. Set a hypothesis

Hypothesis: If we try _____, then we will achieve _____ result.

- b. Create a plan
 - How are we going to test this?
 - · Who will be involved?
 - What data will we gather?
 - · How long will we test?
 - · How will we check our results?
- c. Implement the plan

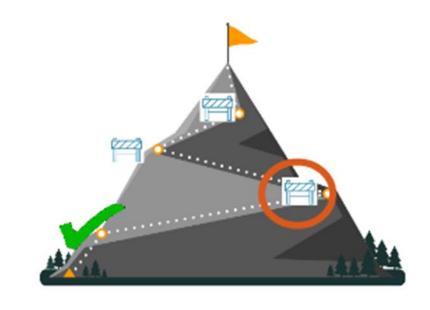




Reflect and Adjust

4. REFLECT & ADJUST

In the fourth step of the process, analyze the results of your countermeasure tests to determine if they were successful. Did you achieve your intended result? Did your gap get smaller? Based on these reflections, you can adjust your process accordingly or return to Step 3 and test countermeasures to continue moving toward your goal.





Reflection Date: 10/09/18

Use this tool when:

☐ the cause of the problem is not totally clear

☐ improving the problem requires team collaboration

☐ the problem or improvement impacts multiple teams or processes

THE PROBLEM

THE IMPROVEMENT

1. Understand the Problem

Describe Current State:

Andres would like to save some money and get healthier by reducing parking and bike to work more. He currently does not bike any days to work.

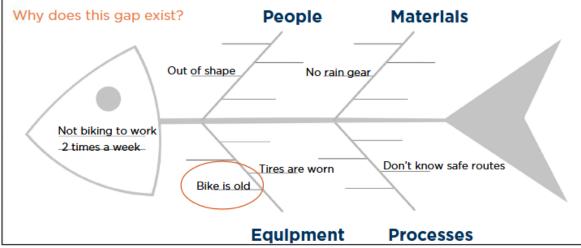
Describe Target State:

With his family commitments, Andres would like to start by setting a goal of biking to work 2 times a week.

What is the measurable gap between the current state and target state?

To save money, Andres would like to go from biking to work zero times a week to 2 times a week by November 1, 2018.

2. Analyze Root Cause



3. Design Countermeasures

What we will try:

Andres has decided to prioritize the condition of the bike. He heard of the tune-up program that Seattle Children's has to get his bike in working condition.

What we expect to happen:

If Andres gets his bike tuned up, then we will be willing to ride 2 times/week.

Action Plan:

Actions	Resources/Support Required	Owner	Due Date
Get bike tuned up	Tune-up program	Andres	10/01/18
Start riding!	Tuned-up bike	Andres	10/02/18
	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		

4. Reflect and Adjust

What happened? What did we learn?

Andres rode once in the last week. He didn't reach his goal of riding twice. He learned that rain can be a real barrier to getting to work dry and warm.

What's next?

Andres would like to try to take down the barrier of having no rain gear and try a different countermeasure next week to be able to ride in all weather and reach his target.

EVIDENCE-BASED PROBLEM SOLVING Title:		Owner:_	Sponsor:	Date:	sc	
Use this tool when: If the cause of the problem is not to	tally clear	eam collaboration 🔲 the p	problem or improvement imp	acts multiple teams or p	Drocesses	
TH		THE IMPROVEMENT				
1. Understand the Problem		3. Design Countermeasures				
Describe Current State:	Describe Target State:	What we will try:		What we expect to happen:		
		Action Plan:				
		Actions	Resources/Support Requ	ired Owner	Due Date	
What is the measurable gap between the current state and target state?						
2. Analyze Root Cause						
Why does this gap exist?						
		4. Reflect and Ad	4. Reflect and Adjust Reflection Date:			
		What happened?	What did we learn?			
		What's next?				

Determining Root Cause



5 WHYS IN ACTION

Problem Hey! There's no cheese on my burger!

Why? Because the cook didn't put cheese on it.

If you were the manager and stopped here, you would be jumping to a solution if you fired or retrained the cook.

Why? Because he ran out of cheese.

Why? Because the supplier didn't bring any cheese.

If you stopped here, you might think the countermeasure would be to change suppliers.

Why? Because we didn't ask the supplier to.

Why? Because we didn't know we were out of cheese.

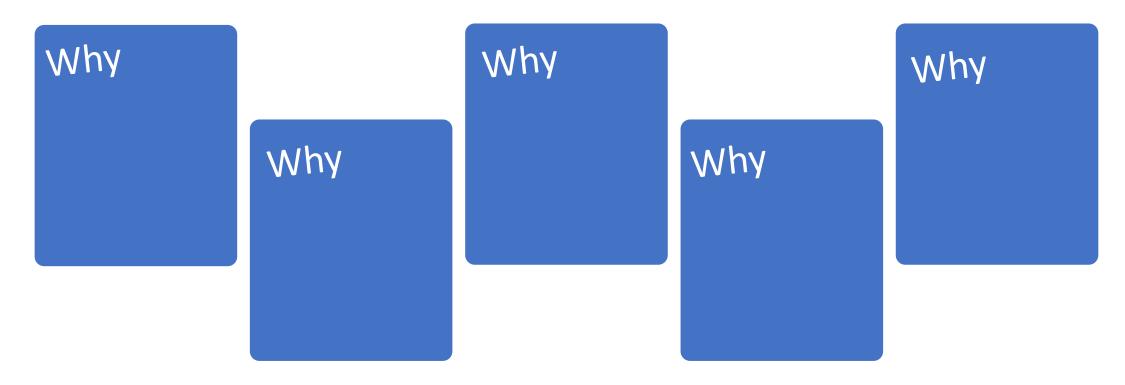
Why? Because tracking supplies is supposed to be done by everyone, but it is not done consistently.

Congratulations! Asking why multiple times led you to the root cause of the issue, not the assumed solution.



Practice: The 5 WHYS in Action

Problem Statement





Example: It takes a long time to route our internal application form for signatures

M/h/

Countermeasure: Reduction from 10 to 8 required signatures, 4 most common

depts

regulatory finding









Lessons Learned (So Far)











What Works Well with Lean at SCRI

- Improvements are deliberately and actively discussed
- Front line staff empowered to make changes to accomplish their work
- Visibility and transparency
- Documentation of standard work and reliable methods





Areas for Improvement at SCRI

- The structure of our teams and processes has created silos
- Yokoten not widely implemented
- Greater specialization will be needed as we grow
- Difficulty representing the work of your group if you have varying roles (e.g. business office with grants administrators and program coordinators)



Practical Application of Lean in Research Administration

 Lean Methodology was developed for manufacturing – concepts not clones

We can't solve problems by

thinking we used when we

Albert Einstein

using the same kind of

created them

- SCRI has implemented a generalist, line based model for central services but this is not required
- Personalities and leadership styles can have a big impact on implementation

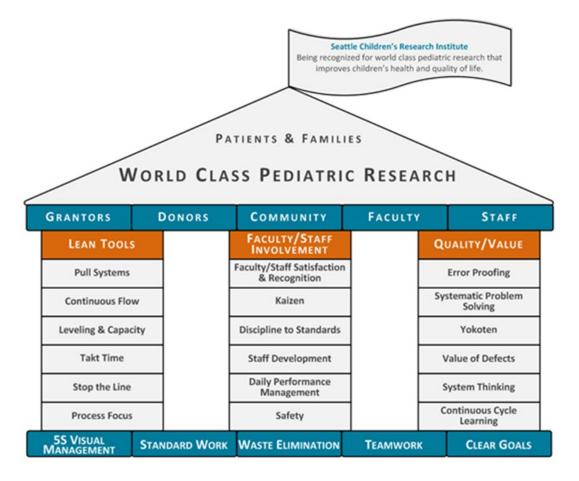




Questions?



Seattle Children's Research Institute House





Lean Concept: Push/Pull Systems

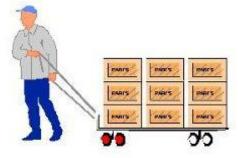
Push vs. Pull

Make all we can just in case.



- · Production Approximation
- · Anticipated Usage's
- · Large Lots
- · High Inventories
- Waste
- · Management by Firefighting
- · Poor Communication

Make what's needed when we need it



- · Production Precision
- Actual Consumption
- · Small Lots
- · Low Inventories
- · Waste Reduction
- · Management by Sight
- · Better Communication



Lean Concept: Defects

Philosophy:

- Design a process to identify abnormalities
- Standardization of work will eliminate defects

Benefits:

Improve profit through waste reduction

Better product or service to the customer



