Brazil Upstream Opening

The Petroleum Law, Regulation Framework and Competitive Rounds





Brazil Upstream Opening

Pre -1997: Petrobras 'Monopoly'

1985 - 1997: Paving the road to open Market (CF '85 & Petroleum Law)

1998 - 2005: Concession Regime & Santos Pre-Salt 'Discovery'

2006 - 2009: Pre-Salt evolving: the scrambling period

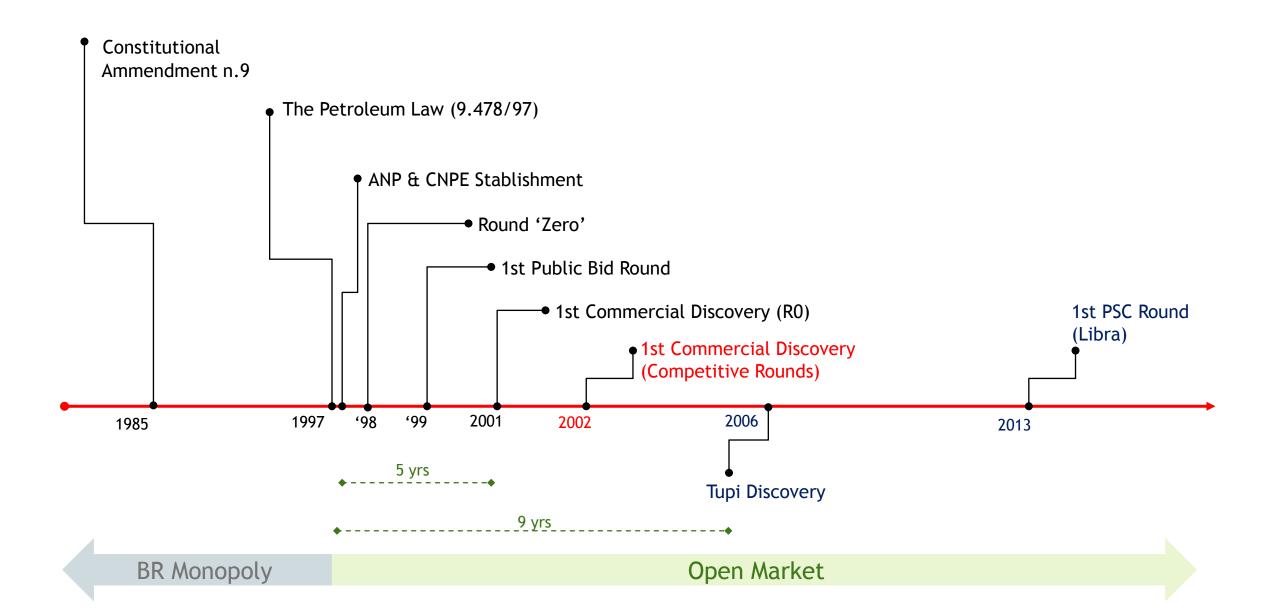
2010 - 2012: No Concessions Rounds, Libra & Franco discovers and the Transfer Rights

2013 - 2016: Multiples Regimes, 1st PSC Auction

2016 - 2018: Pedal to the Metal

Upstream Opening: it was a long shot!





Drive and Foundations





Attract Sustainable Investments?
Increase Reserve & Production?
Technology Development?

Stable, positive and proactive Legal Framework

Independent Regulator

Competitive Bids Fair Contract Terms Fair Technical Opportunities





Constituição Federal (Art. 177)

 Possibilidade da União contratar com empresas estatais e privadas as atividades de pesquisa e lavra de jazidas de petróleo e gás natural, a refinação, importação e exportação dos produtos derivados e transporte marítimo e por conduto de petróleo bruto e seus derivados e gás natural. (Art. 177)

Lei 9.478/1997

 ANP elabora os editais e promove as licitações para a concessão de exploração, desenvolvimento e produção, celebrando os contratos delas decorrentes e fiscalizando a sua execução. (Art. 8º)

Resolução CNPE nº 22/201

- Definiu os blocos exploratórios e autorizou a ANP a realizar a 15^a Rodada de Licitações Mar e Tarra
- Aprova as exigências de Conteúdo Local para a 15ª Rodadas de Licitações

solução ANP nº 18/2015

• Regulamenta o procedimento licitatório de blocos ou áreas para E&P de petróleo e gás natural

Brazil's Prospectivity



High quality Carbonate
Reservoirs underneath the salt layer

High **well productivity** more than 30,000 bpd in the beginning of production

Potential for giant or supergiant field discoveries

Offshore

Eastern and Equatorial Margin

Potential for oil discoveries from the Upper Cretaceous to Paleogene turbidite reservoirs

Mature Basins (Remaining Potential)

anp

New Frontier Basins

Solimoes Basin: Potential for light oil accumulations

Paleozoic and Proterozoic basins: gas prone

'Conflicting' Agendas



Country Oil & Gas Policy Strategic Goals

Attract Sustainable Investments?
Increase Reserve & Production?
Tecnological Development?

Conflicting and/or others players' agenda may compromisse Energy Policy goals

- ✓ Contract objectives and targets can be frustrated
- ✓ Investments decisions delays
- ✓ Reveneus from Production and Government Take may be postponed
- ✓ Industry development fading away

'Conflicting' Agendas



Country Oil & Gas Policy Strategic Goals

Attract Sustainable Investments?
Increase Reserve & Production?
Tecnological Development?

Example 1: Local Content Policy

- To set unreallistic Obligatory Minimum %'s may jeopardize bid targets
- May cause delays on Investment Decisions
- Being part of offer may frustate competition
- Can not replace a Country specific Industry Development policy
- Does require pre-assess domestic suppliers strenghts and capabilities
 Who is responsible? At what cost?
- Incentives rather than penalties may work better

'Conflicting' Agendas



Country Oil & Gas Policy Strategic Goals

Attract Sustainable Investments?
Increase Reserve & Production?
Tecnological Development?

Example 2: Environmental Permit Process

- Assure Agencies alignment about X-blocks and Government' goals to minimize uncertainties on project execution as well as mitigate non-compliance risks
- Fit-for-purposes Environ Process to speedup permits and rationalize costs
- Regional Permits: streamilines project execution, minimize cost, increase operation efficiency
- Should not replace Government's obligation to gather raw/primary data or to promote Environmental Programs
- Environ process is not a proper way to 'finance' the Environ Agency
 - > GT and Production revenues can cope with that

Environment Permit Process

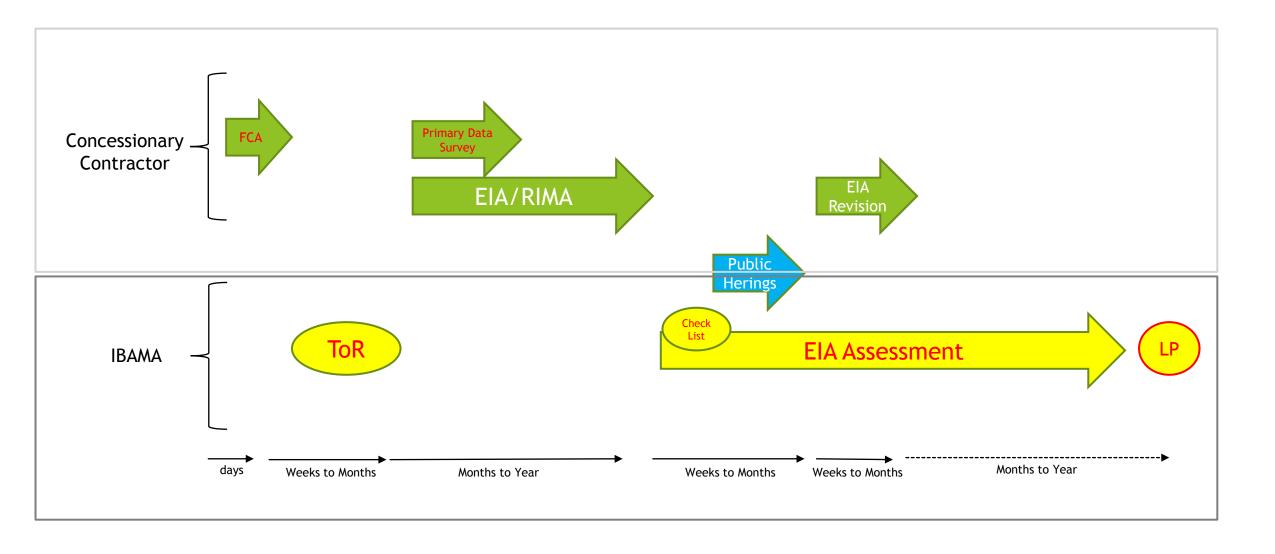
Onshore Areas > State Environmental Agencies

- ✓ Streamline and faster process
- ✓ Little impact on project timeframe (uncoventional is an exemption)
- ✓ More aligned with regional econ interest and developments
- ✓ Political influence/control more effective
- ✓ Risk profile:
 - √ local, usually limited to ringfence
 - ✓ Air polution, potencial Aquifer contaminations, waste management/disposal, noise, etc.

Offshore Areas > IBAMA

- ✓ Pending on area sensitiveness can take years
- ✓ Usually, for DW project in Santos and Campos pemit process take about 6m-1.5yr
- ✓ May have huge impact on project timeframe and cost
- ✓ Not really concerned with regional econ interest and/or developments; focus is environment protection
- ✓ Political influence/control less effective, if any
- ✓ NGOs can play a relevant role
- ✓ Risk profile:
 - ✓ Regional, usually not limited to ringfence
 - ✓ Oil Spill, Shore touch potential, Impact on 3rd party econ activities (fishing, etc.) and wild life (breading areas, migration paths, etc.

Environment Permit Process at glance



The Petroleum Law (9.478/97)



Gear for success

Round Zero

Round Zero ratified the rights of Petrobras in the form of concession contracts on fields that were in effective production on the effective date of the Law. In the case of blocks in which the state company had made commercial discoveries or promoted investments in exploration, had his rights guaranteed for three years to continue exploration and development. In successful cases, you can continue in production activities.

- Rule to easy Petrobras transition from monopoly to a competitive environment
 - ✓ Assure ongoing Project continuity
 - ✓ Reward Petrobras's previous investiments (protect value)
 - ✓ Cool down oposition

BUT, aslo worked as an alternative to:

- Petrobras capitalization and risk sharing
- Newcomers to build a more balance portfolio: prodction assets, Discovery assessment phase, etc.
- Alternative to competitive bids

The Petroleum Law (9.478/97)

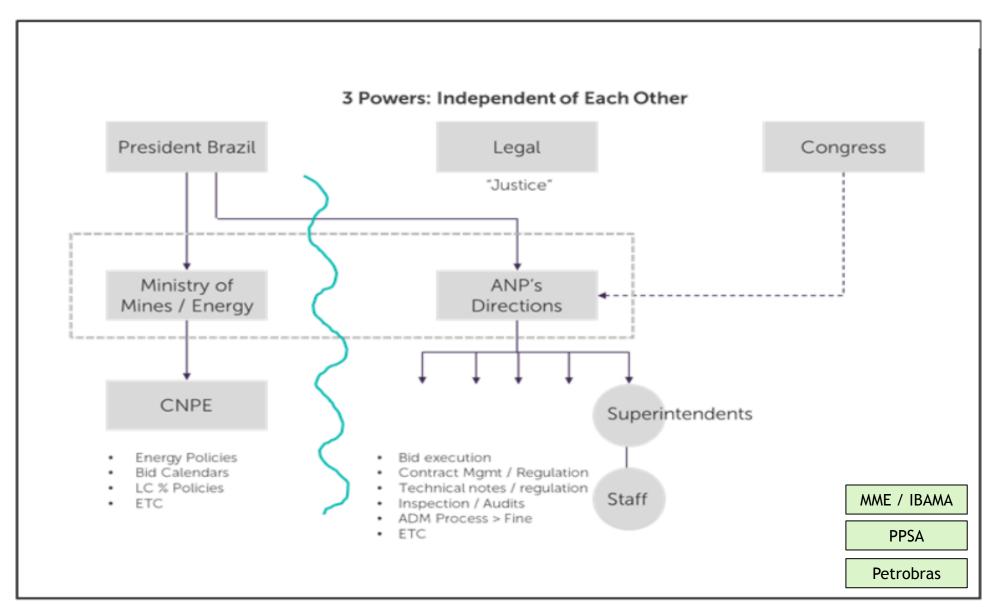
GRI Regulatory Risk Management

Gear for success

- Stablished the Independent Regulator and CNPE
- Concessions stablished via Public 'Competitive' Bids
- Petrobras should compete for areas as any other Oil Co., but Round 'Zero'
- Oil Property: transfered to concessionary after the measuring point
- ▶ No restriction to commercialization, incl exportation
- Right to produce, in case of Commercial Discovery
- Originally: Bid Offers based on MWO + Signature Bonuses
 - ▶ Later, Local Content as part of offer; then, removed!
- Royalties and others Government Takes specified in the law and regulated via Decrees
- R&D obligations
- All Petrobras E&P database transferred to ANP (wells + seismic): Brazil EP DB (BDEP)
- ► ANP obligations to invest in G&G acquistion and Regional Studies to promote areas

Relevant Players





CNPE and ANP Roles and Responsibilities



CNPE is responsible to propose Country Energy Policy and Strategies

Is a Council formed by Ministers (e.g Mines and Energy, Economy, Planning) and Works as a Advisory body to President of Brazil

Is also responsible to approved areas which proposed by ANP are going to be offered during Bid Rounds and also define Rounds Calendars

ANP is not a policy maker but the Sector Regulator. Is the Federal agent responsible to assure O&G policies are implemented

Is also responsible for:

- Admnistration of Concession Contract
- Regulation of Actitivies, incl. propose technial ordinances and assure technical compliance according to best practices
- Auditing Minimum Obligations
- Hold penalties adm process
- Inspecting E&P activities and aprove Plans
- Manage Unitizations
- The study of sedimentary basins in order to propose areas to Bid Rounds and access theirs potential
- Monitor Market and Reserves in order to subsidize CNPE activities
- Adiminstration of Brazil E&P Database
- Prepare, promote and execute Bid Rounds

Regulation purposes is to maximize contract/activities benefits to State and Society



Gear	Drive	Impact
Environmental Permit Process	Protect Environment and Mitigate Risks	Project Delays Block Exploration Erode Project Value (1st oil) Impact Gov Take
Local Content	Developt Domestic Suppliers Tech Tranfers Create Jobs	Impact Expl Investiment Delays Project and 1st Oil May lead tech inneficiencies Affect Competition
MWO And Fin Garantees	Assure Min Investment Collect New Data Resources Assessment	Compatible with Phase terms, i.e. achievable Offer vs Imposed Match activity cost or is an 'Incentive' to do
Taxation (REPETRO)	Governments Revenues	Country Competitiveness Boost Exploration Increase changes of Commercial Develop's
SPEC data	Increase country data base Support Bid activities and attractivness	Confidentiality Period Data Onwership Authoritsation vs Free Market
R&D Obligations	Tech Transfer Developt Domestic Suppliers Domestic Workforce qualification	Balance resources and capacity Studies plus Infrastructure ? Excess of Bureaucracy
Studies performed by Government	Increase database and knowledge in frontier basins 'D-risk' some área to increase bônus/attractivness	Operated by Source of resources Confidentiality & Availability
'National Data Bank'	Manage all Data Commercialization by Government	Access level & cost Gratuity: foment Academia Deal with Core and Samples

Concession Contracts



- Completly aligned with Petroleum Law and is an Annexx of Bid Tender Protocol
- ► Fixed terms for Exploration and Production
 - > Extensions options defined in contract, incl special treatment for Gas & Heavy Oil discoveries
- Set Concessionaries/Contractors Rights and Obligations
- Royalties is set by Law but incorporated in the Contract
- Penalties for MWO non-compliance is also in the contract
- Arbitration Clause in place
- ANP's discritionarity is limited, but there is flexibility
- Joint-Venture liabilitie/accountability (no Operator only)
- Despite Contract is the authorization to execute, some activities requires to obtain the Environmental Permit from IBAMA or pre-spud authorizatio from ANP
- Minor changes from Round to Round to incorporate regulatory flexibilizations and/or optimization; indeed, text clarifications
- Public Hearings is part of bidding process
- Once signed, RESPECTED! Since opening no single contract was terminated or changed unilaterally by Government

Smart Regulation



- ✓ Due to absence of a proper Regulatory Framework, initially used the Contract plus Law and ANP's discretionarily to 'regulates' activities, then (next stage) was to formally build the Tech and Regulatory Ordinances.
- Tax Incentives/Flexibilizations: REPETRO
- Safety Operations (ANP Ordinance) and Emergency Response, incl sharing of infrastructure and services
- Rules to Commercialization (Export Oil)
- Government Take booklet (Inc Reference Prices calculation, Special Participation, etc)
- Access to existing Infra-Structure (gas pipelines, Gas treatment units, etc)
- Discovery Appraisal & Development Plans
- Annual Exploration/Production and Budget Plans (PAP/OAT and PAT/OAT)
- Penalties Regulation
- Production Individualization/Unitization Rules
- Data Access/Confidentiality & Spec Data
- Regional Environmental Permits
- Local Content and R&D ordinances/rules
- ✓ Focus should be at Principles and Best Practices avoiding to be too much 'Prescriptive'
- Example: Development Plans
 There is a requirement to deliver to ANP the simulations grids, static plus dynamic models, etc.
 Alternatively, could ask to runs specific scenarios (well production thresholds, Injection timing, dense well spacing, etc.)

Smart Regulation



- ✓ The timing of implementation of an objective regulation is critical to assure the success of some initiatives as LC and R&D&I obligations. Without that, better to favor the Incentives to do rather Enforcement and Penalty approach.
- ✓ Minimize activities that requires an prior spud approval from Regulator:

Appraisals
Development
Production (1st oil)
EWT
Flaring
Decommissioning

- ✓ Most of activities a awarding notice is a good way to monitoring the operations. Contract itself is the formal Authorization to initiate and execute operations.
- ✓ Some activities demands an Environ Permit prior to spud. Clear definition about that and criteria to get the Permit will mitigate risk and increase competitiveness/contract efficiency.
- ✓ Requirements could be set up or adjust based on the size of project (i.e. reserves and production profiles/thresholds)

Discuss Regional benefits to avoid negative impact of Exploration and Production results



Royalties split, Tax battle & Infrastructure location

- ✓ Offshore projects economicity depend on onshore base location, among others factors
- ✓ Split criteria of Revenues from Production may expose or amplify regional conflicting agendas and inequalities
- ✓ Target fair state compensation but also assure a attractive project value to concessionary/contractors
- ✓ Lack of 'Interstates' services and tax agreement can impact projects in bot ways: +/-
- ✓ GT sould benefit the country not a single state or region. Environmental compensations is not a valid argument to GT distribution when dealing with DW projects



Concession Contract and Competition boosted Exploration beyond Campos DW

DW Exploratory Wells drilled in Santos Basin 16yrs period before and after Petroleum Law!

(in 16 yrs)

#	Poço	Início Perfuração	LA > 500 m	WI
1	1-RJS-199B-RJS	05/12/1981	808	Elf-Aquitaine
2	1-SCS-009A-SCS	31/03/1981	504,5	BP
3	1-RJS-317-RJS	17/09/1985	619	Pb 100%
4	1-BSS-066-RJS	20/09/1991	831	Pb 100%
5	1-BSS-074-BSS	08/01/1994	1140	Pb 100%
6	1-BSS-069-BSS	10/11/1993	1515	Pb 100%
7	1-BSS-077-BSS	17/05/1994	585	Pb 100%
8	1-BSS-075-BSS	17/03/1994	1351	Pb 100%
9	1-BSS-076-BSS	17/03/1994	873	Pb 100%
10	1-BPS-007-BPS	26/01/1995	1769	Pb 100%
11	1-BSS-080-BSS	18/04/1995	1776	Pb 100%
12	1-BSS-081-BSS	17/07/1995	1361	Pb 100%
13	1-BSS-083-BSS	23/11/1996	1522	Pb 100%
14	1-SCS-009-SCS	01/03/1981	504,5	Pb 100%
15	1-RJS-199A-RJS	23/11/1981	808	Pb 100%
16	1-RJS-199-RJS	19/11/1981	808	Pb 100%

> 100 (in 16 yrs)

(Pre-Salt 1st Discovery in 2005)

#	Poço	Início Perfuração	LA > 500 m
1	3-RJS-740-RJS	25/06/2015	2046
2	1-SPS-032A-SPS	11/01/2000	1996
3	1-SHELL-004A-RJS	30/03/2001	1557
4	1-SHELL-005-RJS	24/04/2001	1881
5	3-RJS-552-RJS	27/09/2000	1524
6	1-KMG-001-SPS	02/03/2001	1639
7	3-RJS-550A-RJS	24/05/2000	1573
8	3-RJS-550-RJS	30/04/2000	1573
9	1-AHA-RJS	15/10/2000	1052
10	1-AHC-RJS	12/04/2001	1094
11	1-RJS-551-RJS	10/03/2001	1489
12	1-RJS-559-RJS	04/06/2001	1560
13	1-RJS-559B-RJS	16/06/2001	1549
14	1-SHELL-004-RJS	25/02/2001	1557
15	1-RJS-559A-RJS	11/06/2001	1560
16	3-RJS-560-RJS	08/08/2001	1491
17	1-RJS-568-RJS	08/09/2001	1629
18	1-RJS-566-RJS	02/09/2001	1207
19	1-RJS-563-RJS	01/09/2001	1412
20	3-SHELL-008-RJS	18/08/2001	1555
33	1-RJS-582A-RJS	02/11/2002	1493
34	1-AGIP-002-RJS	22/01/2003	1765
	1-RJS-598D-RJS	01/01/2003	1967
36	1-KMG-002-SPS	28/06/2002	1514
37	3-RJS-588-RJS	12/01/2003	1271
61	5-PRP-001-RJS	22/06/2009	1230
62	2-ANP-001-RJS	18/12/2009	1894
	4-RJS-668-RJS	30/03/2010	2136
64	2-ANP-002-RJS	08/05/2010	1973
65	1-RJS-672-RJS	06/11/2010	1533
	1-SHELL-023-RJS	09/08/2010	2011
	3-RJS-731-RJS	11/08/2014	1963
98	3-RJS-731i-RJS	07/08/2014	1963
	3-RJS-741-RJS	26/09/2015	1911
100	3-RJS-739-RJS	02/05/2015	1952
101	3-RJS-735A-RJS	16/02/2015	2159
	3-SPS-104DA-SPS	14/09/2014	2024
	3-RJS-739A-RJS	25/05/2015	1951
	3-TMB-002A-RJS	08/03/2015	1494
105	3-RJS-742-RJS	06/02/2016	2034



-(21-32)

(38-60)

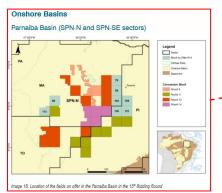
(67-96)

Discoveries that counts!

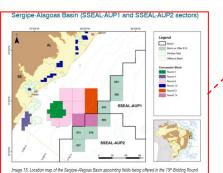
1.000 1.500

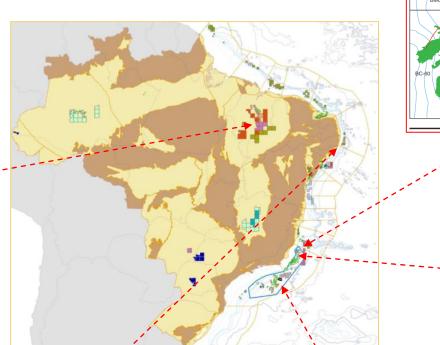


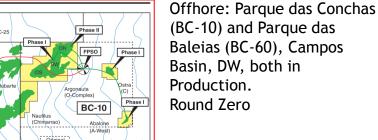
Onshore: The Hawk's nest at Parnaiba Basin (Gas @ 0.8 tcf recoverable); in Production. Round 7



Offhore: Farfan & Moita Bonita cluster at Sergipe Basin, DW, New Play, Commerciality to be proven; Round 2



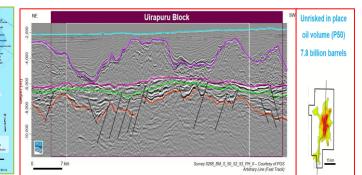






Offhore: Peregrino, Heavy Oil, BM-C-7, Campos Basin, DW, in Production. Round 2

Pre-Salt Cluster



Source: BC-10/60 Picture (https://www.offshoremag.com/articles/print/volume-70/issue-7/flowlinespipelines/how-bc-10-got-its-pipes.html); others ANP

Then... Santos Pre-Salt first discover and Tupi!



2005 - Paraty well in BM-S-10 (Petrobras, Galp, BG, Chevron JV)

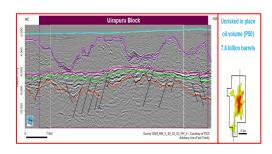
2006 - Tupi Discovery in BM-S-11 (Petrobras, Galp and Repsol)

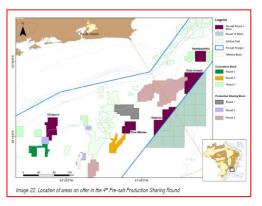
2006 - Round 8 suspended in the spot

Definition of:

- ✓ Pre-Salt Polygon
- ✓ BR operator exclusitivy
- ✓ BR compusiory 30% participation
- ✓ Lock post-salt potential
- ✓ PSC Introduced
- √ Creation of PPSA
- ✓ Transfer Rights

2010 - Libra Auction, after 4 yrs wo Bid Rounds!







Then.... Santos Pre-Salt R2 mainly post-salt targets up to Parati discovery!





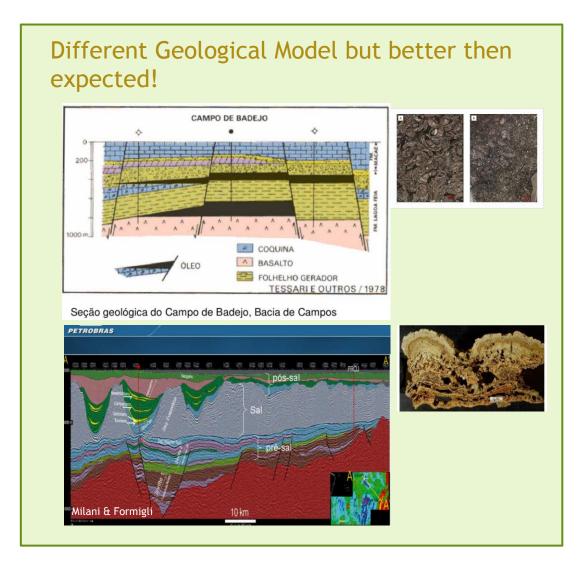
Innitially R2 blocks prospectivity was considered as mainly postsalt. After BM-S-10 Parati well discovery exploration focus shifted toward Pre-Salt

- BM-S-11: US\$ 8 MM BM-S-9: US\$ 64 MM BM-S-10: US\$ 56 MM
- Round 2 Signature Bonus



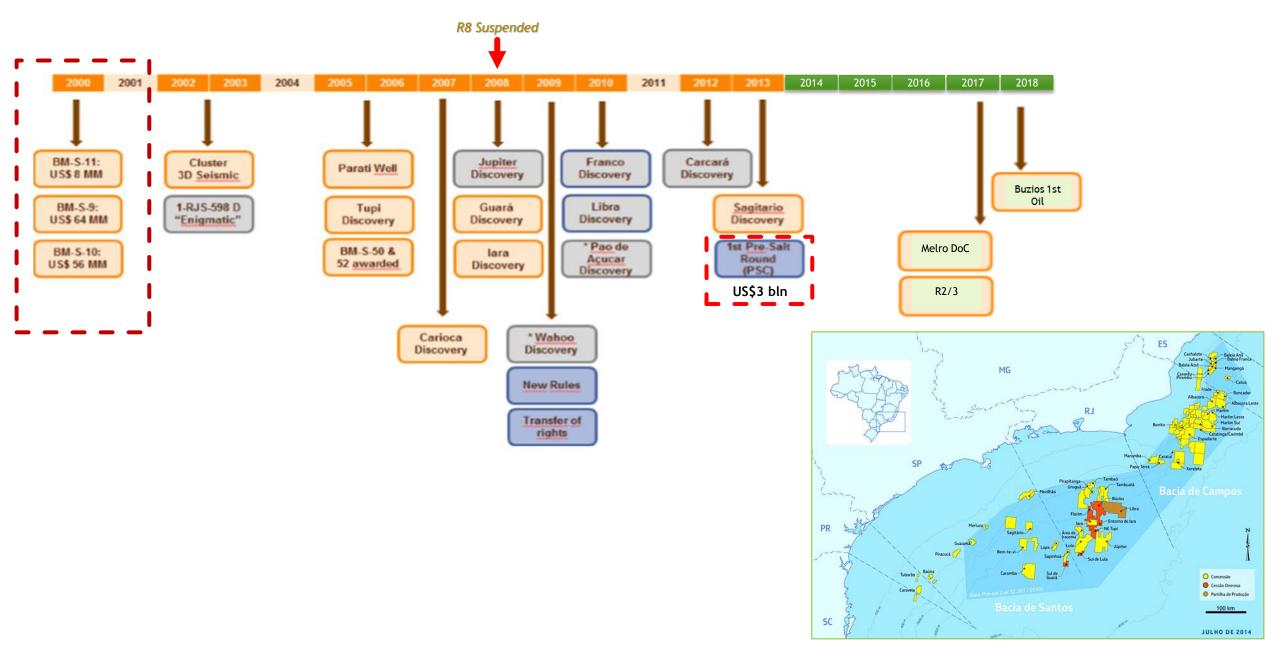


- Maior diversidade de companhias
- Menor demanda de investimento por bloco
- Tamanho x investimento x incertezas
- Processo de Nominações
- Sistema Petrolífero comprovado



Pre-Salt Milestones





Santos Pre-Salt led to 'adjustments'



2005 - Paraty well in BM-S-10

2006 - Tupi Discovery in BM-S-11

2006 - Round 8 suspended in the spot

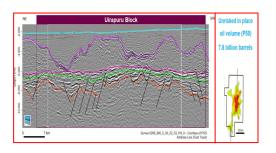
Definition of:

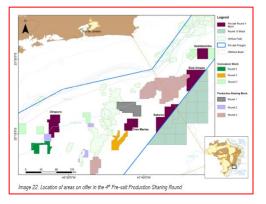
- ✓ Pre-Salt Polygon
- ✓ BR the PS only operator
- ✓ BR compulsory 30% participation
- ✓ Stablishment of PSC
- ✓ Creation of PPSA
- ✓ Transfer Rights / BR Capitalization

Could Brazil have done differently?

 Changes in the Special
 Participation and Roylties

Define
 Strategic Blocks
 w/Presalt target
 and specific terms







Impact on Rounds



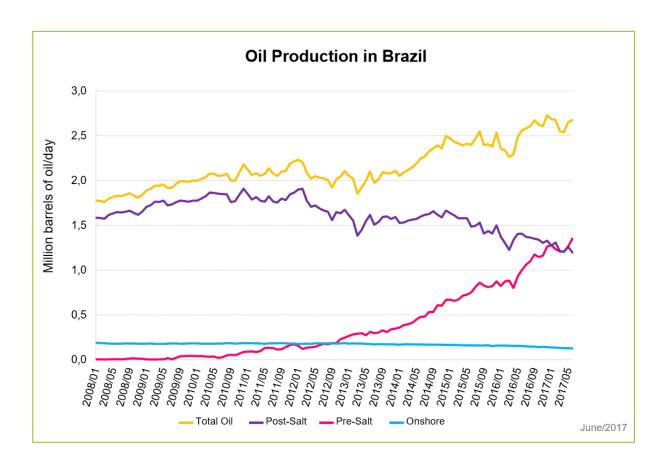
- ✓ Santos Presalt potential realized in 2005
- ✓ Round 8 was suspended in 2006
- ✓ 2006-09 Government preparing new legal framework to introduce PSC regime
- ✓ Round 14 '17 & 15 in '18 Back to 'normal' but Pre-Salt Polygon in place



Round	Year	Contract Type	Remark
15	2018	Concession	
PS 2 & 3	2017	PSC	
14	2017	Concession	All Core Basins
	2 yrs wo offers		
13	2015	Concession	Campos Shallow Waters; No Santos blocks
PS R1		PSC	Libra
12	2013	Concession	onshore blocks only
11		Concession	Campos and Santos out
4 yrs wo offers			
	2010	Transfer Rights	Direct Negotiation w/ Petrobras
10	2008	Concession	Campos, Santos and Esp Santo out
9	2007	Concession	Santos out
8	2006	Concession	Pre-salt areas but Bid was suspended and cancelled

Impact of Post-Salt Production





In Summary, since Santos pre-salt discovery in 2005 CA-ES and Santos post-salt exploration has been jeopardized by Government policy! Campos' production has declined, no relevant Reserves reposition and revamp will take longer!

Three Regimes in place



1998

Concession Contract (Royalties + Special Participation)

Post-Salt areas

Regulated by ANP

Competitive Bids

2010

Production Share Agreements (Proft Oil)

Pre-Salt Polygon

Regualted by ANP

PPSA lead OPCOM

Competitive Bids

BR leavereages

Transfer Rights

(Concession type)

Pre-Salt Polygon

Regualted by ANP

BR 100%. contracted direct by Government

Up to 5 bln bbl

Concession vs Prodcution Share

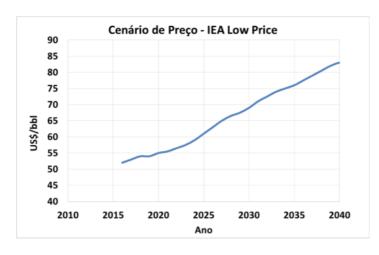


- In PSA contracts...
- ✓ PPSA is 'part of consortium' with 50% of voting rights
- ✓ Have no share in the Asset, but manages the Government share of production
- ✓ Have Veto Power at OPCOM
- ✓ do not make disburshments and is carried during Expl Phase
- ✓ is responsible to audit the Oil Cost
- ✓ is responsible to comercialize Government production share
- ANP is the Regulator
 - ✓ From Agency point of view: BR, PPSA and others companies are contractor to be regulated
- Petrobras may preempt and claim Operatorship

	PSA	Concession
Production	Split between Country and Contractors	100% Concessionary
Control	Originally Operated by Petrobras, but no longer PPSA lead OpCom	No participation of Government
Signature Bonus	Pre-defined by ANP	Minimum defined by ANP, but Bid offer criteria
Country's take	Royalties at 15% % Profit Oil Less Taxation	Royalties 5-10% Special Participation Higher Taxation
Oil Co's take	Oil Cost + % Profit Oil	Production

Concession vs Production Share





Premissas:

Projeto Típico do Pré-Sal Volume Recuperável = 2 Bi bbl

Cenário de Preço do Óleo: IEA Low Price

Taxa de Desconto = 10%

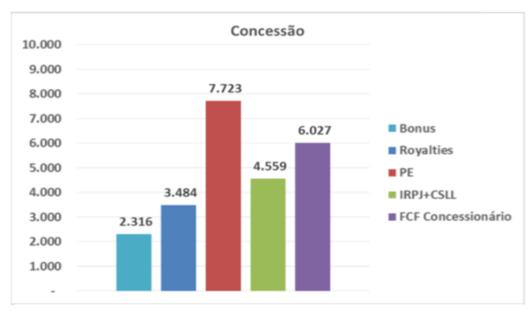
Partilha: Regras do Leilão de Libra Concessão: Regras Atuais da ANP GT Descontado = 75% (para ambos)

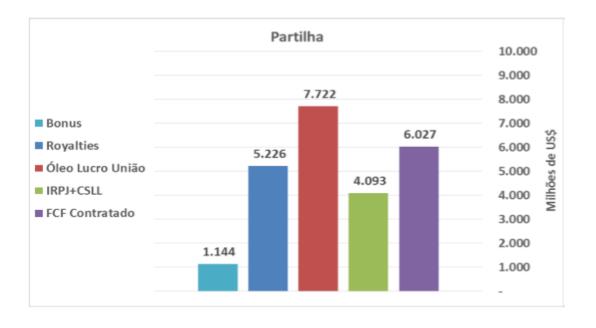






Antonio Cláudio de França Corrêa Humberto Quintas

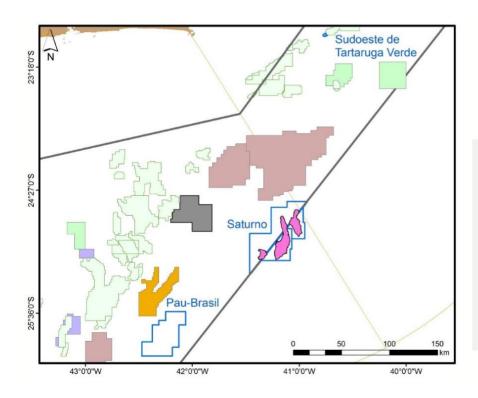




Colateral Damange: Increase Unitizations complexity



- ✓ Complexity due diff regimes, obligations, govenment take, operatorship, etc.
- ✓ PPSA represent Government, but ANP runs the process and approvals
- ✓ Lack knowledge regarding to this transation
- ✓ Process definition in paralel to negotiations
- ✓ PPSA carry during appraisal



Yet to be approved by CNPE

This auction will include the blocks withdrawn by TCU from the 15th Bidding Round and the 4th Pre-Salt Round, as well as Pau-Brasil and Sudoeste de Tartaruga Verde blocks

Unrisked oil in place volume (P50) ~16.5 billion barrels

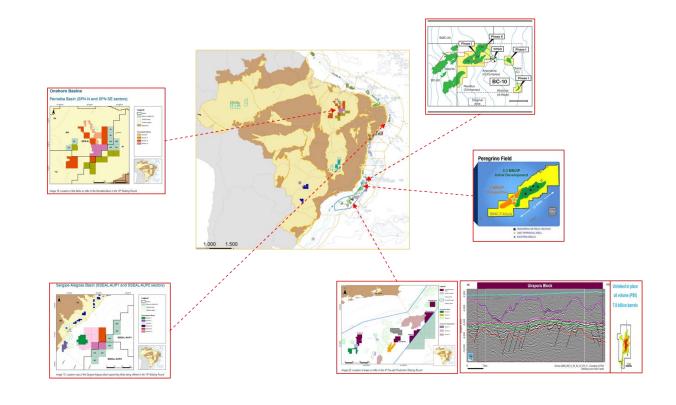
- Delays Investment Decisions
- Postponement 1st Oil
- Project Value erosion
- Uncertainties impacting country competitiveness and bid attractiveness
- Impact on Bid schedules and targets

Be carefull limiting yourself or exposing misalignments



In Brasil...

- ✓ Unconventional' reservoirs potential: investigation were blocks in SFR and Paraná onshore basins by Public Attorney; several contract suspended by ANP or relinquished by Concessionary.
- ✓ Barreirinhas basin: investigation on hold and +10 contracts suspended due to difficulties to get Environmental permits to drill exploratory wells.
- ✓ Foz do Amazonas: Public Attorney of Amapá state requested IBAMA do not grants Permit to Drill for all Total 7 exploratory wells commitment, based on area sensitivity.
- ✓ Shallow water exploration also avoided in some basins due to Environ Permit hurdles.
- ✓ Pre-Salt Polygon affecting post-salt evaluation



Back and Forward process



Avoid of happened in Brazil, specially after the Santos Pre-Salt discoveries, but also due to changes in governmental agenda

- ✓ Local Content: minimum %s imposed by ANP > bid offer criteria > systems + sub-systems spreasheet (R6+) > no longer part of offer > global % for exploration and development (R14+)
- ✓ REPETRO: In 1999, up to 2020; Rio de Janeiro's ICMS misalignments; in 2017, up to 2040
- ✓ Exploratory blocks: defined by ANP > sectors w/ possible to merge contracts > sectors constraining merges, pre-salt polygon boundaries > remove pre-s polygon?
- ✓ Exploration Phase: one period > up to three periods > on large period
- ✓ Exploratory Blocks: large blocks > small blocks per sector; can group blocks in a single contract
 > can not group anymore; can bid for all > bid for a limited number of blocks
- ✓ Concession > PSA > Concession ?
- ✓ MWO: imposed by ANP (1st Period) > offered by Companies > imposed by ANP (PSC)

Back on the track



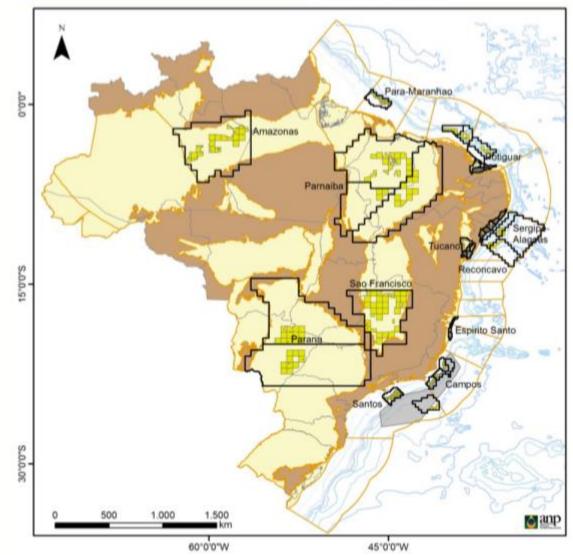
After Dilma's impeachment Temer's Government redefined MME and CNPE actions and policies aiming to attract more investiment to O&G sector, increase country competitiveness, regulatory stability and predictability

- Simplification and Flexibilization Local Content rules and requirements
 - ✓ Exploration: 18%
 - ✓ Development: 25% well construction / 40% subsea systems / 25% production units
- Local Content Wayver for all contracts (R7-R13 and PSC R1)
- 2 years extension for Exploration Phase of all R11/12 contracts, due to Oil Downturn
- REPETRO: optimized and extended up to 2040
- New Gas Law (under discussion in Congress) Gas To Grow Program
- Bid Calendar: 2017- 2019
- Permanent Offer of Exploratory Areas and Maginal Accumulations (R1 and 2)
- Resivion of R&D&I regulation
- Revision of Environmental Process in order to accelerate permits
- Petrobras no longer compulsory operatorship (no pre-salt single operator)
- Discussing the Polygon needs vs Strategic areas



Open Acreage 1st Cycle





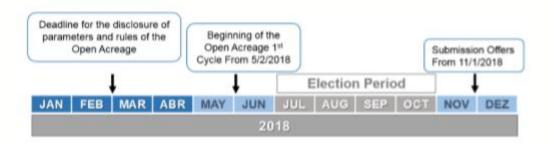


884 Blocks
Total Area: 345,800 km²

Offshore and Onshore Areas

Blocks not awarded in the 15th Bidding Round are included

90 days from the submission of each offer to execute the auction



Upstream Openning: Paid-off



Brazil's Current State



Area under concession ~ 280,000 km²

339 Blocks

447 fields

105 group companies

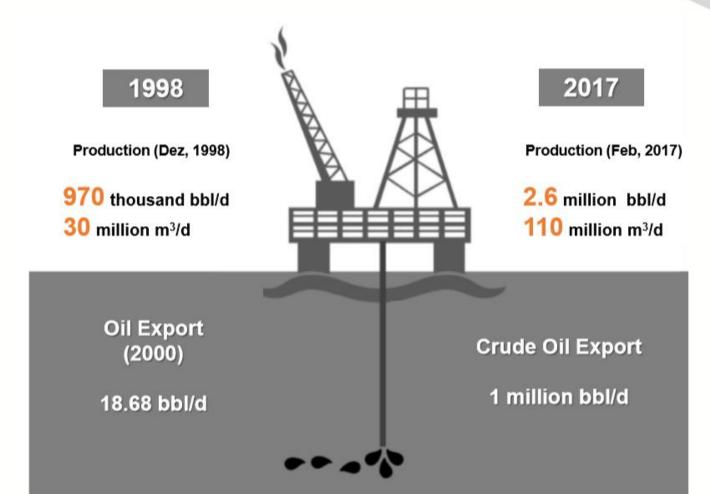
Production (Feb, 2018)

Oil 2.62 million barrels/d Natural Gas 110 m³/d

> Proven Reserves (Dez, 2017)

Oil 12.8 billion barrels Natural Gas 367 billion m³

9th largest oil producer in the world and the largest in Latin America



Take aways



Regulation must serve specifics Country Purposes/Policys, otherwise is useless! Discover and unlock new resources is the ultimate goal and the key metric of sucess.

- ✓ If possible, set up an Independent Regulator
- ✓ All Government entities (federal, regional, agencies, etc) 'should be' aligned around Energy Policies principles and targets
- ✓ Taxation and GT can kill even good Project (marginal ones have not chance at all!), regional dispute or unbalance too; smart split is critical
- ✓ Avoid multiple Exploratory Models (Concessions, PSC, Authorizations, etc.)
- ✓ Principles and Best Practives rather that a very Prescriptive regulation
- ✓ Flexible to adjust unexpected events (econ or geology) and or challengers projects.
- ✓ Avoid do-undo regulatory practices
- ✓ Avoid to impose obligations that are not really achieveble or brings inneficiencies to contract or delays investments in exploration and production
- ✓ Contract is the necessary authorizations to initiate and execute most of activities
- ✓ Make data that is critical for safety and bost competion public as earlir as available.

Questions?

Thanks!



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Thanks!



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