10 Etymology Module

Extends DMLex Core to support the encoding of etymological information in dictionaries.

10.1 Etymology object type

An Etymology represents the historical derivation of a word.

Properties:
- text (non-empty string)

10.2 EtymForm

Marks up a form that is the etymological origin of the entry

Markup of:
- text property of Etymology

Properties:
- language (ISO-639 code) the language of the origin form
- note (non-empty string) extra information about the language, for example the precise time (e.g., 16th century) or geographical variants
- reconstructed (boolean) indicates that the form is reconstructed and not attested in any corpus
- n (integer) an identifier used to connect forms with translations

10.3 EtymTranslation

Marks up a translation of an origin, cognate or borrowed form

Markup of:
- text property of Etymology

Properties:
- n (integer) an identifier used to connect forms with translations

10.4 Cognate

Marks up a form that is a cognate of the entry. A cognate is not the origin of this word but another word that shares an origin with this word

Markup of:
- text property of Etymology

Properties:
- language (ISO-639 code) the language of the cognate form
- note (non-empty string) extra information about the language, for example the precise time (e.g., 16th century) or geographical variants
- n (integer) an identifier used to connect forms with translations
10.5 Borrowing

Marks up a form that is the source of borrowed loanword

Markup of:

- **text** property of Etymology

Properties:

- **language** (ISO-639 code) the language of the borrowed form
- **note** (non-empty string) extra information about the language, for example the precise time (e.g., 16th century) or geographical variants
- **n** (integer) an identifier used to connect forms with translations