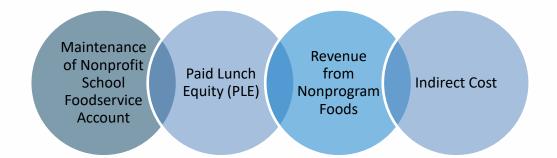




## Resource Management

**Illinois State Board of Education** 

### Four Areas of RM



#### RM – Key Process Issues

Turnover

Food Service Staff ~ Director ~ District Office

**Lack of Communication District office to foods Services Department** 

Lack of Collaboration

Resource Management and reviews require this

**Collaboration Continued Food Service Directors need to know all expectations/expenses** 

## Maintenance of Nonprofit School Foodservice Account







## Nonprofit School Foodservice Account

Overall look of financials; revenues vs. expenses to determine profit or loss

 Annual Financial Reports and General Ledgers

Profit or loss How much

- Large Deficit
- Over Net Cash Resource

Purchases review through 10% of invoices

 Allowability of purchases



## Nonprofit..Account Key Issues

Steep deficits

No citation here, but obvious concern

Over Net Cash Threshold

- Capital Improvements
  - Do the students benefit from those improvements?
  - New Equipment

Unallowable purchases

Account must be repaid

Nonprofit..Account
Key Issues
Steep Deficits

68%

Nonprofit..Account Key
Issues
Over Net Cash Resources

4%

## Nonprofit... Account Key Issues Unallowable Expenses

- All purchases require the question the following questions:
  - ls this purchase necessary for the operation of the meals program?
  - Is this purchase to the benefit of the students' meals?
  - Does this purchase require justification?
- Unallowable purchases MUST be repaid from local funds
- ▶ ISBE website provides a preapproved equipment list
  - These purchases still must be used for the meals program
  - Procurement practices must be followed
- Fraud in purchasing will require repayment
  - Allowable purchases used outside of the program
  - ▶ The success of the food program is NOT to be used as an extra account for the School Food Authority.

## **Paid Lunch Equity**

PLE

# Paid Lunch Equity (PLE)



Purpose of PLE is to increase paid lunch prices to align the total compensation of all free, reduced, and paid students.



USDA Target rate for 2025-26 program year: \$4.01

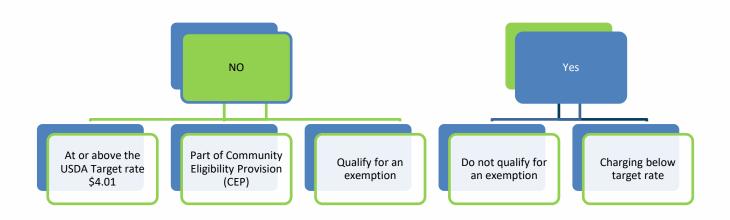


Maximum to charge Reduced students:

• Lunch: \$0.40

• Breakfast: \$0.30

## Is PLE Required?



## PLE Exemption

School Food Authority (District/School Name):	Agreement/RCDT# (00-000-000-00):
Contact Person:	Contact Phone:
City:	Contact Email:

1. Provide the balance in the nonprofit food service account as of June 30, 2024

Balance as of June 30, 2024

\*\*\*This Paid Lunch Equity Exemption may NOT be used as a corrective action plan to previous citations under the Paid Lunch Equity requirements. \*\*\*

## PLE Exemption

#### Greetings,

Thank you for submitting the PLE Exemption form to the Resource Management staff in our Nutrition Division. This message is to inform you that your exemption has been granted based on the information provided. Please retain this message for your documentation and future reviews. This documentation will be necessary to determine compliance for not raising Paid Lunch Prices for the 2025-26 school year.

If you have any questions, please feel free to reach out to the Resource Management staff at 800-545-7892 or 217-782-2491

#### The PLE Tool – Requirement Calculator

Unrounded Price Requirement for SY 2024-25	Weighted Average Price Requirement for SY 2025-26
Found in Section 1, Block A of the PLE Report from SY 2024-25 or in cell B31 of the Annual Unrounded Requirement Finder	Requirement to the nearest cent
\$ 3.85	\$4.01

\$3.85

A. Requirement to the nearest cent:
This unrounded price will be entered into the SY 2025-26 tool to determine the SY 2025-26 weighted average price requirements

Weighted Average Price for SY 2010-11

Enter the weighted average price of all paid lunches charged in the SFA for SY 2010-11.

\$ 2.25

2021-2022	\$ 3.18
2022-2023	\$ 3.31
2023-2024	\$ 3.56
2024-2025	\$ 3.85

#### PLE Tool – Price Raise Calculator

SY 2025-26 Weighted Average Price Requirement		
Requirement to the   Requirement ROUNDED DOWN		
nearest cent	to the nearest 5 cents	
\$4.01	\$ 4.00	

Shortfall or Credit
Enter any shortfall or
credit carried forward
from SY 2024-25
\$ -

Number of Paid Lunches	Paid Lunch Prices	Monthly Revenue	Weighted Average Price for SY 2024-25
2,051	\$ 2.80	\$ 5,742.80	
1,772	\$ 2.90	\$ 5,138.80	
2,557	\$ 3.00	\$ 7,671.00	
		\$ -	
6,380		\$ 18,552.60	\$ 2.91

#### PLE Tool – Price Raise Calculator

Total Price Increase for SY 2025-26		
(Based on the requirement rounded down to the nearest 5 cen	ts)	
\$	1.09	
Required Weighted Average Price for SY 2025-26		
(Increase with the 10 cents cap)		
\$	3.01	
Remaining Shortfall to Meet the Total Price Increase for SY 2025	5-26	
(Based on establishing the price with the 10 cents cap)		
\$	0.99	
Credit From the Total Price Increase for SY 2025-26		
(Based on a greater price in SY 24-25 and/or credit from the previous year) $$		
\$	-	

Total Price Increase for SY 2025-26	
(Based on the requirement rounded down to the nearest 5 cents)	
\$ (0.25)	
Required Weighted Average Price for SY 2025-26	
(Increase with the 10 cents cap)	
No price increase necessary	

#### PLE Tool Non-Federal Calculator

SY 2025-26 Weighted Average Price Requirement		
Requirement to the Requirement ROUNDED DOWN to		
nearest cent	the nearest 5 cents	
\$4.01	\$ 4.00	

Weighted Average		
Price for SY 24-25		
Enter the current		
weighted average paid		
lunch price.		
\$ 2.85		

Non-Federal Source Contribution Calculator for SY 2025-26				
Enter	Enter the total paid lunch count (for all prices).			
Total Price Increase for Annual Number of SY 2025-26		Total Revenue from Non-Federal Sources for SY 2025-26		
46,449	\$ 1.15	\$ 53,416.35		

Required Amount of Revenue from non-Federal Sources for SY 2025-26		
	(with the 10 cents cap)	
	\$	4,644.90

Board Approval must be shown in Board Minutes

# Paid Lunch Equity Options

1. You qualify for the PLE exemption and can sit with prices for 2025-26 as they are in current school year.

OR

- You do NOT qualify for the PLE Exemption. To sit with prices at the current level for the 2025-26 school year, the district with board approval will have to contribute non-federal funds.
- 2. Raise lunch prices, we only require a \$0.10 increase for compliance.
- 3. Increase lunch prices to the USDA target rate. However, with this option, with the 2026-27 tool, you will likely be expected to increase again.
- 4. Contribute non-federal funds to compensate for the \$0.10 increase.

#### Paid Lunch Equity – Key Issues

• "We did not want to increase the price for our families" A tool, but no increase • All three issues here lead to a citation and loss for the SFA Tool completed incorrectly

## Revenue from Nonprogram Foods



#### Revenue from Nonprogram Foods



Overall look at the revenue NOT tied to the reimbursable meal

- A la carte
- Adult Meals
- Vending/Catering

Tools to determine Compliance

- Revenue from Nonprogram Foods Calculator
- 5 Day Tool
- Locally generated Spreadsheets

Expectations of review and key issues

## Nonprogram Foods Key Issues



Low A La Carte pricing

Requirement – To not run negative on total sales

Recommend - 40% mark up of cost



Adult meal prices still too low

FNS Instruction 782-5 Rev. 1. states adult meals must include Entitlement and Bonus

Lunch AND Breakfast must be marked up \$0.50



Vending machines expensed to food service, but revenue to another account

Food service program purchasing food for other events and not being reimbursed

STAFF MEALS catered by the district, district MUST PAY BACK

### **Indirect Cost**

### **Indirect Cost**

Function to charge the Food Services account for shared expenses

Tools to determine Compliance

 Indirect Cost Rates are published on ISBE website

Expectations of review and key issues



### **Indirect Cost**

Rates Used

- Indirect Cost rates are published on ISBE website
- Nonpublic school may use up to di minimis rate of 15%
- Programs outside of nonpublic and do not have published rate may use state average

Major Functions

- Top uses of indirect cost go to utilities: gas, water, electricity and trash.
- Biggest issue comes to trash removal, this falls under indirect cost.
- If you want food services to pay trash, look to use indirect cost all areas allowed

Required Documentation

- First question will be; What Indirect Cost Rate do you use?
- We will match with general ledger to ensure what functions are billed to 2560 account
- Invoices (if MNSF not done) to verify percentages

## Biggest Recommendations

- Food Costs
  - Self operated programs should consider joining a food cooperative. 9
     self operated run food cooperatives in Illinois
  - Maintain proper production records with limited over production (6-10 meals overproduced per site)
  - Ensure lack of theft within your kitchen
- Labor Costs
  - Look into Meals per Labor Hour
    - 8-20 meals per labor hour, dependent on production levels
- Commodity Usage

Oues-in-

#### Resource Management



Toby Turek – <a href="mailto:rturek@isbe.net">rturek@isbe.net</a>
Mike Gogerty – <a href="mailto:mgogerty@isbe.net">mgogerty@isbe.net</a>
800-545-7892