

Thanks to the following Heidrick & Struggles colleagues for their contributions to this report:

Bonnie GwinJeremy HansonDavid HuiNew YorkChicagoHong KongJeffrey SandersClaire SkinnerLyndon TaylorNew YorkLondonChicago

About the report

This year's Route to the Top draws on an analysis of the profiles of the 1,095 CEOs at the largest publicly listed companies in 24 markets as of July 5, 2021. Australia and New Zealand, Belgium, Brazil, Canada, China, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Hong Kong, Ireland, Italy, Mexico, Netherlands, Portugal, Singapore, South Africa, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, the United Arab Emirates, the United Kingdom, and the United States are included in this report.

4

Introduction



5

A turn back toward pre-pandemic trends



10

The changing of the guard: New CEOs compared to their predecessors



12

Route to the Top 2021: Snapshot



15

Looking ahead



Introduction



This year, we were curious to see if the sharp and immediate impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on CEO succession planning—in which we saw a markedly slower planning process and newly appointed CEOs who fit into a traditional comfort zone—continued, or if earlier trends toward greater diversity among new CEOs would be restored.

Indeed, we once again see a broader understanding of what makes a good CEO among the new appointments. We also explored how the profiles of these newly appointed CEOs differed from their direct predecessors in order to gain an understanding of how much CEO expectations have changed compared to the previous generation.

Our key findings include the following:

- The first half of 2021 shows a record number of CEO appointments, the highest since 2018.
- The share of women CEOs appointed in the same period doubled: 13% of all CEOs appointed in the first half of 2021 were women, compared to 6% in the previous six months—though absolute numbers are still very low.
- More new CEOs have C-suite experience beyond the traditional CFO and COO roles, including roles such as chief risk officer, chief strategy officer, and chief technology officer.
- After a period of increased external appointments early last year, the balance shifted toward internal appointments.

 Compared to their direct predecessors, new CEOs are more likely to be women, to be from countries other than where the company is headquartered, to have cross-border experience, and to have advanced degrees.

Our findings show us that companies are returning to a more expansive view of CEO succession. The steady increase of CEOs appointed internally—while ensuring those CEOs have various sources of fresh perspective—also highlights that many companies are strengthening their succession pipeline so they can tap into a larger number of leadership roles within the organization.

A turn back toward pre-pandemic trends

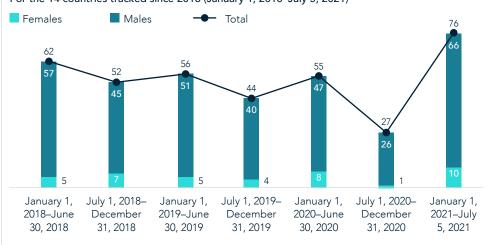


New CEO appointments rose dramatically in 2021. After a significant slowdown in appointments in the second half of 2020, companies made a record number of CEO appointments in the first half of 2021, which signals confidence in both their company's prospects and their ability to find the right leader.

Looking at the 14 countries¹ we've tracked since 2018, the first six months of 2021 had significantly more appointments than any similar period, outstripping the next highest half-year period by 14 placements, or 22.6%, and was very close to the overall number of appointments in 2020 in these 14 countries: 82.

Appointment trends over time (#)

For the 14 countries tracked since 2018 (January 1, 2018–July 5, 2021)

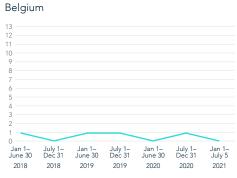


¹ We have tracked 14 countries since 2018: Australia, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Italy, the Netherlands, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, the United Kingdom, and the United States.

CEO appointments by market (#)

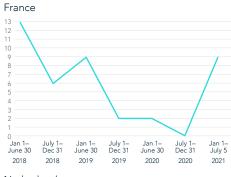
For the 14 countries tracked since 2018



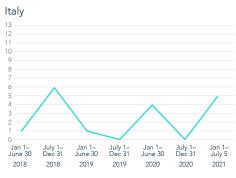




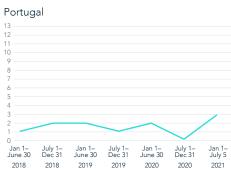








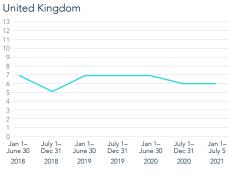














Companies that did make a change early in the pandemic on the whole reverted to their comfort zone of appointing executives with prior CEO experience and a successful leadership track record, who were often men.² Across the 24 markets in our study, we saw that progress toward gender equity surged forward in 2021 after last year's pause: the share of women appointed

2 Route to the Top 2020, Heidrick & Struggles, on heidrick.com.

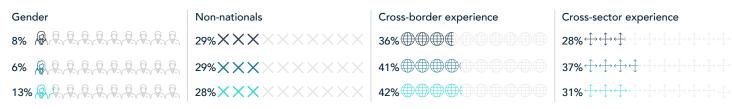
to CEO roles had dipped to 6% in the second half of 2020 but rose to 13% in the first half of 2021. This is likely the result of the combined impact of regulatory requirements for gender balance in corporate ranks implemented by many countries in our study, stakeholder pressure, and a conscious decision to gain fresh perspectives through a fairer gender balance.

Other sources of diversity and fresh perspectives, such as having a nationality different from the home country of the company's headquarters, cross-border experience, and cross-industry experience, have held steady through the past 18 months. We have, however, seen an increase in the share of new CEOs with MBAs or other advanced degrees over the past 12 months.

Fresh perspectives also return in CEO profiles in the first half of 2021

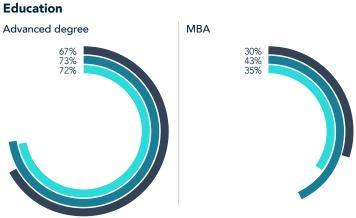
■ January 2020–June 2020 ■ July 2020–December 2020 ■ January 2021–July 5, 2021

Fresh perspectives: Diversity



CEO appointments rebound in the first half of 2021 (#)





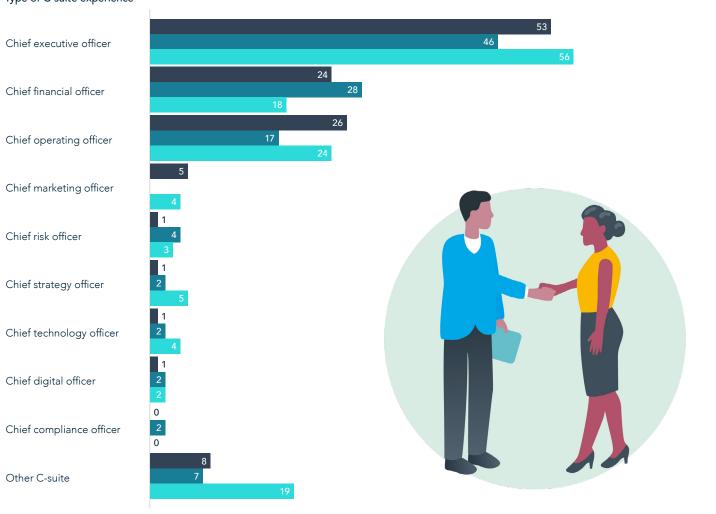
An increasing share of new CEOs have held other roles in the C-suite, signaling that companies are increasingly reaching beyond the traditional ranks of CFOs and COOs. In fact, the proportion of new CEOs who had held other C-suite roles more than doubled from January 2021 to June 2021 compared to the same period in 2020. The number of former CFOs took a notable dip,

particularly compared to the previous six months. C-suite roles that are moving up in paving the way to CEO include chief risk officer, chief strategy officer, and chief technology officer.

More new CEOs have previous C-suite experience (%)



Type of C-suite experience

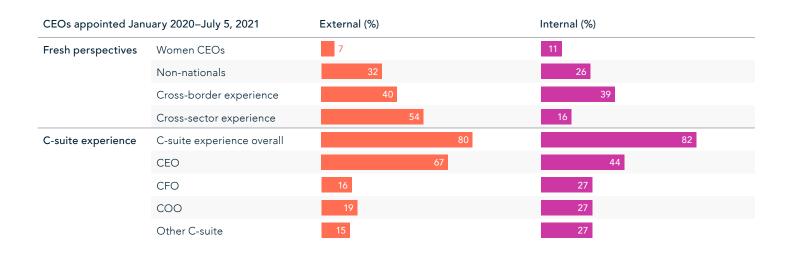


Sample size: 148

In addition, head of division roles have become increasingly common stepping-stones to the top job: 41% of the new CEOs this year had held such roles. Indeed, many companies have elevated the heads of their main divisions to their executive teams in recognition of the roles' importance and to ensure that those leaders take part in key decisions. Such practices also give division heads firsthand experience with executive committees and make them stronger contenders for CEO roles.

Data from the past 18 months also show increasing shares of internal appointments from January 2020 to July 5, 2021. This suggests that improvements many companies have made to their internal leadership development and succession planning processes, such as broadening the experience of heads of divisions, are now working. These internally appointed CEOs are more often women than are their externally appointed peers and have more often held less traditional C-suite roles. It's also little surprise that they less often have cross-sector experience.





The changing of the guard: New CEOs compared to their predecessors



It is perhaps no surprise that CEOs appointed over the past year differ significantly from the CEOs they replaced. After all, the departing CEOs' average tenure was seven years, and in those years the world has

changed markedly. The new CEOs in this year's report are more likely than their predecessors to be women, to be non-nationals, to have cross-border experience, and to have advanced degrees.

The departing CEOs' average tenure was seven years, and in those years the world has changed markedly.

New CEOs versus their predecessors

■ Predecessors ■ New CEOs appointed July 1, 2020–July 5, 2021

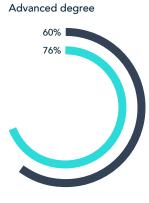
Fresh perspectives: Diversity



Education

Sample size: 241







Newly appointed CEOs also have more diversified areas of prior C-suite experience than their predecessors do. This difference could reflect the increased importance of functions such as technology, risk, or strategy. But this broadening of scope also reflects the fact that the CEO role itself is expanding far beyond its historical day-to-day running of the business. CEOs today need to champion (both internally and externally) issues such as sustainability, social justice, DE&I, and cybersecurity, along with other issues specific to their business or geography. CEOs are in the spotlight more than ever, their actions are scrutinized by a larger number of stakeholders, and they have to be much closer to and transparent with their own employees. In this context, leadership capabilities such as agility, empathy, role modeling the organizational purpose, and fostering inclusion matter just as much as specific areas of expertise.

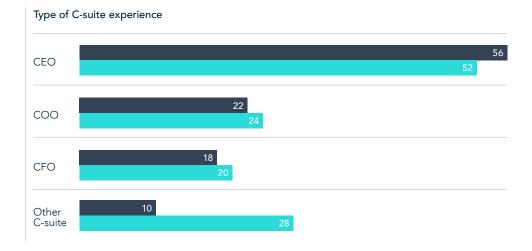
Newly appointed CEOs have more diversified C-suite experience than their predecessors (%)

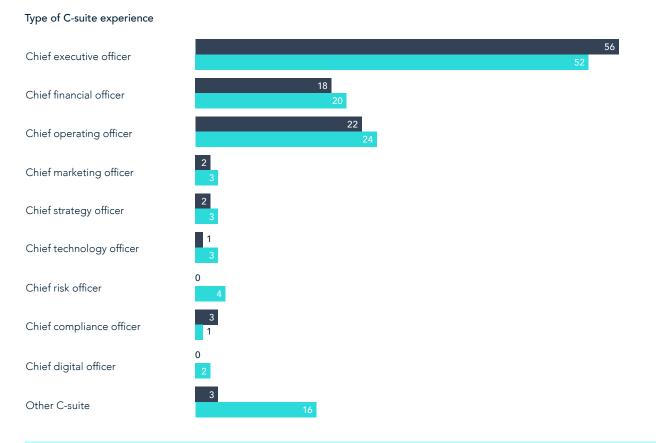
■ Predecessors New CEOs appointed July 1, 2020–July 5, 2021

C-suite experience overall

82

83





Route to the Top 2021: Snapshot

All current CEOs

49

56

Average age now

25%

Appointed before age 45

14%

New (<1 year)

6.6

Average tenure (years)

Diversity

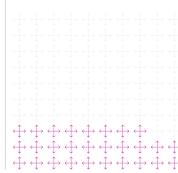
Average age at

appointment





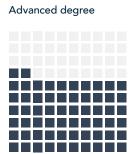




Cross-sector experience

28%

Education

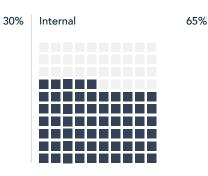




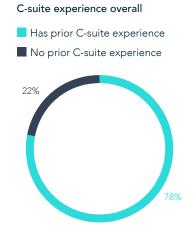


Appointment type



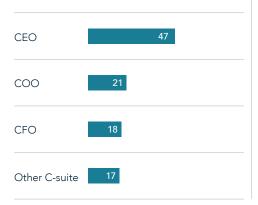


Prior C-suite experience

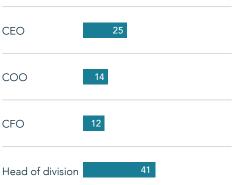




30%



Most common type of experience in previous two roles (%)

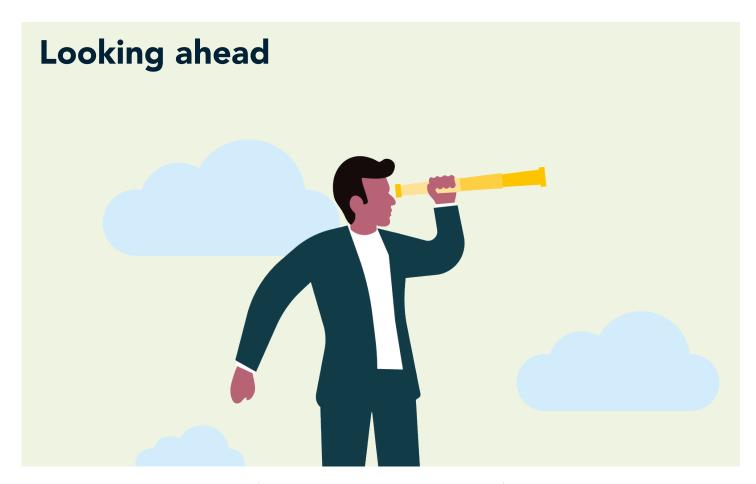


Fresh perspectives: Sector view

	Female		Non-nationals	Cross-border experience	Cross-sector experience
Automotive & aerospace	9%	•	24%	38%	35%
Banks	10%	•	20%	28%	11%
Chemicals	13%	•	25%	53%	34%
Construction	2%	•	22%	41%	31%
Consumer goods & retail	6%	•	29%	42%	16%
Healthcare	4%	•	21%	36%	14%
Industrials	4%	•	26%	43%	26%
Insurance	9%	•	24%	26%	17%
Manufacturing	0%		30%	47%	47%
Pharma	8%	•	54%	64%	17%
Power & utilities	3%	•	19%	29%	29%
Real estate	8%	•	17%	22%	33%
Technology	6%	•	21%	29%	29%
Transport & logistics	2%	•	12%	31%	61%
Media & entertainment	4%	•	17%	35%	59%
Travel & hospitality	8%	•	31%	35%	40%
Other	0%		33%	41%	62%
Other finance	4%	•	13%	31%	40%

Fresh perspectives: Market view

	Female		Non-nationals	Cross-border experience	Cross-sector experience
Australia/New Zealand	7%	•	15%	51%	35%
Belgium	10%	•	38%	38%	42%
Brazil	1%	•	6%	13%	33%
Canada	0%		32%	20%	19%
China	2%	•	2%	10%	17%
Denmark	8%	•	40%	56%	40%
Finland	8%	•	24%	48%	44%
France	5%	•	17%	39%	15%
Germany	3%	•	25%	39%	36%
Hong Kong	5%	•	76%	19%	19%
Ireland	14%	•	19%	57%	29%
Italy	0%		13%	35%	30%
Mexico	0%		9%	60%	21%
Netherlands	8%	•	35%	54%	38%
Portugal	6%	•	6%	39%	39%
Singapore	11%	•	29%	57%	30%
South Africa	8%	•	30%	33%	15%
Spain	5%	•	10%	55%	23%
Sweden	10%	•	17%	55%	45%
Switzerland	2%	•	55%	74%	28%
United Arab Emirates	5%	•	42%	16%	12%
United Kingdom	8%	•	46%	46%	34%
United States	12%	•	9%	14%	18%



Looking ahead, as the role of the corporation is reimagined in the wake of COVID-19 and growing societal expectations surrounding climate, equity, cyber concerns, and other external realities, boards are reconsidering the CEO succession planning process itself. We expect to see even more investment in the development of internal candidates and a more continuous review of both internal and external candidates against the backdrop of rapidly evolving geopolitical scenarios and across multiple time horizons. As part

of that effort, companies should be preparing for potential emergency CEO succession needs; these emergency plans require much closer scrutiny to make sure boards have in sight the right candidates for the context they would need to step into.³

All this means that we expect companies to broaden their search for fresh perspectives even further. In addition, we expect increased focus on leadership capabilities rather than specific skill sets. Though there will always be differences in emphasis based on sectors, markets,

and individual companies' scale and business models, other recent research by Heidrick & Struggles has found that there are four capabilities in which future-ready leaders consistently excel: leading through influence, driving execution, creating new thinking, and having an ownership mindset.⁴

Finally, considering the ever-expanding role of the CEO, companies will benefit by putting more weight than ever before on such capabilities—both when they assess current CEOs and as they look for future ones.

³ Lee Hanson and John S. Wood, "Considerations for emergency CEO successions," Heidrick & Struggles, on heidrick.com

CEO & Board Practice

Heidrick & Struggles' CEO & Board Practice has been built on our ability to execute top-level assignments and counsel CEOs and board members on the complex issues directly affecting their businesses.

We pride ourselves on being our clients' most trusted advisor and offer an integrated suite of services to help manage these challenges and their leadership assets. This ranges from the acquisition of talent through executive search to providing counsel in areas that include succession planning, executive and board assessment, and board effectiveness reviews.

Our CEO & Board Practice leverages our most accomplished search and leadership consulting professionals globally who understand the evertransforming nature of leadership. This expertise, combined with in-depth industry, sector, and regional knowledge; differentiated research capabilities; and intellectual capital, enables us to provide sound global coverage for our clients.

Leaders of Heidrick & Struggles' CEO & Board Practice

Global	Bonnie Gwin New York	Jeffrey Sanders New York			
	bgwin@heidrick.com	jsanders@heidrick.com			
Americas	Nancie Lataille Toronto nlataille@heidrick.com Lyndon A. Taylor Chicago Itaylor@heidrick.com	Paulo Mendes Sao Paulo pmendes@heidrick.com	Juan Ignacio Perez Mexico City iperez@heidrick.com		
Europe and Africa	Stafford Bagot Dublin sbagot@heidrick.com	Kit Bingham London kbingham@heidrick.com	Niccolo Calabresi Milan ncalabresi@heidrick.com		
	Marie-Hélène De Coster Benelux mhdecoster@heidrick.com	Sylvain Dhenin Paris sdhenin@heidrick.com	Vladimir Kochukov Moscow vkochukov@heidrick.com		
	Imke Lampe Amsterdam ilampe@heidrick.com	Véronique Parkin Johannesburg vparkin@heidrick.com	Tobias Petri Copenhagen tpetri@heidrick.com		
	Nicolas von Rosty Munich nvonrosty@heidrick.com	Tuomo Salonen Helsinki tsalonen@heidrick.com	Stefano Salvatore Madrid ssalvatore@heidrick.com		
	Oliver Schiltz Zurich oschiltz@heidrick.com	Luis Urbano Madrid lurbano@heidrick.com	Flavio Zollo Milan fzollo@heidrick.com		
Asia Pacific and Middle East	Alain Deniau Dubai adeniau@heidrick.com	Guy Farrow Sydney gfarrow@heidrick.com	Hnn-Hui Hii Singapore hhhii@heidrick.com		
	David Hui Hong Kong dhui@heidrick.com	Aya linuma Tokyo aiinuma@heidrick.com	Fergus Kiel Sydney fkiel@heidrick.com		
	Gauri Padmanabhan	Linda Zhang			

Shanghai

lzhang@heidrick.com

New Delhi

gpadmanabhan@heidrick.com