## THE CCIM INSTITUTE

Advancing the Commercial Real Estate Profession

CHAPTER OFFICER TRAINING

## **PLAYBOOK**



## THE CCIM INSTITUTE

Advancing the Commercial Real Estate Profession

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## THE CCIMINSTITUTE Advancing the Commercial Real Estate Profession

# The CCIM Institute Governance and Organization



#### 2023-2025 STRATEGIC PLAN

#### The CCIM Institute Mission

Elevating our members to the highest levels of success in the commercial real estate profession through education, technology, and networking.

#### The CCIM Institute Vision

Creating exciting experiences for our members, team, and communities.

#### The CCIM Institute Values

- Integrity
   Practicing as ethical, accountable, and principled professionals
- Inclusive
   Welcoming and supportive to all without exception
- Innovative
  Leading through creativity in product and practice

#### 10 Year Challenge: 25,000 members by December 31, 2032

What H		How	
Objectives	Goals	Strategies	Measures
	Develop and implement a fresh new look	Modernize our brand	75,000 monthly website visits (currently 38.3k monthly avg) The CCIM Institute's global conference generate \$250k net margin with 1,000 attendees
Increase the attractiveness of The CCIM Institute Brand	Increase membership	Enhance membership value Expand our global reach	7,900 Designees and 4,500 candidates 7,800 Ward and 3,600 Core students 10 Corporate education partnership agreements 6 new Ward courses delivered by chapters 500 CRES initial applications
	Increase diversity	Become a more inclusive organization	575 International students 650 People using Cultural Diversity Education Program (CDEP) and 225 CDEP students converted to Designees
Leverage the collective power of The	Strengthen collaboration between chapters, The CCIM	Enhance communications among Chapters, Foundation, Institute, and Tech	Provide quarterly updates to chapters for members regarding top initiatives and activities at The CCIM Institute, Foundation, and Tech  55% of The CCIM Institute members utilize Site To Do Business (minimum)  To raise a minimum of \$500,000 annually to support the
CCIM Institute Foundation, The CCIM Institute, and Tech		Achieve operational excellence	Foundation operations  80% of work plan action items are completed (minimum)  85% meeting satisfaction  150 days cash on hand (operational reserves) and no Audit findings 4.0 minimum Employee engagement score



#### **OFFICER BIOGRAPHIES**

#### 2023 President



**David Schnitzer, CCIM**, partner at ASCEND Commercial Real Estate in Dallas, will serve as 2023 CCIM Global President. Schnitzer has been a part of the leadership at The CCIM Institute for over a decade. In addition to serving on multiple committees during his tenure, he was President of the North Texas CCIM chapter in 2012 and 2013. He served as The CCIM Institute's Presidential liaison in 2017, 2018, and 2020 and as President of CCIM Technologies in 2015. Schnitzer has spent the last 20 years in commercial brokerage specializing in retail real estate, land, and investment properties. He is a board member of the North Texas Commercial Association of REALTORS® and earned his CCIM Designation in 2008.

#### 2023 President-Elect



D'Etta Casto-DeLeon, CCIM, is a senior portfolio manager at CBRE Loan Services in Houston. Previously, she served on the Houston/Gulf Coast CCIM chapter Board of Directors, including as its 2012 President, and as Region 4 Vice President. At The CCIM Institute level, Casto-DeLeon was a member of the Board of Directors from 2015-2020 and a 2018 Presidential liaison. She also served on multiple committees — including Executive, Finance, Members Services, Strategic Planning, and Marketing — and subcommittees — including Chapter Activities, Regional Activities, and Networking. She has more than 24 years of commercial real estate loan servicing and mortgage banking experience, including managing various investment portfolios and asset management responsibilities, primarily for life insurance companies. Casto-DeLeon earned her CCIM Designation in 2007.

#### 2023 First Vice President



Steve Rich, CCIM, is senior director of retail services with Colliers International in Charlotte, N.C. Previously, he served on the North Carolina CCIM chapter Board of Directors, including as its 2012 President, and as Region 9 Vice President. At The CCIM Institute level, Rich has been a member of the Board of Directors since 2014, and in 2021 he was Treasurer. Rich has also served on the following institute committees: Executive, Finance, and Governance. Licensed in North and South Carolina, he has more than 26 years of commercial real estate experience in retail, land, and investment properties. Rich earned his CCIM Designation in 2006.



#### **OFFICER BIOGRAPHIES**

#### 2023 Treasurer



Charlie Mack, CCIM, is President/broker of Mack Realty in Las Vegas. Mack has been an active volunteer leader with The CCIM Institute since he earned his Designation in 1990. Over the past three decades, Mack has served on virtually every committee at the global level, chairing many of them, as well as numerous task forces and work groups. In addition, he has served at the chapter level as President of the Southern Nevada CCIM chapter in 1991 and 1996. Mack also serves his community and the commercial real estate industry. He is past President of the Las Vegas Southwest Rotary Club, has served on the Clark County Comprehensive Plan Steering committee, and was a member of the Nevada Real Estate Commission for six years, serving as its President from 2004 through 2005.

#### **Chief Executive Officer / Executive Vice President**



Paul Rumler, CCE joined The CCIM Institute in March 2022 as Chief Executive Officer and Executive Vice President. He oversees 40 team members who collaborate with hundreds of volunteers to implement The CCIM Institute's vision and strategic plan. His goals for The CCIM Institute are to grow its membership and revenue, solidifying the organization's position as best in class for commercial real estate education. To accomplish this, Rumler is focused on harnessing the collective power of The CCIM Institute's brand by aligning The CCIM Institute, CCIM Tech, and The CCIM Institute Foundation to broaden its education, technology, and networking offerings to a more diverse and inclusive membership of commercial real estate professionals.

Before joining The CCIM Institute, Rumler worked in the economic development and government sectors for 20 years. An accomplished and recognized visionary leader, he has guided struggling organizations to create and operationalize more relevantly and inspiring by visions and strategic plans that resulted in increased diversity, team engagement, revenue, membership, and impact.

Always up for a challenge, Rumler has successfully led several high-profile economic development initiatives and projects. He has a passion for community service that includes serving on the Board of Directors for more than 20 different non-profit organizations and currently serving on the John Deere Classic (PGA Tour) Board of Directors.

Rumler grew up in Moline, Ill. and graduated from Georgia State University with an economics degree.



#### **GOVERNANCE STRUCTURE**

#### **2023 ELECTED OFFICERS**

President: David Schnitzer, CCIM

President-Elect: D'Etta Casto-DeLeon, CCIM First Vice President: Steve Rich, CCIM

Treasurer: Charlie Mack, CCIM Treasurer-Elect: Jim Tansey, CCIM

CEO/EVP: Paul Rumler (Ex-Officio/Non-Voting)

#### 2023-2024 PRESIDENTIAL LIAISONS

Education: Lydia Bennett, CCIM1 / Holly Buchanan, CCIM<sup>1</sup> F.I.T.: Brad Waken, CCIM1 / James Robertson, CCIM<sup>1</sup> Membership: Adam Palmer, CCIM1 / Robin Civish, CCIM<sup>1</sup> Member Services: Bobbi Miracle, CCIM1 / John McClure, CCIM<sup>1</sup>

## **ELECTED DIRECTORS 2021 - 2023 (16)**

Mike Armanious, CCIM
Adrian Arriaga, CCIM
Kimberly Baker, CCIM
Daryl Crotts, CCIM
J. Max Hamidi, CCIM
Jeffrey Hoffman, CCIM
Stephen Jacquemin, CCIM
Randy Krise, CCIM
Bev Larson, CCIM
John McClure, CCIM
Patrick Palmer, CCIM
Jim Purgerson, CCIM
Bob Rizzuto, CCIM
Chere Roane, CCIM
Richard Slaton, CCIM

### **ELECTED DIRECTORS 2022 - 2024 (16)**

Keith Andrews, CCIM Carmen Austin, CCIM Holly Buchanan, CCIM Sharon Carz, CCIM Robin Civish, CCIM Sue Earnest, CCIM Andie Edmonds, CCIM Brian Estes, CCIM Craig Finfrock, CCIM Mark Hinkins, CCIM Ellen Hsu, CCIM John Lopez, CCIM Bobbi Miracle, CCIM<sup>1</sup> Ann Trandai, CCIM Brad Waken, CCIM1 Michael Williamson, CCIM

## ELECTED DIRECTORS 2023-2025 (16)

Lydia Bennett, CCIM1 Ernest Brown, CCIM Tina Marie Eloian, CCIM Dave Gambaccini, CCIM Bill Milliken, CCIM Bill Moss, CCIM John Orr, CCIM Scott Overby, CCIM Adam Palmer, CCIM<sup>1</sup> Michael Reeves, CCIM Agnes Rivera, CCIM James Robertson, CCIM Jose Serrano, CCIM Timothy Veler, CCIM Travis Waldrop, CCIM Soozi Jones Walker, CCIM

#### 2023 RVPs (12)

Tom Wallin, CCIM

Region 1
Carson Halley, CCIM
Region 2
Helen Chong, CCIM
Region 3
Randy Atkin, CCIM

## Region 4 Robby Eaves, CCIM Region 5 Chris Jacobson, CCIM Region 6 Brian Forrester, CCIM

Region 7	
Leslie Biskner, CCIM	
Region 8	
Stephen Rigl, CCIM	
Region 9	

Jason Holland, CCIM

Region 10
Jeff Kurtz, CCIM
Region 11
M. Augustus Ryer, CCIM
Region 12
Randal Kung, CCIM

#### **PAST PRESIDENTS (24)**

BK Allen, CCIM	1996	Joe Fisher, CCIM	2007	Mark Macek, CCIM	2015	Barry Spizer, CCIM	2003
Tim Blair, CCIM	2021	Richard Juge, CCIM	2010	Ron Myles, CCIM	1986	John Stone, CCIM	1991
Eddie Blanton, CCIM	2020	Leil Koch, CCIM	2012	Steve Price, CCIM	2006	Dewey Struble	1998
Leslie Callahan, CCIM	2022	Karl Landreneau, CCIM	2014	Cynthia Shelton, CCIM	2002	Ralph Varnum, CCIM	1985
Barbara Crane, CCIM	2019	Pius Leung, CCIM	2010	Darbin Skeans, CCIM	2001	David Wilson, CCIM	2018
Allen Feltman, CCIM	1999	Jay Lucas, CCIM	1995	Larry Smith, CCIM	1981	Robin Webb, CCIM	2017

- 1. Presidential Liaisons who are also elected, voting board members.
- 2. Allowed one vote.

<sup>\*2023</sup> Presidential Liaisons are ex-officio non-voting board members.

<sup>\*2024</sup> Presidential Liaisons are invited guests unless otherwise elected as a Director.



#### **GOVERNANCE AND COMMITTEE STRUCTURE**

#### **CCIM BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

#### **Management Team**

**President** 

David Schnitzer, CCIM

**Presdient-Elect** 

D'Etta Casto-DeLeon, CCIM

First Vice President

Steve Rich, CCIM

Treasurer

Charlie Mack, CCIM

CEO/EVP

Paul Rumler, CCE

Audit Committee

Chair

Robin Webb, CCIM

Vice Chair

Tim Veler, CCIM

**Staff Liason** 

Mike Oberhaus

Governance Committee

Chair

Bill Adams, CCIM

Vice Chair

Travis Waldrop, CCIM

**Staff Liason** 

Becca Daly

Leadership Identification Subcommittee

Chair

Paul Lynn, CCIM

**Executive Committee** 

Chair

David Schnitzer, CCIM

Vice Chair

D'Etta Casto-DeLeon,

CCIM

Staff Liason

Becca Daly

Finance Committee

Chair

Charlie Mack, CCIM

Vice Chair

Jim Tansey, CCIM

**Staff Liason** 

Mike Oberhaus

Strategic Planning

Chair

D'Etta Casto-DeLeon,

CCIM

Vice Chair

Steve Rich, CCIM

**Staff Liason** 

Gail Collins



#### **GOVERNANCE AND COMMITTEE STRUCTURE**

<b>Education Presidential Liaison</b>			
2023 PL: Lydia Bennett, CCIM			
2024 PL: Holly Buchanan, CCIM	Chair	Vice Chair	Staff Liaison
<b>Education Committee</b>	Andie Edmonds, CCIM	Steve Rigl, CCIM	Steve Welch
Curriculum Subcommittee	Soozi Jones Walker, CCIM	Bill Mohr, CCIM	Barbara Klein
Education Long Range Planning Subcommittee	Tom Wallin, CCIM	Nate Worthen, CCIM	Sandra Samargis
Faculty Subcommittee	Tom Bothen, CCIM	Pamela Spadaro, CCIM	Denise Rosemon
University Outreach Subcommittee	Carleen Barth, CCIM	Lani Veler, CCIM	Jenae Grayer
Ward Center for Real Estate Studies Subcommittee	David Monroe, CCIM	Marina Hammersmith, CCIM	Derek Beacher
F.I.T. Presidential Liaison (Foundation, International, Technology)			
2023 PL: Brad Waken, CCIM			
2024 PL: James Robertson, CCIM	Chair	Vice Chair	Staff Liaison
<b>International Activities Committees</b>	Calvin Wong, CCIM	Jose Serrano, CCIM	Jessica Garcia
<b>CCIM Foundation</b>	Ellen Hsu, CCIM	James Robertson, CCIM	Kari Pantol
CCIM Technologies	Stan Gniazdowski, CCIM	Mike Armanious, CCIM	Carol Campbell, CCIM
Membership Presidential Liaison			
2023 PL: Adam Palmer, CCIM		TT 01 1	G. 661:
2024 PL: Robin Civish, CCIM	Chair	Vice Chair	Staff Liaison
<b>Designation Committee</b>	Robin Civish, CCIM	James Milner, CCIM	Lynnette Briggs
Diversity, Inclusion & Equality Committee	Agnes Rivera, CCIM	Shafiq Hirani, CCIM	LaShay Sydnor
<b>Government Affairs Committee</b>	Patrick Palmer, CCIM	Michael Reeves, CCIM	Gail Collins
<b>Professional Standards Committee</b>	Michael Hinton, CCIM	Patricia Tesluk, CCIM	Domonique Joiner
Member Services Presidential Liaison			
2023 PL: Bobbi Miracle, CCIM 2024 PL: John McClure, CCIM	Chair	Vice Chair	Staff Liaison
Marketing Committee	Glenn Preuss, CCIM	Robby Eaves, CCIM	Danny Lysouvakon
Member Services Committee	Holly Buchanan, CCIM	Evelyn Ward, CCIM	Domonique Joiner
Chapter Activities Subcommittee	Jason Holland, CCIM	Helen Chong, CCIM	Yvette Spriggs
Networking Subcommittee	Randall Moore, CCIM	Heather Placer Mull, CCIM	LaShay Sydnor
Regional Activities Subcommittee	Scott Overby, CCIM	Tim Veler, CCIM	Yvette Spriggs



#### **ANTITRUST/CONFLICT OF INTEREST**

Pursuant to your fiduciary duties to The CCIM Institute, The CCIM Institute's Conflict of Interest Policy, and the ILLINOIS Not-for-Profit Act, you must disclose any conflict of interest and you must recuse yourself from debate and any vote taken on the matter, especially when you have a financial interest in the matter that is discussed. As a volunteer, committee, or board member of The CCIM Institute you are reminded that The CCIM Institute must guard against any antitrust activities as referenced below.

Your cooperation is very important and most appreciated.

#### **Antitrust**

All present are reminded that The CCIM Institute must guard against any antitrust activities. The CCIM Institute is a not-for-profit organization. It is not organized for the purpose of, and may not play any role in, the competitive decisions of its members, nor in any way restrict competition among members or potential members. To avoid possible liability for you, individually, and for The CCIM Institute under antitrust laws, your presence at this meeting and/or in other activities of The CCIM Institute indicates your agreement to comply with the following rules:

- Do not discuss or engage in conduct to suggest fixing prices, fees, or other terms and conditions that affect price, fees for products or services of members of The CCIM Institute.
- Do not share information regarding current or future prices or fees for products or services of members of The CCIM Institute.
- Do not discuss discouraging or withholding patronage or services from or encouraging exclusive dealing with any supplier or purchaser or group of suppliers of purchases of products or services, any actual or potential competitor or group of actual potential competitors or any private or governmental entity.
- Do not discuss boycotting or refusing to deal with certain competitors, suppliers, customers, or groups of suppliers or customers.
- Do not discuss bids, tenders, solicitations or other invitations to bid in which members of The CCIM Institute or others in the profession may be interested.
- Do not discuss allocating or dividing customers, territories, or markets in which members of The CCIM Institute sell, may sell or refuse to sell their products and services.
- Do not discuss costs, inventories, product capacities, profits, profit margins, market studies or surveys, market shares, or other current or future business matters that may affect competition among the participants at the meeting.

#### THE CCIM INSTITUTE

Advancing the Commercial Real Estate Profession

#### STAFF CONTACT LIST

	Ext.	Title	
Arkin, Alyssa	4498	Membership and Inclusion Coordinator	
Beacher, Derek	4482	Ward Center Manager	
Briggs, Lynnette	4517	Designation Manager	
Campbell, Carol	312-544-8390	VP - CCIM Technologies	
Carter, Kaitlyn	4536	Marketing Coordinator	
Collins, Gail	4472	Deputy CEO	
Daly, Becca	4526	Director of Governance	
Danaher, Katlyn	4496	Education Logistics Manager	
DeRosier, Jennifer	8859	Marketing Specialist	
Dunford, Julia	4538	Marketing Manager	
Florzak, Gina	4478		
		Manager of Content Strategy and Publications	
Garcia, Jessica	4522	Global Programs Coordinator	
Grayer, Jenae	4462	Customer Experience Manager	
Hawk, Angela	4484	Education Technology Manager	
Hille, Jenna	4478	Director of Business Development	
Hodgson, Tim	4489	Education Editor	
Holley, Brie	8557	Education Support Coordinator	
Joiner, Domonique	4516	VP – Member Experience	
Jordan, Toni	8566	Continuing Education Specialist	
Judon, Carolyn	4513	Solution Center Advisor	
Klein, Barbara	4505	Designation Curriculum Manager	
Kooiker, Lara	4533	Senior Staff Accountant - Expenses	
Leider, Nick	8558	Senior Content Editor	
McIntyre, Megan	4527	Human Resources Manager	
Naglich, Mike	8552	IT Applications Manager	
Lysouvakon, Danny	4507	VP - Marketing, Sales, and Communications	
Oberhaus, Mike	4510	Chief Financial Officer	
Pantol, Kari	4481	Foundation Executive Director	
Pereira, Valerie	4477	Foundation Program Coordinator	
Phillips, Khristen	4537	Solution Center Advisor	
Rose, Sheena	4476	Senior Staff Accountant - Revenue	
Rumler, Paul	4470	CEO/EVP	
Rund, Kathryn	8579	Director of Meetings and Events	
Samargis, Sandra	8551	Director of Education Strategies and Initiatives	
Smith, Karen	4514	IT Support Specialist	
Spector, Mikhail	4518	IT Engineering Manager	
Spriggs, Yvette	4461	Chapter and Region Manager	
Sydnor, LaShay	4488	Member Services Manager	
Welch, Stephen	4539	VP – Education	
Willard, Brian	4511	Director of IT	
Wilson, Ben	312-544-8391	Director of Sales	
Yarbrough, Amanda	4521	Member Relations and Training Specialist	
Zahorik, Marie	4475	Senior Staff Accountant – Affiliates and Contracts	
Zavala, Victoria	8853	Education Operations Coordinator	
,		1	

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Education
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(Course access, registrations, grades)
Membership
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Designation
designation@ccim.com
( Portfolio, comprehensive exam, CCR)
( Portiono, comprehensive exam, CCR)
Site To Do Business
support@stdb.com
(Training, products, support)

Main CCIM Numbers			
Main Number 312-321-4460			
Course Registration	800-621-7027 Ext. 3100		
Main Fax (Finance)	312-321-4530		
Website	www.ccim.com		

### CCIM Foundation 312-321-4477

NAR Affiliates	
CRB	312-321-4400
CRE	312-329-8427
CRS	312-329-6000
IREM	312-329-6000
REBAC	800-648-6224
RLI	312-329-8440
SIOR	202-449-8200

REALTOR® Building	
1st Floor Lobby Receptionist	312-329-8558
GNP Realty Partners (Property Mgmt.)	312-329-8400

Emergency	
Emergency	911
Non-Emergency	311
Building Office	312-329-8527

<sup>\*</sup>Names in red indicate senior staff



## What is The CCIM Institute? Quick Facts



#### What is The CCIM Institute?

The CCIM Institute has a global footprint, an unrivaled reputation, and a suite of value offerings that elevates our members among other commercial real estate professionals. The CCIM Institute's courses and worldwide community deploy commercial real estate investment methodologies and tools that speed the pathway between opportunity, a go/no-go decision, and success for an asset, taught by instructors who are themselves industry leaders. Today, the organization, through its 59 chapters, continues to innovate through its core Designation program to earn the CCIM Pin — real estate's most coveted credential — and its topical education courses offered through the Robert L. Ward Center for Real Estate Studies.

#### What Is a CCIM?

Combining the very best in experience, education, and ethics — the CCIM Designation is earned by individuals who have committed the time, resources, and thought leadership to affirm themselves at the forefront of commercial real estate industry with confidence and authority. The CCIM Pin denotes that the wearer has completed advanced coursework in financial and market analysis, and demonstrated extensive experience in the commercial real estate industry.

Above all, the CCIM Designation represents proven expertise in financial, market, and investment analysis, in addition to negotiation. Courses in these core competencies are taught by industry professionals, ensuring all material reflects the state of the industry. With this real-world education, CCIM Designees are able to help their clients:

Minimize risk

► Enhance credibility

Make informed decisions

Close more deals

#### **Quick Facts**

- ▶ The CCIM Institute has been the leader in educating and equipping professionals in commercial real estate for over 50 years.
- ▶ Global network: There are members of The CCIM Institute in more than 30 countries around the world.
- Local network: There are 59 chapters around the world offering additional networking and education opportunities.
- Over 9,000 individuals currently hold the Designation. Another 4,000 are currently in pursuit.
- ▶ CCIMs complete over 160 hours of coursework in financial analysis, market analysis, investment analysis, and tenant analysis.
- ▶ 47% of members of The CCIM Institute are brokers. The remaining 61% includes investors, developers, consultants, property managers, tenant reps, corporate real estate executives, landlord representatives, appraisers, and lenders/bankers.
- ▶ 70% of members of The CCIM Institute hold the title of owner/principal/partner, president, vice president, or broker.
- Members of The CCIM Institute close thousands of deals annually, representing more than \$200 billion in value.
- ▶ CCIM Designees earn twice as much in annual gross personal income than non-designated professionals.

#### **Education and Designation**

#### **Course Formats**

There are four formats for courses:

- Classroom: Learn in a traditional classroom environment Interact and network with other professionals in a collaborative, small-group setting (approx. 4 days).
- Online Instructor-Led: Combine the personal attention of an instructor with the flexibility of online learning. Courses have two virtual sessions per week and defined start and end dates. All materials are provided online (approx. 5 weeks).

Course	Member Rate	Non-Member Rate
CI 101	\$1,200	\$1,735
CI 102	\$1,435	\$1,735
CI 103	\$1,435	\$1,735
CI 104	\$1,435	\$1,735
Negotiations	Varies	Varies
<b>Ethics Course</b>	Free	\$49
<b>Two Elective Credits</b>	Varies	Varies

- Online Self-Paced: Independently complete the course in one sitting or spread it out over several weeks. All materials are provided online (approx. 90 days).
- Virtual: A condensed version of our popular online instructor-lead format that provides enhanced engagement with your industry peers and your instructor. All materials are provided online (duration varies by course).

Core courses (CI 101- CI 104) are offered in all formats. The Robert L. Ward Center for Commercial Real Estate Studies courses are offered in-class, online instructor-led, and online self-paced. All final course exams are administered online.

#### **Designation Requirements**

To earn the CCIM Designation through the general candidacy program, you must:

- 1. Become a Candidate of The CCIM Institute: Membership in The CCIM Institute is required prior to submitting the Portfolio of Qualifying Experience and sitting for the Comprehensive Exam. Students are encouraged to become members as soon as they start the program to take advantage of the tuition discounts, Site To Do Business, and other benefits.
- 2. Successfully Complete the Designation Courses:
- ▶ CI 101: Financial Analysis for Commercial Investment Real Estate
- ► CI 102: Market Analysis for Commercial Investment Real Estate
- Eight hours of negotiations training through one of these two courses:
  - Preparing to Negotiate (online, self-paced)
  - i Commercial Real Estate Negotiations (classroom)
- ▶ CI 103: User Decision Analysis for Commercial Investment Real Estate (Pre-requisites: CI 101 and eight hours of negotiations training)
- ▶ CI 104: Investment Analysis for Commercial Investment Real Estate (Pre-requisites: CI 101 and eight hours of negotiations training)
- Ethics Course (online)
- 3. Earn Two Elective Credits: Credits can be earned through non-Designation courses, taking the Course Concepts Review (CCR), and for every 12 months of continuous membership. A full list of qualifying electives is online.
- 4. Submit the Portfolio of Qualifying Experience: The portfolio may be submitted any time after the completion of the CI 101 and before registering for the Comprehensive Exam. The portfolio must be approved before taking the Comprehensive Exam. Information on the requirements and the portfolio handbook can be found at <a href="https://www.ccim.com/portfolio">www.ccim.com/portfolio</a>.
- 5. Pass the Comprehensive Exam: Held twice a year in the U.S. and as-needed internationally, the Comprehensive Exam tests members' knowledge of CI 101-104 concepts. Learn more at <a href="https://www.ccim.com/comp-exam">www.ccim.com/comp-exam</a>.



#### **Time and Cost**

The CCIM Designation program was designed to help you work at your own pace earning the CCIM Designation. While students typically complete the program in one to three years, others haven taken anywhere from six months to 10 years to complete this program. Learn more at <a href="https://www.ccim.com/time-cost">www.ccim.com/time-cost</a>.

#### The CCIM Institute's Robert L. Ward Center for Real Estate Studies

- ▶ The Robert L. Ward Center for Real Estate Studies, named after The CCIM Institute's past President Robert L. Ward, CCIM, was created to provide continuing education and thought leadership to members of The CCIM Institute and non-members on timely topics in the commercial real estate industry.
- Course topics include financial investment tools, market analysis, tax issues, business development, negotiations, and crowdfunding, among others.

Sample of Ward Center Courses	The CCIM Institute Member Rate	Non-Member Rate
Introduction to Development Workshop	\$740	\$965
Foundations for Success in Commercial Real Estate	\$385	\$440
Commercial Real Estate Asset & Portfolio Management	\$215	\$255
Successful Strategies for Tenant Representation	\$175	\$215
Ground Lease Fundamentals	\$110	\$150

#### **Development Specialty Track**

- The Development Specialty Track program provides commercial real estate developers, investors, and consultants with an understanding of the resources and business practices required for successful development projects. The program content is structured around the Real Estate Development Matrix designed by Daniel Kohlhepp, Ph.D., Academic Director, Accelerated MSRE Program The Johns Hopkins Carey Business School. More information can be found at <a href="https://www.ccim.com/dev-track">www.ccim.com/dev-track</a>.
- Courses in the Development Specialty Track curriculum are open to all students. However, only current CCIM Designees can earn the Development Specialty distinction.

#### Membership

Membership is \$695 per calendar year for U.S. members. New members pay prorated dues based on the month they join. Learn more at <a href="https://www.ccim.com/membership">www.ccim.com/membership</a>.

Candidates are members who are working towards their CCIM Designation and may not display the CCIM Designation or logo. Candidates may state in their resume and bio, "I am a Candidate pursuing the CCIM Designation." Only those who have completed the Designation program are allowed to display the CCIM Designation and logo as long as membership is maintained with The CCIM Institute and National Association of REALTORS®. Guidelines for use of the CCIM Designation and for The CCIM Institute Candidacy can be found online.

Misuse of the CCIM designation can be reported to misuse@ccim.com.

#### **Member Benefits**

Candidates	Designees
<ul> <li>Tuition discounts on all courses offered through The CCIM Institute</li> <li>Free access to Site To Do Business: Platinum level</li> <li>Free access to DealShare: preference-matching marketing platform</li> <li>Subscription to Commercial Connections magazine</li> <li>Free web conferences</li> <li>Discounts on conferences</li> <li>CCIM Member Advantage Program</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Life with the Pin (LAP) tuition discounts on core courses</li> <li>Free access to Site To Do Business: Platinum level plus additional reports</li> <li>Free access to DealShare: preference-matching marketing platform</li> <li>Google G-suite</li> <li>Subscription to Commercial Connections magazine</li> <li>Discounts on conferences</li> <li>Designation promotion materials</li> <li>Find-a-CCIM Professional Directory</li> <li>CCIM Member Advantage</li> <li>Program</li> <li>CCIM Connect</li> </ul>

#### **Fast Track and University Fast Track**

#### **Fast Track**

Fast Track members need to complete the six Designation courses and sit for the Comprehensive Exam within 24 months from starting the program. The elective credit and portfolio requirements are waived.

Professionals with the following Designations can apply for the Fast Track program:

- AACI
- ▶ ALC
- ▶ CLO
- ► CMB
- ► CRF
  - CPM SIOR

**CRE** 

FRI\*

**RPA** 

MAI/SRPA

RICS (MRICS or FRICS)\*

#### \*Visit <u>www.ccim.com/fast-track</u> for more information. University Fast Track - Master's

Graduates of real estate master's programs from approved colleges and universities can receive credit for three core courses offered by The CCIM Institute — CI 101, CI 102, CI103, or CI 104 — and have the elective credit requirement waived.

Requirements: one core course, Ethics course, eight hours of negotiation training, submit a portfolio, and sit for the Comprehensive Exam all within 48 months from starting the program.

#### **University Fast Track - Undergraduate**

Graduates of real estate and/or finance undergraduate programs from approved colleges and universities can receive credit for CI 101 upon successful completion of the CI 101 exam.

Requirements: CI 102, CI 103, CI 104, Ethics course, and eight hours of negotiation training all within 48 months from starting the program. In addition, you must submit a portfolio and sit for the Comprehensive Exam within 72 months from starting the program.

View the list of participating universities at www.ccim.com/univ-fast-track.



#### THE CCIM INSTITUTE PROGRAM

The CCIM Institute believes in equipping the next generation of commercial real estate professionals with practical skills and tools to best serve their clients and build their own careers.

#### **CCIM Designation Program**

The CCIM Designation is one of the most recognizable indicators of professional achievement in commercial real estate.

Individuals who complete the CCIM Designation program are awarded the CCIM Designation and are given the iconic CCIM lapel Pin. CCIMs complete a series of courses, provide evidence of their experience in the industry, and bring it all together in a final and comprehensive exam.

#### **Cultural Diversity Education Program**

The Cultural Diversity Education Program (CDEP) is committed to advancing the professional growth of underrepresented groups in the commercial real estate industry. Qualified applicants will learn The CCIM Institute approach to investment strategy, financial analysis, and market analysis.

Through the program, qualified diversity real estate professionals are introduced to The CCIM Institute education. Since its inception, more than 1,500 students in the program have completed one of our two-day introductory courses, and some have gone on to earn the CCIM Designation. The CDEP offers discounts on tuition for the Foundations for Success in Commercial Real Estate course as well as the four core courses that are required to earn the CCIM Designation.

## CCIM Diversity and Inclusion Statement

The CCIM Institute and its chapters strive to embrace diversity through education, awareness, and business practices. We are committed to be an inclusive and open organization that embraces and values differences, welcomes all individuals and provides an equal opportunity environment for all. We will hold ourselves accountable for delivering on this vision.

#### **Veterans in Real Estate Program**

The CCIM Institute has partnered with the Illinois Department of Veterans Affairs to provide U.S. military veterans the opportunity to start their careers in commercial real estate. The CCIM Institute is able to offer veterans the opportunity to fund their education toward earning the CCIM Designation through the GI Bill®. Eligible vets or their beneficiaries (spouses or children) may receive tuition assistance for The CCIM Institute's Designation program, a non-college-degree certificate.

#### **University Outreach**

The University Outreach program is designed to help students and graduates achieve their real estate career goals. CCIM is the Designation to pursue for professional education, networking opportunities, and industry-leading technology in the commercial and investment real estate world.

#### **International Program**

Worldwide, The CCIM Institute works to provide the best commercial and investment real estate education and services, promote recognition of the CCIM Designation as the hallmark of excellence, and facilitate networking among all of its members. The International Program connects individuals in countries outside of the U.S. with international partners for commercial real estate training and networking. Currently, there are over 1,000 CCIMs representing 30 countries, outside of the U.S.



#### THE CCIM INSTITUTE PROGRAM

#### **CCIM Mentor**

Navigating your way into commercial real estate or even among the large member network of The CCIM Institute can be difficult. The CCIM Mentor is an exclusive online platform that matches undergraduate and graduate students interested in beginning their careers in commercial real estate and new CCIM Designees interested in specializing or getting more involved with The CCIM Institute with experienced CCIM mentors.

#### The Jay W. Levine (JWL) Leadership Development Academy

Named after Jay W. Levine, The CCIM Institute's first President and its second Designee, this nine- month program is designed to build the skills and self-knowledge participants need to fulfill leadership roles with The CCIM Institute, other real estate organizations, in business, and in the community.

With a blend of online and in-person training, the curriculum of the Academy is built upon core competencies for effective leadership in association, business, and community settings, with a focus on the understanding and application of leadership principles and techniques to further the personal and professional leadership development goals of participants.

Learn more at www.ccim.com/about-ccim/programs.



## Portfolios, Exam Dates, and Deadlines



#### PORTFOLIO OF QUALIFYING EXPERIENCE

#### **Quick Reference Guide**

#### Who needs to submit a portfolio?

Candidates must submit a portfolio to earn the CCIM Designation unless they are approved for the Fast Track Program. To see if you qualify for the Fast Track Program, visit <a href="https://www.ccim.com/membership/fast-track">www.ccim.com/membership/fast-track</a>.

#### When do I submit my portfolio?

Active candidates are eligible to submit a portfolio any time after passing CI 101. University Fast Track members are eligible to submit a portfolio after passing CI 103 or CI 104 depending on the specific program.

Submitted portfolios are reviewed twice a year, typically in February and August. Review the Designation calendar at <a href="https://www.ccim.com/Designation/calendar">www.ccim.com/Designation/calendar</a> for submission deadlines and corresponding Comprehensive Exam information.

#### Where and how do I submit my portfolio?

All portfolios are submitted online:

- Upload documents at portfolio.ccim.com in PDF format (email, Dropbox and/or zipfile are not permitted).
- Follow the step-by-step instructions within the online portal.
- Submit the portfolio for review and remit the submission fee.

#### How do I know the status of my submission?

You will receive an email approximately four weeks after the submission deadline with one of the following messages:

- **Approved:** Your submission is approved.
- Incomplete: Your submission is missing minor documents or details (e.g. a signature on your application or a recommendation), but your submission is otherwise acceptable. You have 30 days to supply the missing information to <a href="mailto:Designation@ccim.com">Designation@ccim.com</a> for your submission to be approved.
- **Disapproved:** Your submission does not meet the criteria. Contact the reviewer indicated in your email notice directly with requested documents or questions. You have 30 days to supply these materials to the reviewer.

#### What are the current volume requirements?

- Three or more activities totaling a minimum of \$30 million, or
- Exactly 10 activities totaling a minimum of \$10 million, or
- ▶ 20 activities with no dollar volume requirement.

Qualifying activities are those that have taken place within five years of the portfolio's submittal date and in which the candidate has had substantial participation.



#### PORTFOLIO OF QUALIFYING EXPERIENCE

#### What do I include in my portfolio?

The type of portfolio you submit will depend on your specialization, role, and years of experience in commercial real estate. To see what roles and activities qualify, please review the Portfolio Handbook found at <a href="https://www.ccim.com/portfolio">www.ccim.com/portfolio</a>.

#### All submissions include:









The remaining documents will vary depending on the type of portfolio you are submitting.

#### **Traditional**

Submit a traditional portfolio if you:

- Have at least two years but fewer than five years of full-time experience in commercial real estate, OR
- Will be using a lease renewal or extension, financial analysis, or a residential investment property as one or more of your qualifying activities.



#### Streamlined

Submit a streamlined portfolio if you:

- Have at least five years of full-time experience in commercial real estate, AND
- Will not be using a lease renewal or extension, financial analysis, or a residential investment property as one or more of your qualifying activities.



#### Non-Transactional

Submit a non-transactional portfolio if you:

- Are in a high-level professional role that does not involve brokering transactions, AND
- Have been in this role for at least five years.



<sup>\*</sup>Proof of Participation: At least two proofs of material participation in addition to settlement documentation for each activity.

All forms are available for download on the portfolio portal at <u>portfolio.ccim.com</u>. Your resume and company organizational chart may be uploaded in any format.

#### Still have questions?

Visit www.ccim.com/portfolio to view the Portfolio Handbook, which provides specifics about qualifying activities and professional roles.

For additional guidance email <u>Designation@ccim.com</u> or call +1 (800) 621-7027 ext. 4517.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Affidavit: Signed and notarized from the CFO, CPA, or Managing Broker from each firm the Candidate was a member of during the previous five years.

## THE CCIM INSTITUTE Advancing the Commercial Real Estate Profession

#### **DESIGNATION CALENDAR**

Upcoming deadlines to be aware of as you help candidates prepare for the next Comprehensive Exam.

#### 2023

#### Fall 2023 | Hyatt Regency Seattle

Portfolio Due Date: August 4, 2023

Exam Registration Deadline: September 22, 2023

▶ Course Concepts Review (CCR): October 16 - 19 | Virtual OR October 22 - 23 | In person

▶ Comprehensive Exam: October 24, 2023 | Hyatt Regency Seattle

#### 2024

#### Spring 2024 | Renaissance Nashville Hotel

Portfolio Due Date: January 12, 2024

Exam Registration Deadline: March 15, 2024

Course Concepts Review (CCR) Virtual: TBD

Comprehensive Exam: April 2024

#### Fall 2024 | Hilton Americas Houston

Portfolio Due Date: August 2, 2024

Exam Registration Deadline: September 20, 2024

► Course Concepts Review (CCR): TBD

▶ Comprehensive Exam: September 2024



## **Chapter Resource Manual**



#### **FOREWORD**

The CCIM Institute Chapter Resource Manual was developed to familiarize chapter leaders with activities and programs of The CCIM Institute, assist chapter officers with their duties and responsibilities and provide reference information, guidance, and suggestions. Information within the manual is easily adaptable to meet the needs of all chapters. No matter what your role next year, you will find helpful hints in making it an enjoyable and rewarding experience.

Additions and/or corrections will be distributed periodically. Please make copies as necessary to ensure your chapter's leadership is well informed and up to date. If additional assistance is needed, please contact The CCIM Institute's Chapter/Regions Department.

#### The CCIM Institute

Chapter/Region Support Team chaptercoordinator@ccim.com

430 North Michigan Avenue, Suite 700 Chicago, IL 60611-4092

800-621-7027



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To access chapter documents: Chapter Resources > Chapter Governing Documents

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#### Chapter 1 – LOCAL CHAPTER LEADERSHIP

The strength of any organization rests with those individuals whose actions, decisions and policies most directly influence or are influenced by individual members. The CCIM Institute firmly believes chapters are an important part of its overall organization.

- ▶ The chapters are best positioned to closely associate with members.
- Through events, programs, and activities, the chapter must develop and maintain an individual's interest and desire to participate.

Activity is the strength and measure of The CCIM Institute. Without an active program involving as many members as possible, no organization can grow, prosper, and attain the objectives for which it was formed. The greatest opportunity for involving members exists at the chapter level. Association-level programs are not intended to replace or compete with local activity. On the contrary, they are designed to complement chapter activity and to provide models for chapter programs.

#### **Key Chapter Personnel**

- Board of Directors
- ► Chapter President/President-elect
- ► Chapter Vice President
- Past President
- Committee Chairperson & members
- Secretary/Administrator
- Treasurer

#### 1.1 - Qualifications for Chapter Office

The following sections outline responsibilities of primary elected officers (President, Vice President, President- Elect, Secretary, and Treasurer), and responsibilities for various appointed positions. Some of these positions have certain qualifications, such as accounting knowledge for the Treasurer, or require specific facilities, such as access to clerical assistance for a chapter Secretary/Administrator.

However, all chapter leaders (Officers, Directors, committee chairs and others) should possess certain personal qualifications. Often these are assumed and taken for granted.

Desirable qualifications for chapter office:

- ▶ Genuine dedication to the purposes of the organization.
- Willingness to devote time and effort.
- ▶ Ability to organize time and resources.
- Ability to motivate others.
- ▶ Sincere desire to participate and be actively involved.
- Ability to work effectively in a group.
- ▶ Effective interpersonal communication.
- Ability to deal with people on a personal basis as well as extend and accept criticism.

Other important considerations for chapter office are:

- ▶ Will the individual's employer approve of time and probable expense (i.e., travel) involved?
- Does the individual have a good attendance record at chapter meetings and a demonstrated willingness to accept the chapter responsibilities of the committee?

If a chapter has a policy of "progression through the chairs," each individual nominated for the initial position must possess the necessary qualifications not only for that office but also for all succeeding offices.



#### 1.2 - Election of Officers

Election of officers should occur no later than June 1 in the year proceeding the term in which the officers will serve. For example, where the officer's term will begin January 1, 2024, the election to that position should take place not later than May 30, 2023.

This will provide the incoming officers the opportunity to participate in the annual Chapter Officer Training which is generally scheduled in July or August and provide officers the opportunity to attend the fall Annual Governance meeting prior to beginning their term.

#### 1.3 - Installation of Chapter Officers

Installation of incoming chapter officers should be held following the fall Annual Governance Meeting and before the end of the calendar year, prior to the year in which the officers will serve. The installation can occur during a formal event or informally at a special membership meeting.

After the type of installation ceremony has been selected, chapters should decide who will conduct it. In addition to the outgoing Chapter President, the chapter may consider inviting the Regional Vice President, President of the local commercial board and President of The CCIM Institute to participate in the ceremony.

Installation of Chapter Officers Template can be found online in Chapter Resources.

#### 1.4 - Chapter Board of Directors

The governing body of each chapter is the Board of Directors. The success of every chapter program and activity is the responsibility of the Board of Directors.

The Board of Directors is comprised of chapter officers and other members (Directors, Past Presidents, Committee Chairs, etc.) in accordance with the individual chapter's bylaws. The Board of Directors is responsible for the management of the chapter's affairs and supervises all chapter property. It should meet regularly to carry out its responsibilities. Meetings should be scheduled in advance to assure maximum attendance. It is also the responsibility of the Board of Directors to determine the basic format and length of the general membership meetings.

All members of the Board of Directors should be thoroughly familiar with the chapter's bylaws and the chapter's relationship to the national organization.

#### 1.5 - Establishing Goals

The Board of Directors should clearly state chapter goals; both short term and long range and make them available to the membership. Each chapter committee and activity should be established and/or continued based on contribution to these goals.

To proudly acknowledge chapter achievements, evaluate progress and provide accountability of goal attainment, objectives must be measurable. Chapter members should be informed of the strategic direction their board leadership is moving and how they can contribute to the chapter's success.

A copy of The CCIM Institute Long-Range Plan and Mission Statement is available at <a href="www.ccim.com">www.ccim.com</a>. The CCIM Institute Long-Range Plan should be considered when adopting chapter goals and objectives.



#### 1.6 - Finances/Budget

At its first meeting of the year, preferably with the outgoing officers, the Chapter Board of Directors:

Decides which officers will have the authority to sign checks. Checks usually carry a single signature, with two officers authorized to sign (dual signature is preferable).

Reviews its banking relationship. The Board of Directors is responsible for selecting the bank where normal operating funds will be deposited (excess funds should be assigned to interest-bearing accounts.) Considerations include interest rate, withdrawal restrictions and FDIC insurance.

The Board of Directors is also responsible for approving a budget for the year and establishing policies for management of chapter funds. A budget is essential for implementing a yearly program of service to the chapter membership. Cash management practices and internal controls should be established to ensure proper use of chapter funds.

Chapters should have a thorough financial policy and an annual budget to achieve chapter goals. It is normal for a small committee to prepare the budget rather than the entire board of directors. The Budget Committee should involve at least the President, immediate Past President, Treasurer and, in a transition year, the former Treasurer.

Review the chapter's mission statement, strategic plan, and business plans for the upcoming year.

A key concern when preparing the budget is chapter meetings. "Profit" from a chapter meeting should not be a windfall. It should be planned as part of the operating budget and/or an addition to chapter reserves. A forecast of member and meeting revenues/ expenditures is needed to ensure optimal budget management.

Fixed items of expense should be considered first when establishing a budget. Examination of historical financial records will clarify what expenses are relatively fixed.

The next step might be developing a "blue sky" expense budget--estimated expenses for achieving all chapter objectives considered for the next year.

Assuming fixed income will not offset these expenses; consider ways to generate additional sources of income. Determine market influences and their impact to members.

The next step is to prioritize goals. Decide what activities the chapter can pursue with its resources.

The purpose of a non-profit organization like The CCIM Institute and its chapters is <u>not</u> to accumulate funds. All income, with the exception of operating reserves, should be employed in activities designed to benefit the membership and advance the profession. Accumulation of funds can endanger a non-profit organization's tax exempt status unless specific purposes and uses are explained.

The CCIM Institute is classified by the Internal Revenue Service as a 501 (c) (6) tax-exempt organization. Individual state governments determine whether or not a CCIM chapter can be exempted from payment of state sales taxes. Each chapter needs to file for this non-profit status.

#### 1.7 - Model Chapter Bylaws and Minimum Requirements

The model chapter bylaws for chapters of The CCIM Institute were designed to serve as a guide for chapters to use when developing their own bylaws. They cover such areas as chapter membership, dues and fees, chapter meetings, chapter officers, elections, and committees. They are structured to give chapters flexibility. It is, however, recommended that a chapter generally follow the guidelines of the model bylaws closely to eliminate any conflicts.



Chapters should review the model bylaws and compare them to their own bylaws. All chapters are required to meet The CCIM Institute chapter minimum requirements which are noted as requiring verbatim adoption.

#### When proposing amendments to existing bylaws:

- First, the changes should be approved by two-thirds of the chapter's Designee members based on the chapter's bylaws.
- Then a copy of the old bylaws and proposed amendments (with the changes highlighted on both) must be submitted to The CCIM Institute and approved by The CCIM Institute's CEO.
- This all must take place before the amendments can be adopted.

A sample of the Model Chapter Bylaws is in the CCIM Governance Reference Library on CCIMConnect.com.

#### 1.8 - Chapter Officer Leadership Training

As needed in July or August, The CCIM Institute, regions, and chapters participate in Chapter Officer Leadership Training. This training is designed to: develop chapter leadership, share best practices, update current and future chapter leaders on national policies and procedures as well as services and benefits available to them and their chapter from The CCIM Institute. The training is provided by CCIM Institute staff, and leadership.

#### The program agenda includes:

- Updates from leadership and staff on current national issues that affect the chapters and regions.
- Developing chapter goals and objectives for the upcoming year.
- ▶ Services/programs available from The CCIM Institute.
- Roundtable's focusing on officer responsibilities including Designation promotion, candidate guidance, membership, local delivery of The CCIM Institute courses and more.
- Networking and sharing of ideas and programs with other chapter leaders from your region and other regions of The CCIM Institute.

Chapter Officer Leadership Training funds are a set stipend to offset the cost of lodging and are determined by the Chapter Activities Subcommittee:

- On-site food expenses for all attendees.
- Transportation costs for chapter leaders are NOT covered.

It is important to take advantage of this opportunity to benefit from the experiences of current and past chapter officers. If you have CCIMs who are going to be in leadership positions in the next few years, encourage them to attend.

For more information, contact your regional officer or Chapter/Region Support Team at The CCIM Institute.



#### Chapter 2 – LOCAL BOARD OF DIRECTORS ROLE

#### 2.1 - Role of the Chapter President/ President Elect

A chapter, like any other organization, needs a good manager. The chapter President will be managing limited resources -- time, money, and member involvement. An individual's nomination to presidency should be based on a record of accomplishments, a demonstrated interest in serving the organization and has the ability to promote the chapter. The more people directly involved in the chapter the stronger the organization.

#### **Key Qualities and Primary Responsibilities**

Strong leadership abilities, particularly in motivation and communication.

Accomplished public speaking skills. Since the President serves as the spokesperson for the chapter, he or she should be an articulate speaker.

Ability to delegate authority to lessen management responsibility.

Motivational skills to assure participation of officers and members.

- ► Chief Executive Officer of the chapter.
- Presides at all meetings of the chapter membership and the Board of Directors.
- ► Typically appoints committee chairs and members.
- ▶ Participate in all regional conference calls.
- Ensure the chapter submits its annual report to The CCIM Institute in a timely fashion.
- Other responsibilities as assigned to the chapter President by the Board of Directors.

#### **Advance Work**

Chapter officers serve calendar year terms. Ideally, there is a period of several months between election (May) and installation (December). The Presidents should take advantage of this time to prepare for their term of office. During this time incoming chapter Presidents should:

- Make arrangements to attend Chapter Officer Training if offered by The CCIM Institute.
- **B**egin to identify what they want to accomplish (i.e., set goals and objectives).
- Review existing programs and examine how they are meeting the needs of the chapter members.
- Prioritize goals and objectives.
- Confer with predecessors; discuss chapter successes and challenges of the previous year.
- Make sure all chapter officers have a copy of the current chapter bylaws and chapter leadership or operations manual.
- Monitor the transition of the new chapter Secretary and Treasurer. Make sure all official documents and chapter possessions are turned over to the appropriate new officers (i.e., files, stationery, financial records, chapter banner, etc.).
- Make sure all officers and directors have a copy of the chapter operations calendar.

Check the calendar carefully for any events that occur during the transition period and confirm that the responsibility for any action that needs to be taken has been clarified.



#### 2.2 - Other Presidential Responsibilities

Presidential Responsibilities Extend into the Following Areas		
Chapter communication  The chapter President is sent the majority of correspondence from The CCIM Institute	▶ He or she distributes information to the appropriate officers, committee chairs and entire membership when necessary.	
Represent the chapter at national meetings  The chapter President should represent the chapter at the two annual meetings of The CCIM Institute.	<ul> <li>If the President is unable to attend these meetings, the Vice President or another officer represents the chapter.</li> <li>Each chapter President is appointed as a member of the national Chapter Activities Committee.</li> <li>This committee represents the chapter's voice in the administration of The CCIM Institute.</li> </ul>	
Annual report to members  The President should present a report on the "state of the chapter" to the membership annually.	This report includes a summary of the chapter's accomplishments for the calendar year.	
Represent the chapter at all Regional Caucuses	<ul> <li>If the President is unable to attend, they should arrange for the Vice President-Elect to attend.</li> <li>Only chapter presidents and Vice Presidents (President -Elect, First Vice President, etc.).</li> </ul>	

As an aid to future officers, any other responsibilities given to the chapter President should be carefully documented. Additional responsibilities should be updated annually.

#### 2.3 - Role of the Chapter Vice President/President-Elect

As provided in most chapter bylaws, the basic responsibility of the chapter Vice President is to assume the powers and duties of the office of the President in the case of a vacancy in that office. The Vice President is an officer who functions as the second in command. Should the President resign or be unable to complete the term of office, the Vice President will assume that office. In many chapters the Vice President is the next president; thus, the term of Vice President should be filled with activity. In these cases, the Vice President may be called President-Elect.

Some chapters may also opt for a first Vice President and a second Vice President to add another position of responsibility as a leadership training opportunity. Chapter Vice Presidents should be well informed of all chapter activities. It is crucial for incumbent chapter Vice Presidents to spend their year learning all the roles of the board and committees and be prepared to assume many of the administrative function.

To ensure the Vice President's term is one of both contribution and learning, the Vice President should oversee the performance of several committees of the chapter that report to the board. The main function of the Vice President is to assist the chapter President in implementing their agenda for the chapter and assist in steering the chapter in the strategic direction that will promote membership growth and retention, build committees, and assist in chapter activities.



The chapter Vice President/President elect should also have knowledge of all chapter committees. The chapter Vice President has the following responsibilities:

- Implementing the chapter President's agenda.
- ▶ Communicating and leading the committee chairs based on the strategic plan.
- Formulating and implementing the strategic plan determined by the chapter President and board to grow chapter membership and retention.
- Regularly monitor budget performance.
- Overseeing chapter growth as determined in the strategic plan.
- Attend Chapter Officer Training if offered by The CCIM Institute.
- Participate in all regional conference calls.
- Preside over chapter meetings in the absence of the President.
- ▶ Represent the chapter at all national meetings and regional caucuses if the President is unable to attend.

The chapter Vice President receives a majority of correspondence sent to the chapter President from The CCIM Institute. This helps keep them informed with the requests made of the chapter President and remain aware of the types of responsibilities they will assume.

#### 2.4 - Chapter Past President

Completion of the term as chapter President does not mean an end to responsibility. The Past President:

- > Serves in essential advisory capacity and is usually included as a member of the chapter Board of Directors.
- ▶ Has valuable experience to share regarding policies of the chapter and The CCIM Institute.
- ▶ Knows the details of administering various activities.
- Normally chairs the nominating committee. This individual must be aware of all chapter activities in order to identify potential candidates for chapter office.
- Provides continuity to chapter leadership.

Some chapters may wish to consider forming an advisory committee composed of active chapter Past Presidents. This group can meet on an as needed basis to counsel the Board of Directors on sensitive matters. Some chapters assign the duty of writing the chapter goals and objectives to a committee of Past Presidents.



#### 2.5 - Chapter Secretary (Administrator)

The chapter Secretary/Administrator is the focal point of all communications, both internal and external. The chapter Secretary probably knows more about what is going on in the chapter than any other officer.

Generally, the chapter Secretary should:

- Keep all records.
- Conduct all correspondence.
- Submit various reports as required.

The detailed outline of the responsibilities below emphasizes the significant role played by the chapter Secretary. Individuals considered for this position should be aware of the magnitude of responsibilities before accepting. The chapter Secretary/Administrator **must**:

- Have available administrative assistance and the time and funds to attend all chapter Board of Directors meetings as well as membership meetings.
- Be familiar with the responsibilities of other chapter officers and all chapter committees. Other chapter officers rely on the Secretary/Administrator to answer a variety of questions about members and activities.

In view of the qualifications needed to fill this important position, some chapters chose to appoint the Secretary/Administrator rather than elect the individual. Considering the extent of the responsibilities, many chapters provide some type of compensation to the Secretary/Administrator. This is acceptable, as long as no legal or ethical conflicts exist. When a chapter officer receives compensation from the chapter, it is strongly recommended the person's status on the chapter Board of Directors be non-voting.

As an alternative, several chapters retain a multi-association management firm or a staff member from their local board of REALTORS® to perform the secretarial duties.



Some of the responsibilities identified below may be assigned to other individuals or committees. However, in the absence of such delegation, the responsibility remains that of the chapter Secretary/Administrator.

Responsibilities of the Chapter Secretary	
Maintenance of personnel records	Keep a complete roster of the names, addresses, and telephone numbers of all members of the chapter's Board of Directors; committee chairs and members; and officers of districts, if applicable.
	A meeting attendance record and information on chapter activities of each member should be maintained for the use of the nominating committee.
	Maintenance of the chapter roster.
Responsibilities related to the Board of Directors	Assist the President in preparing and distributing meeting agendas and notices to all members of the Board of Directors.
	Record minutes at these meetings and distribute them promptly.
	Direct copies of these minutes to the regional Vice President, regional first Vice President, and The CCIM Institute.
	▶ Keep a record of Board members attendance at these meetings.
Responsibilities related to	Prepare and mail meeting notices/programs.
chapter meetings	Record minutes of business meetings and distribute as directed. Send a copy to the regional officers and Institute headquarters.
	Maintain attendance records/registration lists.
	Submit chapter meeting report form after every meeting.
Correspondence	▶ Initiate all correspondence as directed by Board of Directors and/or membership, including prompt notification to officers, nominees, and committee members of their selection, nomination, or appointment.
	Send welcome letters to new members, if not routinely handled by another individual or committee.
Committee activity	Because of the unique position regarding the exchange of information and the membership roster, the Secretary/Administrator often serves on the membership promotion, newsletter, Designation, and/or other committees.
File maintenance	The chapter Secretary/Administrator should maintain a file of committee and other activity reports, minutes, lists of officers, recipients of awards, current chapter bylaws, programs, and papers presented. These reports facilitate the preparation of the President's Cup application.
Order and distribute supplies	The Secretary/Administrator is the primary contact for basic supplies, such as stationery and forms.
Maintain possession of the chapter's physical property	► The Secretary/Administrator is responsible for items such as the banner, office supplies and equipment, certificates, and plaques.

The CCIM Institute and regional officers should be added to the mailing list for all chapter mailings such as newsletters and meeting announcements.

The Secretary or Chapter Administrator should attend Chapter Administrator training held during Chapter Officer Training if offered by The CCIM Institute.



#### 2.6 - Chapter Member Reports

The CCIM Institute Chapter Reports Portal offers chapter leaders and administrators real-time data for course and membership marketing.

Use chapter assigned login credentials to access the reports: Chapter Resources > Reports > Chapter Reports Page.

- Chapter Prospects Report enables each chapter to compile a marketing list of prospective students in the local areas to send promotional messages about upcoming courses hosted by the chapter. These prospect reports are broken down by courses and prospect/national membership types.
- Licensed Course Roster Report enables each chapter to generate a list of students registered in their licensed course(s). This report will only include chapter licensed courses that are active, appear on The CCIM Institute website, and have students registered in the course.
- ► Chapter Membership History Report include all current and lapsed chapter members.
- Active Chapter Members Report (NEW) current active chapter members.
- Lapsed Chapter Members Report (NEW) lapsed chapter members who were active the prior year.
- Active Nat No Chapter Prospects Report (NEW) active national members who reside in the chapter area but do not have a chapter membership.
- ▶ All Chapter Prospects Report (NEW) contacts who reside in the chapter area who have or have had an active chapter or national membership.
- New Candidate Member Report includes new candidate members in the local chapter area. This report can be used for new member engagement.
- ▶ New/Renewing Chapter member template chapter submitted reports identifying chapter members who paid directly to the chapter for input into the national AMS.

Use personal ccim.com login credentials to access the reports: CCIM Connect Community > Library > Unified Dues Billing Statements.

Unified Dues Billing Report - chapter membership dues collected by month for participating chapters. Reports are available midmonth for dues collected the month prior. Use your personal ccim.com login credentials to access Unified Dues Billings Reports.

To ensure all chapter member details are reflected on the chapter reports, chapters who currently participate in unified dues billing and collect payments on a chapter level, must submit paid new or renewing chapter member details weekly, on Mondays, using the provided template to The CCIM Institute staff will enter details collected by the end of the week.

It is the chapter's responsibility to send all chapter member updates to <u>chaptercoordinator@ccim.com</u>. The CCIM Institute relies on chapters to provide current information, such as changes of address or title and notices of deaths.

If you locate a discrepancy on the report, please contact the Chapter/Region Support team at The CCIM Institute.

#### 2.7 - Chapter Meeting Reports

A chapter meeting report form can be found within the Chapter Resources. Chapter Administrators should copy and submit a completed report after each chapter membership meeting to chapter.



#### Chapter meeting reports should include:

- A brief report on the meeting with short summaries of papers presented or topics covered. If papers are available, they should be sent with the reports.
- Some arrangements should be made for pictures at all chapter meetings. Photographs should be maintained in the chapter files and a few prints should be sent with the chapter meeting report. It is suggested chapters also use photographs in the chapter's newsletters.
- ▶ The names and titles of distinguished guests and speakers.
- Information on new officers after meetings when elections are held.
- All available information about forthcoming meetings should be included, i.e., dates and locations.
- ▶ Highlights of actions taken at such as projects initiated, and committees named.
- ▶ Attendance figures.

#### 2.8 - Chapter Treasurer

The Chapter Treasurer:

- Must be familiar with basic bookkeeping procedures such as double entry bookkeeping and journal entries.
- Is expected to attend each meeting of the chapter's Board of Directors.
- ▶ Should attend Chapter Officer Training if possible and if offered by The CCIM Institute.
- As with other chapter officers, the Treasurer must have available time and employer support to perform the job effectively.

In view of the special qualifications for this position, many chapters appoint rather than elect their Treasurer. Several chapters have engaged a professional accountant or bookkeeper and enrolled the individual as an affiliate or associate member of their local chapter. This practice is recommended if the chapter membership lacks an individual qualified to serve as Treasurer.

Information regarding chapter finances and the chapter Treasurer can be found on <a href="www.ccim.com">www.ccim.com</a>. Particular emphasis is placed on reporting and recordkeeping procedures.

#### 2.9 - Assumption of Duties as Treasurer

Recognizing the importance of maintaining accurate financial records, a smooth transition is essential. The incoming and outgoing Treasurers should schedule a meeting at which they can thoroughly review the operating procedures. The new Treasurer should make sure the reconciled bank statement for the end of the year agrees with the book balance, which is the amount reported as the cash balance. (See section on Fiscal Responsibilities for details).



Responsibilities of the Chapter Treasurer		
All chapter funds	<ul> <li>The Treasurer is responsible for the receipt, safekeeping, and disbursement of all chapter funds.</li> <li>All funds shall be deposited in the name of the chapter in a bank account.</li> </ul>	
Check disbursements	<ul> <li>All significant disbursements must be made by check.</li> <li>The Treasurer prepares a list of all cash disbursements, showing check number, date, payee, and amount, with an explanation, where deemed appropriate, for approval by the chapter Board of Directors at its regular meetings.</li> </ul>	
Recordkeeping	The Treasurer maintains complete records of all financial transactions of the chapter, preparing periodic financial reports and collecting of all monies.	
Reconciling receipts	<ul> <li>Keep records of all receipts from luncheon ticket sales, registrations, and any social events the chapter may sponsor.</li> <li>While a committee chair may handle much of this, it remains the Treasurer's responsibility to reconcile receipts with such things as attendance figures.</li> <li>In view of this accountability, the Treasurer must work with the committees to establish procedures to account for meeting receipts and expenses.</li> </ul>	



# **Chapter 3 – CHAPTER COMMITTEES**

One of the most effective ways of accomplishing your chapter's stated objectives are to assign working committees to achieve the task. Chapters that function well and carry on good programs have a strong network of committees.

#### The reasons for establishing committees include:

- 1. Distribution of workload among Board of Directors.
- 2. Provide members the opportunity to contribute to the chapter's success.
- 3. Engaging collaborative opportunities.
- 4. Streamlined chapter processes.
- 5. Chapter member leadership development.

# Key Chapter Committees (Per The CCIM Institute and Bylaws)

- Candidate Guidance
- DesignationPromotion
- Membership

Chapter officers are the prime movers of all chapter activities; this is particularly true with committees. It is through the selection of qualified and interested committee members and the support of the committee's work that successful programs are initiated and maintained.

Local chapter needs, size, geography and other considerations vary so much that not all chapters have the same configuration of committees. Committees such as Designation promotion and candidate guidance are common to all chapters, while others may vary with the interests of members. In some chapters, the Board of Directors may perform the committee functions described on the following pages. All chapters should be provided with clear direction and purpose of each committee.



## 3.1 - Tips for Chairing a Committee

Even with capable members, clear goals to achieve, and good staff support, a committee without leadership may be ineffective. To achieve continuity, committee chairs, when possible, should be selected from the previous year's committee members.

The success achieved by the chair of a committee will depend largely on his/her ability to guide the committee meetings toward a definite goal. The following guidelines will be helpful for reaching that goal.

Tips for Chairing a Committee	
Opening the Meeting	<ul> <li>Always start the meeting on time and try to avoid interruptions.</li> <li>Work with a definite agenda. Agendas should be mailed to your members at least ten days</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>prior to the meeting.</li> <li>Clearly state the reason for the meeting, beginning with a brief overview of what is to be accomplished. If there is no pressing business to conduct, don't hold a meeting.</li> </ul>
Structure and Control	<ul> <li>Make sure committee members get all the information about an issue, pro, and con.</li> <li>Invite contributions but keep a low profile while directing the meeting.</li> <li>Encourage incomplete ideas. These can serve as springboards to workable solutions.</li> </ul>
Summarize and Record	<ul> <li>Make sure adequate minutes are kept of each meeting and distributed to each committee member, the chapter Secretary/Administrator, and The CCIM Institute's membership staff.</li> <li>Minutes from the previous meeting should be distributed to members in advance of each meeting.</li> </ul>
	Check at the end of the meeting to see if members feel that all relevant subjects have been adequately discussed.

Committees perform a necessary function in the operation of the chapter. They provide a cross-section of experience and knowledge and allow for continuity of thought and cooperation. Committee work serves as an excellent training ground for future leaders. The opportunity for an individual to participate in committee work, and the challenge it provides, enhances the feeling of belonging and of playing a significant role in the chapter. It is important to involve new Designees on various chapter committees.

## 3.2 - Designation Promotion Committee

Public relations are used to increase the public's awareness of an organization's goals, programs, and/or membership. Chapters of The CCIM Institute can use it to promote the CCIM Designation.

The extent of that promotion depends on the chapter's size and budget. Larger chapters may be able to establish a detailed campaign that includes a wide range of activities, while smaller chapters may only be able to send out news releases. Regardless, the success of public relations is based on the message that is being delivered and the frequency that it is being heard.

To determine those two critical elements and other related factors, every chapter is required to have someone responsible for organizing its Designation promotion program. As part of chapter minimum requirements, each chapter must have a Designation promotion committee. Chapters with the manpower should consider forming a committee since public relations is an integral part of chapters and a benefit and service to their membership.



#### **Committee Responsibilities for PR Planning**

Public relations requires planning and organization. Forming committees distributes the work among other members.

The following are some of the **basic responsibilities of a Designation Promotion Committee**. The more extensive the program, the more responsibilities are involved:

- Set public relations goals and determine the approach and budget for achievement.
- Develop a local media list to include newspapers, trade publications and radio and television stations.
- Develop contacts with the media.
- Monitor the local media for opportunities to provide story ideas that involve the CCIM Designation.
- Prepare and distribute news releases concerning the CCIM
   Designation and chapter activities.

### Laying the Groundwork for Successful PR

The three main steps for conducting public relations are:

- ▶ Communicate the appropriate message.
- ▶ Target an audience or public that should hear the message.
- ▶ Chose the best way to reach that audience.

- ► Talk to the media about the CCIM Designation and chapter.
- ▶ Plan guest-speaking engagements for chapter meetings.
- Monitor your public relations activities and accomplishments.
- Maintain contact with The CCIM Institute's public relations department staff to stay abreast of national public relations activities.
- Prepare a year-end report on the public relations program, including final budget estimates and recommendations for the following year.

Once the committee members set goals for promoting the Designation, they will be better able to develop a message and determine who should hear it. One of the best ways to reach your target audience is through the print and broadcast media. Most people get information from some type of media outlet—newspapers, trade publications, television, or radio programs.

### **Developing a Media List**

When developing a media list, select the outlets best suited to reach your target audience. The following are types of media outlets you should include on your list:

- Local newspapers (daily and weekly).
- Local trade publications.
- Local business publications.
- Local cable programs.
- Local television news programs.

- Local radio news programs.
- Local television and radio information.
- Publications of state associations, programs (i.e., talk shows) and local boards.

A specific contact person should be listed on your media list for each outlet. You should try to select people who are already familiar with your subject area, such as real estate reporters or business reporters. You will be able to determine the appropriate news people to receive your information by reading the publications and listening to the programs chosen for your media list.

The best way to learn the names of news people who should receive your information is to call the organization where they work. You can locate the organizations' telephone numbers and addresses in your local telephone directory.



It is very important to periodically update your media list because news people frequently relocate. Information that is sent to someone who is no longer at an organization might be thrown away instead of forwarded to the new person.

Two important publications that should be included on your media list are:

- Chapter newsletter.
- Magazines of local boards and state associations.

Sending your information to these publications will help you get your information to chapter members and other REALTORS®. Local industry professionals should continually be exposed to the significance of the CCIM Designation. If the local boards or state association in your area do not have publications, send the information to their Executive Officer or Secretary for distribution.

### News Releases — The Basics of PR

Now that you've developed your media list, you're ready to start distributing The CCIM Institute message. News releases are probably the easiest way to do it. Preparing and distributing news releases can be simple if you're organized.

The first step is to determine what events, activities, and situations will warrant distributing news releases. It's important to send out releases of substance that will interest the people you're trying to reach.

Sample Press Release Topics:

- Special guest speaker your chapter has scheduled.
- Chapter member's achievement that impacts the real estate community.
- Forum hosted by your chapter where a "hot" issue is being discussed.
- Special educational program the chapter is presenting.
- Preparing news releases on the special events your chapters has scheduled, call and invite the media to attend those events. They will be especially interested in attending if they have been covering the issue or if it's an extremely important issue in your community.

Writing the release is a critical step. The person responsible for this should be a good writer and a good speaker, since he/she will be responsible for both preparing news releases and handling inquiries from the media after the releases have been distributed. It is extremely important for this person to be able to assist the media when they call regarding a news release. This is the chapter's opportunity to gain considerable publicity. If the contact person cannot provide them with the additional information they need, that publicity is jeopardized.

### **Press Releases Template**

The following press release templates can be downloaded on Chapter Resources via Connect:

- President's Cup Award
- CCIM Chapter New Designee
- New Chapter Officer
- New Chapter President
- ► Chapter Honors 25 Years of Service
- Chapter New Leadership Announcement



### Chapter Newsletters — Keeping the Insiders Informed

Another important public relations tool is the chapter newsletter. It is an excellent way to keep chapter members informed especially if the chapter encompasses a large area.

A newsletter can be as detailed or as simple as you want it to be. It can be a one-page, typewritten sheet, or a 12-page, typeset booklet, depending on the amount of time and money that is available. The two most important factors when producing a newsletter are:

- ▶ Distribute it regularly (monthly or quarterly).
- ▶ Include up-to-date, relevant information.

Not only does a newsletter link chapter members together, but it can also serve as a Designation promotion tool. By including allied professionals and other related groups on your complimentary subscription list, you will continually expose them to The CCIM Institute.

The person selected as the Newsletter Editor should be a good writer, well organized and has a strong interest in the project. This person will have many duties to take the newsletter from being a good idea to the member's mailboxes.

#### **Basic responsibilities of the Newsletter Editor**

- Preparing the production schedule.
- Writing articles.
- ▶ Editing articles submitted by others.
- ▶ Securing articles to reprint in the newsletter.
- Securing photographs.
- Arranging the articles and photographs on the pages.
- Coordinating with the printer to have the newsletter typeset and printed.
- Developing a mailing list for the newsletter and coordinating the distribution.

#### **Chapter Marketing Resources**

All chapter marketing resources can be located at <a href="www.ccim.com/chapter-marketing">www.ccim.com/chapter-marketing</a>. This turn-key resource page gives chapter leaders and administrators an organized and straightforward way to access all available marketing resources and templates.

#### 3.3 - Candidate Guidance Committee

The basic responsibility of the Candidate Guidance Committee is to assist or guide candidates of The CCIM Institute through the entire candidacy process. The staff at The CCIM Institute is available to provide assistance and answer any questions candidates may have about the program.

However, some of the candidate's concerns can be more effectively met at the chapter level, therefore, each chapter **must** have a functioning **Candidate Guidance Committee**. The chapter Candidate Guidance Committee assists candidates in a variety of ways, such as:

- Informing people who have taken CI courses and are involved in the chapter about the procedures of becoming a candidate.
- Assisting candidates through the process of obtaining the CCIM Designation.



- ▶ Sponsoring portfolio-writing workshops prior to each deadline; this should include follow-up with candidates preparing portfolios. Designees who have recently been awarded the Designation are a good resource for mentoring. Portfolio graders and CI staff are also available to assist with chapter seminars.
- ▶ Helping candidates study for the comprehensive exam.
- Familiarization with the Designation process, with The CCIM Institute staff and various The CCIM Institute events, enables committee members to answer questions candidates may have or to direct them to the proper person.

### 3.4 - Membership Committee

Chapters that have been successful at developing strong memberships continually work hard at it. Under The CCIM Institute chapter minimum standards, all chapters of The CCIM Institute must form a membership committee. The Membership Committee develops projects and strategies for recruiting and retaining chapter members.

The Membership Committee should consist of members who are good at:

- ldentifying people to bring into the chapter.
- Possess good communication skills.
- ▶ Be knowledgeable of Chapter Activity.

Preparing membership drives to increase chapter members promoting The CCIM Institute and Designation to prospective members developing ideas for keeping members active.

The Chair and Vice Chair should be chosen from the chapter leaders and must be in good standing with the chapter and The CCIM Institute.

The Membership Committee may have a wide variety of responsibilities ranging from recruitment/retention activities to maintenance of the chapter's roster of active members. Its size and the responsibilities will vary from chapter to chapter depending on the chapter's size.

### 3.5 - Education/Programs Committee

These two functions should be two different committees, depending on the resources available within the chapter.

The future growth of chapters largely depends upon the types of programs and educational opportunities arranged by chapter Presidents and committee Chairs. Since majority of members of The CCIM Institute have only infrequent opportunities to attend the annual meetings, their principal contact and identification with the organization is through chapter meetings and educational activities at the local level.

It is extremely important to plan meeting programs of high quality that address "cutting edge" commercial investment real estate issues and problems in a timely manner.

It is the formal and informal discussions with colleagues at chapter meetings that many members see as the most important benefit of their affiliation. These two committees are the backbone of the chapter.



The chapter's Board of Directors should have complete guidelines for the Education/Program Committee(s) including:

- Recruiting of quality speakers.
- ▶ Recruiting mediators for programs.
- ▶ Policies on expenses and honorariums.
- Program completion deadlines.
- Rationales for selection of subjects.
- Assessment of chapter members.
- Involvement of faculty and utilization.
- Education and training needs (survey should be completed twice a year to ensure programs are innovative) of a local scholarship program.
- ▶ Type of meeting place selected.

Remember to solicit members' opinions on desirable and timely subjects and speakers.

Many chapters may cover large geographic areas, lack centrally located educational institutions or meet infrequently. However, these factors are not barriers to a successful educational program. One hundred miles is a reasonable distance to travel for a one-day program. Two-day programs are more feasible for further distances, providing lodging is reasonable. Often people in large, sparsely populated areas are the most enthusiastic about attending such programs, since they have fewer opportunities for meeting with professional colleagues to exchange information.

Education includes working with existing Designees and candidates, people who should be involved in the program, members of affiliated industries and members of the public. A good education program is a great benefit to the chapter.

#### **First Things First**

After the committee is formed, the members should:

- Immediately discuss the benefits of belonging to the chapter.
- Develop a list of reasons why prospects may want to join and why members should maintain their membership.
- Review the membership application or develop one that can incorporate the above-mentioned list whenever it is distributed.
- Formulate goals and set a course of action for recruiting and retaining members.
- Develop membership appreciation program for members.

Quality services and programs that change with the times to meet member needs are the key to successful member retention and recruitment. If you are not providing new, innovative, and quality benefits and services, do not expect current members to stay and new members to join.

### **Getting People to Join**

Getting someone to join your chapter is "where the rubber meets the road." A detailed recruiting plan will be instrumental in your success.



### Sample Steps for Effective Recruiting

Suppose your recruitment goal is to double chapter membership by the end of the year.

- As a first step, develop a list of prospective members to contact. The prospective member list can be composed of new candidates of The CCIM Institute; students from CI designated or licensed courses and local individuals from allied professions.
- Personal contact is the most influential tool, but often it is impossible because of time constraints. Telephone calls, personal letters, leaflets, form letters, faxes, e-mail, or booklets can also be effective ways of reaching prospects.
- When approaching a prospective member by telephone, the person should always receive something in writing as well. You may want to precede the call with a letter that includes a "Why Should I Join" list and application. State in the letter that you will be following up with a call in a few days. You may also want to send a letter with the list and application after an initial telephone call as reinforcement.

Invite prospective members to a chapter meeting, special awards program, or professional development seminar. Create a membership appreciation event with networking opportunities.

The committee should also consider scheduling events specifically designed for recruiting, such as holding a barbecue and picnic and requesting each chapter member bring one prospective member. Of course, have membership information available for the prospects to take home.

#### **Keeping Members Interested**

Adding new members to the chapter roster is important, however, retaining member interest is equally important. The Membership Committee should set concrete plans for member retention.

### Example #1: Committee Goal - have all current members renew their memberships.

Steps to reach this goal:

- Determine the reasons members decide to resign and attempt to dissuade their decision. Sometimes members do not see how the chapter is benefiting them or they become dissatisfied for some reason.
- Consequently, it is essential to encourage members to voice their displeasure, so steps can be taken to resolve the problem.

Continually update members on membership benefits through the chapter newsletter or other information pieces.

Consider sending a personal letter along with the dues renewal notice. This will give your chapter another opportunity to highlight the benefits of membership. Develop a deal completion memo for distribution of our deal between chapter members

Remember: A key to keeping members interested is to try to anticipate their needs, now and in the future.

#### Example #2: Committee Goal - reinstate 50% of the chapter members who dropped out during the previous year.

Steps to reach this goal:

- Determine why each member dropped, either through a personal contact or exit survey.
- If a legitimate complaint exists, make corrections. Follow up with the person who brought the complaint to the chapter's attention.
- Even if the dropped member does not renew, a telephone call or letter may resolve any misunderstandings and increase the chance the ex-member may return at a later date.
- A conciliatory gesture may also prevent a former member from speaking against the chapter.



### Now That They're Interested

Along with setting goals and planning ways to achieve them, the Membership Committee is responsible for welcoming new members and submitting reports to the chapter regarding progress in recruiting new members.

Following up after the membership promotion campaign is crucial. When prospective members have decided to join, they are curious about two things:

- If their application has been received.
- If they were accepted as members.

After membership applications are reviewed, someone on the committee must be responsible for responding to the applicants.

- Anyone not accepted should be sent an explanation letter.
- Those accepted should be sent a congratulatory letter and any other information and materials a new member should have.

We recommend you recognize new members publicly by publishing their names, titles and addresses in the chapter's newsletter. Be sure to introduce them to other members at the next chapter meeting or event. This is the sort of attention that establishes a base for retaining new members and making them feel their membership is valued.

Remember: Hard work recruited them so hard work is essential to retain them.

#### When Members Begin to Lose Interest

It is normal to lose some members, but the Membership Committee should monitor fluctuations in membership and dues collection. When it is time to pay dues and some members have not paid, they may have decided there is little reason for being members or the chapter did not meet their needs.

For those who still decide not to renew, we suggest you conduct an exit survey. It can either be mailed to the individual along with a postage paid return envelope or done over the telephone.

However, when the loss becomes significant, the Membership Committee should immediately ascertain the following information:

- Which members are not renewing?
- ▶ Why are members not renewing?
- What strategies can be used to reengage members?
- ▶ Are the billing procedures accurate?
- ▶ How to increase the percentage of chapter member renewals?

Answering these questions will help the membership committee devise a plan to cut down on non-payments.

**Remember:** It takes less effort to retain members than to resell them on membership.



### **Need More Help?**

Chapters needing additional assistance in developing membership promotion campaigns can:

- ▶ Contact the Membership Coordinator at The CCIM Institute.
- Share membership best practices with other chapters. If you hear of a chapter that has been particularly successful in boosting its membership, we strongly encourage you contact them for some ideas.
- Contact your regional officer to secure additional ideas from officers in your region.

#### **TYPES OF MEETINGS**

Often the chapter continues past practices without considering alternatives, which may better serve the needs of the membership. On the other hand, "change for the sake of change" also may be counterproductive. What is important is a schedule of activities designed to meet the needs of the membership and achieve chapter goals. Occasionally survey your members to obtain their feedback on what's important. Several types of meetings can be scheduled to achieve those objectives:

#### **Multi-day Conference**

Usually includes educational sessions scheduled over a two or three-day period, with time set aside for informal discussions and social events. Many chapters play a role in offering a regional conference that follows this format. Features may include a keynote address, concurrent and general sessions, films, group meal functions, inspection tours, business meeting, entertainment, marketing session, and a display area.

#### **Licensed Delivery Courses**

The Licensed Delivery of CI designated educational courses allows The CCIM Institute to provide education in markets that the existing direct delivery system doesn't serve.

Courses are licensed to viable sponsoring organizations—including The CCIM Institute chapters and regions—once they have completed an application/approval process and met certain criteria and guidelines.

Dates for course presentations are available on a first-come, first-served basis, but may not conflict with previously scheduled direct delivery courses.

#### **One-day Meeting**

Usually includes morning and afternoon educational sessions (concurrent and/or general), luncheon and dinner, with time set aside for informal discussions.

Such meetings often begin mid-morning and conclude in early evening, so most participants won't require overnight accommodations.

This format is especially appropriate for seminars focusing on one subject. Business meeting and/or social activity may be included.

#### **Deal Making/Marketing Session**

The overall objective of this type of meeting is to create transactions.

Although it may involve paying an honorarium and/or travel expenses, it is **highly recommended** the chapter secure an expert moderator to lead the program.



### **Half-day Meetings**

Usually includes a meal, preceded, or followed by a technical session or seminar.

Chapters covering small geographical areas tend to have meetings of this type more often than larger chapters.

### **Luncheon/Dinner Meeting**

Most common for metropolitan chapters; It normally includes a meal and guest speaker.

#### **Social Event**

This type of gathering allows for informal discussion and socializing and often includes spouses. Examples are golf tournaments, picnics/barbecues, dinner dances and outings to sports events.

### **Inspection Trips**

Usually an on-site inspection tour of some commercial properties or operations followed or preceded by a related presentation.

### **Types of Sessions**

There are many ways of structuring educational sessions to facilitate exchange of information:

Formats for	Edu	cational Sessions
Forum	•	The Chairperson takes an active role by introducing and explaining the topic.
	•	One or more speakers present certain aspects of the subject and then the audience is brought into the discussion.
	•	The objective is enlightenment, not debate.
Roundtable	•	Participants sit at a table and address each other, with the Chairperson serving as moderator.
	•	It is the moderator's function to keep the discussion going and inject new angles as the need arises.
	•	This type of session is limited to small groups.
Symposium	•	Requires minimal setup.
	•	Participants include a discussion leader, principal speaker, and two rm ore persons who have been asked to comment on the speech or paper (provided in advance).
	•	Often the number of speakers is increased to three, each covering an aspect of the subject.
	•	After comments and response, the floor is open for discussion and questions.
	•	A summary the by the discussion leader ends the meeting.
Panel Discussion	•	A single "roundtable" in the presence of an audience, consisting of five or more participants, including a Chairperson as moderator.
	•	There should be no prepared papers. Participants address each other but must be audible to everyone else in the room.
	•	After the panel presentation, the Chairperson may invite questions or comments from the floor for the panel members.
	•	The Chairperson can generally organize an effective panel presentation by providing each participant with five or six questions to discuss in advance.



Formats for I	Educational Sessions (continued)
Clinic	A special type of forum in which the formal participants are "doctors" who prescribe remedies for the problems of the audience.
	▶ All questions come from the floor, so it is essential that good questions will be asked.
	Several worthwhile questions can be "planted" in the audience.
	► The Chairperson should edit/rephrase questions if necessary and "toss out" irrelevant questions.
Visual	Consists of films, videotapes, slides, or computer-generated visuals.
Program	Arrangements for projection equipment must be made in advance, with close attention to special license or union requirements of the meeting facility.
	An hour should be considered the maximum length of time for this type of presentation.
Lecture	A single speaker, normally one considered an "expert," presents information.
	Time is usually allotted for questions from the audience.

### **Chapter Assistance in Promoting CI Courses and the Designation**

CCIM Designees and local chapters are vital in the promotion of CI courses. Where there is a marketing partnership between The CCIM Institute and the local chapter, Designation and course promotion is effective.

#### Hints for Promoting Courses on a Personal Level:

- 1. Be aware that local brokers, agents, and allied professionals are judging the Designation by what they see in you. When they perceive you as credible and successful, they will become interested in themselves: "This looks good—I want this for myself."
- 2. Talk up what being a CCIM has meant to you personally and professionally. Selling the Designation and CI courses ultimately means selling your own credibility and building a solid network for getting business done more effectively:
  - a. Commercial brokers and agents are the primary group to sell on the benefits of Designation and CI courses.
  - b. Residential brokers and agents who would like to make the switch or at least learn about the commercial side of the business are your secondary market.
  - c. The third target group is the allied professionals and investors with whom you come in contact during consultations, transactions or just "talking shop." This is an excellent source of talent and volunteer time for committee positions, special events, and sponsorship. Do not underestimate the power of enlisting affiliates to help promote course offerings and for other volunteer positions.
- 4. Take a personal interest in and actively communicate with local prospects you have singled out. Write a letter or call them about the upcoming course in your area. Once they start, they are in The CCIM Institute pipeline and we will keep them informed. Personal phone calls are by far the best tool, but when time is limited consider using prerecorded voice messaging service to use your voice/message to reach large audiences.
- 5. It is essential to follow up with how the course went and how they can use the knowledge and skills gained. Remember, the reward must be vivid to make them invest the time and spend the money to attain the goal. Your continued personal interest can mean the difference in keeping them focused on the Designation, which they will attain through CI courses.



### Hints for Promoting Courses on the Chapter Level:

- 1. Contact all your local Designees and candidates and enlist their support in promoting the courses within their firms and to others.
- 2. Contact the local Boards of REALTORS® to make sure their Commercial Investment Division (CID), Commercial Overlay Board and Education Committee are enlisted. Also ensure the Board will advertise courses directly to their members, in their newsletters, on their MLS electronic bulletin board and heavily promote it with key brokers.
- 3. Contact the major real estate firms in the area directly and sell the brokers and sales managers on the benefits of the Designation and courses.
- 4. Prepare a direct mailing to CI brokers and sales agents, investors and allied CI professionals in the area and assign members to follow up with them.
- 5. Place press releases and articles in your local newspapers to announce the course and promote the Designation.
- 6. Coordinate efforts with The CCIM Institute's marketing team.
- 7. Provide course information, schedule, and hyperlinks to additional course offering information in weekly newsletters and email announcements.
- 8. Include a web address for link to online course curriculum and details.
- 9. The CCIM Institute offers post Designation education to its members and real estate professionals at large. See upcoming courses at: www.ccim.com.

Even the highest caliber programs must be complimented by good publicity if they are to be effective in maintaining and increasing interest in chapter activities, benefits, and services. When a speaker goes to great lengths preparing for a presentation that is poorly attended, it's hardly a drawing card for more speakers. Program announcements need not be a literary masterpiece, but they must be complete, concise, and timely.

#### Committee responsibilities include:

- Preparing attractive and interesting announcements to promote attendance and obtain advance registrations.
- Developing meeting programs, tickets, badges, and similar materials.
- Sending out event announcements. Sufficient notice is critical to the success of any program, so send the announcements out at least 3 4 weeks before the event.
- Complete post survey regarding program content.
- Preparing speaker introductions. The committee chair, or designated representative, should prepare introductions of speakers to include bio's and other interesting information about the speaker, for the presiding officers and arrange to meet and entertain speakers upon their arrival.
- Coordinate with speakers well in advance with regards multimedia presentation equipment and follow up by helping to well before the meeting begins. (For very large events scripting and dress rehearsals have proven to be critical and extremely helpful.)

In addition, the committee is responsible for the following:

- Asking (i.e., survey, call, etc.) chapter members about subjects and speakers that interest them. Consider potential members when scheduling proposed subjects and speakers.
- ▶ Selecting and inviting speakers, determining, and fulfilling any special needs for audiovisual equipment.



- ▶ Selecting and inviting presiding officers, toastmasters and discussion leaders for each session.
- Set up for meeting prior to guest arrival.
- Greeting guests.
- Arranging times and places for meetings, including meeting rooms, registration activity, sleeping rooms, meal functions, receptions, tours, and programs for spouses and guests.
- Consider planning meeting topics for the entire year in December, providing an annual calendar of events to the general membership, and hosting them at a consistent time and place.

Compiling and submitting a written report of all committee activities at year-end to the chapter's Board of Directors. This report should include recommendations for improvement by subsequent program committees.

In some cases, it may be helpful to establish separate committees or subcommittees for some of these assignments. Local arrangements/host committees are often appointed to assist the committee in carrying out these responsibilities. Another example would be a Scholarship Committee that promotes the scholarship programs of The CCIM Institute, as well as the chapter. The committee can coordinate the application process and oversee the awarding of local scholarships.

Arrange the programs with your audience in mind, assuring sufficient variety to appeal to the entire membership. If suggested subjects would be of interest to members of other organizations, consider holding a joint meeting. Cooperating with other organizations (i.e., IREM, SIOR, NAIOP, ULI, local or commercial board, etc.) promotes goodwill and gives added visibility to chapter activities.

Since education is the foundation on which The CCIM Institute program is built, a chapter of The CCIM Institute most important function includes continuing education programs for its membership. Professional development opportunities are offered through The CCIM Institute; the established regional structure also provides opportunities to participate in quality education. Contact the membership department at The CCIM Institute to learn more about educational offerings The CCIM Institute provides.

## 3.6 - Making Committee Appointments

Evaluating whether a committee is needed must precede committee appointments. What is its purpose? Can an individual perform the function more effectively? If a committee has fulfilled its purpose, it should be dissolved.

Generally, there will be two types of committees—standing and special. Standing committees include nominating and audit.

Special committees or task forces are often formed to:

- Perform specific functions.
- Study various issues.
- Serve special interests of members.



The primary concerns when appointing both standing and special committees include:

- Serving people.
- Instructing members of their duties and objectives.
- ▶ Commanding the respect of committee members.
- Making sure their responsibilities are properly carried out.

Committees should be composed of people interested in the purpose. The size of a committee depends on the nature of responsibilities and interest in participation. However, small groups are generally more desirable. Large committees, although sometimes necessary for proper membership representation, can be unwieldy. When creating a large group, a small, well-organized subcommittee should be appointed as a steering group to properly study the subject and present it to the full committee.

Regardless of committee size and function, two rules should be followed to obtain desirable and complete results:

- Instruct the committee as to what they should accomplish. Avoiding the responsibility of giving a charge to committees is a sure way to stifle activity. How can any group organize efforts and take pride in accomplishments if no goals or directions are provided? If you have no viable goal, why have a committee? There may be "traditional" committees that no longer serve a purpose and should be dissolved.
- ▶ Clearly specify due dates for programs or final reports and follow up on performance.

The secret of chapter success is found in the functioning of committees. The best way to involve a maximum number of chapter members is through committee work. If a charge is presented to the committee, take care in making committee appointments. When people are chosen for their ability and interest, strong committees will result.

In chapters with a small membership, it is practical to consolidate some committees. However, activities of consolidated committees should be reported separately under the designated committee headings.

### 3.7 - Selection of Chairpersons and Committee Members

Desirable qualifications for committee chairs:

- Willingness to devote time and effort.
- Willingness to learn.
- Experience/familiarity with subject area.
- Interest in the specific task.
- **Enthusiasm.**
- Leadership (presides and lead discussion).
- Organizational ability/sense of direction or focus.

Although the President selects and appoints committee chairs, they usually discuss them with Past Presidents and other officers.

The qualifications for committee members are much the same as those for a Chairperson with perhaps one additional qualification — ability to cooperate well with others.

In appointing committee members, the President should consult with the appointed chair. This involvement lends "teamwork" to the committee.



Instruction of committees: A successful chapter requires active committees. After appointing committee chairs and members, the President should:

- Clearly define the duties of each committee.
- Urge committees to begin work immediately.
- Share suggestions received for new projects and/or additional committee activity with the appropriate committee chair.

### 3.8 - Assuring Committee Activity

At every possible occasion, the President should acknowledge the service and accomplishments of chapter committees. Such recognition is often an inspiration to the committee members. Take every opportunity to thank people and give them credit — their efforts are measures of your success.

Occasionally a President will discover a committee is not functioning well. If this occurs, the President should:

- First, speak to the committee chair.
- Arrange to attend the next committee meeting.
- Suggest methods of correcting it.

If there is no improvement and the Chairperson and/or members remain inactive, do not hesitate to change committee personnel.

## 3.9 - Adding Additional Committees

If the Chapter has a surplus of leadership volunteers it is strongly recommended to add additional committees to your chapter's structure. Additional committees can come at the discretion of local leadership on an as-needed basis. While not required by the bylaws, all chapters are encouraged to adopt a **Sponsorship Committee** for seeking out financial sponsors of the chapter or specific chapter activities



# Chapter 4 – BOARD OF DIRECTORS MEETINGS

The President's responsibilities for the Board of Directors' meetings are twofold:

- To establish and enforce the agenda.
- ▶ Serve as presiding officer at the pleasure of the Board and for the benefit of its members.

He/she should work with the chapter Secretary/Administrator in preparing a draft agenda based on the minutes of the previous meeting and other information. Solicit input from other officers and directors for additional topics, then develop the final agenda and adhere to it.

At a minimum, the agenda should include the following:

- ▶ Call to order Roll call
- ▶ Reading/approval of minutes
- Officer reports
- Committee reports
- Special reports

- Old business
- New business
- Announcements
- Adjournment

As presiding officer, the President must ensure the meeting is conducted in an orderly manner. He/she must be completely familiar with chapter bylaws and parliamentary procedure.

The success of your Board of Directors meeting depends on the President's ability to preside and guide the meeting to a definite conclusion.

#### Some basic rules to follow:

- 1. Always start the meeting on time with a definite agenda. The purpose of an agenda is to save time and keep the meeting on course. Don't digress without good reason.
- 2. Involve all members of the Board of Directors. Keep responses short and to the point.
- 3. Speak clearly. If you can't be heard, you can't exercise control.
- 4. Insist on order. Side conversations are disruptive to a meeting and accomplish nothing.
- 5. Talk to the group, not to individuals.
- 6. Make sure each individual who takes the floor states his/her name and speaks clearly. If you suspect that some may not have heard the speaker, address the individual and ask that the comments be repeated.
- 7. Summarize what the speaker has said if necessary, to obtain a decision.
- 8. Stop aimless discussion by recommending committee study.
- 9. Retain control but don't stifle free comment. Invoke constructive criticism, disagreement, or play "devil's advocate" if necessary. Clarify issues so discussion is limited to the subject on the floor.
- 10. Don't argue with the individual who has the floor. Ask questions but remember as presiding officer you are neutral.
- 11. If you have a comment, ask for the floor as a participant.
- 12. At the end of the meeting check to see if the Board of Directors feels subjects have been properly covered.



# **Chapter 5 – CHAPTER MEMBERSHIP MEETINGS**

Chapter business should not be transacted at this meeting unless it requires action by the general membership. Most matters brought up from the floor at a chapter meeting should be referred by the President to the Board of Directors immediately and without debate.

Tips for Presiding Over Chapter Membership Meetings		
Thorough preparation.  An effective President knows:	<ul> <li>Exactly what he or she is going to do and when.</li> <li>How to handle each situation competently.</li> <li>The details of each announcement or report.</li> <li>A complete schedule of the meeting.</li> </ul>	
General tone of the meeting:  The general spirit of the meeting is determined by the manner in which the President presides.  The President should:	<ul> <li>Maintain a position of dignity.</li> <li>Conduct the meeting in a businesslike manner.</li> <li>Create an atmosphere of authority, goodwill, courtesy, and fair play.</li> <li>At all times maintain a nonpartisan attitude.</li> </ul>	
Self-effacement:  A President's administration is judged by chapter accomplishment rather than individual prominence.	<ul> <li>The President should avoid the appearance of monopolizing the initiative of the chapter.</li> <li>When the President wants the chapter to undertake something, it is often desirable to have it originate from a member.</li> </ul>	
Promptness:	<ul> <li>Announcements should be made as briefly as possible.</li> <li>The rulings of the chair must be prompt and decisive but should be made with tact and full consideration of the members involved.</li> </ul>	

### 5.1 - Chapter Meetings - Schedules and Sites

The Board of Directors is responsible for: Determining the frequency and location of membership meetings.

The chapter President is required to schedule at least four meetings annually. However, the number of meetings varies greatly from one chapter to another. Some meet as often as monthly.

The chapter's geographic area is only one factor in determining the number of meetings. A large area need not imply infrequent meetings.

# **Board Responsibilities**

- Determining the frequency and location of membership meetings.
- Determining the basic format and length of membership meeting.
- Selecting sites for membership meetings.



Moving meetings around the state, for instance, might allow people to attend who might not normally participate. Notice needs to be given to all members 30 days prior to all meetings.

### **Ideally:**

- Membership meetings should be scheduled well in advance.
- Meeting dates and locations should be provided to the appropriate Regional Vice President and The CCIM Institute as soon as determined.
- The Board of Directors should check the schedule of other events, which could detract from attendance at the chapter meeting, (i.e., state association, local boards, annual, and local meetings of allied members of The CCIM Institute belong and other events of The CCIM Institute [national and regional].)

## 5.2 - Selecting Sites for the Membership Meetings

Special attention should be given to availability and access to facilities with meeting rooms, dining (individual as well as banquet service) and sleeping accommodations. Of paramount importance is the quality and price of the facilities and food. When considering a facility, you have not used before, contact other organizations that have met there.

- Metropolitan chapters meeting monthly need to give equal attention to facilities. While a tradition of meeting at the same location may be established, this arrangement should be examined periodically, particularly in terms of costs.
- Board of Directors' meetings can be held in the conference room of one of the board members offices, local board of REALTOR® offices or a restaurant if food and beverage service is necessary. Many restaurants have private dining rooms that can be utilized for board meetings.

In cases where a chapter has a large Board of Directors, it may be appropriate to assign the responsibility of site selection to a subcommittee, which then makes recommendations to the board.

#### **Determining the Basic Format and Length of Membership Meetings**

This is often based on tradition, which can have drawbacks. People and interests change, and the needs of members change, as do their time and travel constraints. Frequent evaluation of effectiveness is necessary. Unless 100% of your members attend meetings, experiment with new formats.

#### For example:

- Try morning meetings as opposed to afternoon.
- Have a social hour after work as opposed to a routine monthly luncheon.
- Alternate networking events with scheduled speakers and "cutting edge" topics.

Member needs and preferences on issues such as meeting length, location, time of year, day of week, should be surveyed at least every other year. These surveys should involve all chapter members as opposed to just those attending a meeting – therefore communication to the entire chapter membership is preferred. Specifically ask your members what their needs are (i.e., educational, social, networking, etc.).

Keep things fresh - encourage new ideas.



# 5.3 - Parliamentary Procedure

Whether you're chairing a meeting or participating from the floor, a basic knowledge of parliamentary procedure is necessary to conduct business in an orderly, effective way.

This section provides a review of the basics of **Robert's Rules of Order**. It has been prepared to help you conduct a smooth-running and productive meeting.

For questions on parliamentary procedures or need a current version of Robert's Rules of Order, please visit CCIM Connect - Governance Reference Library.

#### **Basic Rules of Parliamentary Procedure**

- Courtesy and justice.
- lack One thing at a time.
- ► The rule of the majority.
- ► The rights of the minority.

#### **Order of Business**

The agenda for each meeting is made up according to the **adopted order of business**. Each organization may adopt its own individualized order of business. This order may be changed from time to time by a two-thirds majority vote.

### Generally accepted order of business:

- 1. Call to order by the Chair.
- 2. Roll call (may be omitted if another method has been adopted for obtaining the number present who are entitled to vote).
- 3. Minutes of the preceding meeting (reading may be omitted if minutes have been circulated and approved without reading).
- 4. Officer Reports (typically at annual meeting only).
- 5. Reports of standing committees.
- 6. Unfinished business (held over from previous meeting).
- 7. New business.



### **Duties of Presiding Officer - The Chair**

The Chair is addressed by the members as Mr. or Madame President, or Mr. or Madame Chairperson.

Never uses the pronoun, "I".

Remains neutral and does not enter discussion unless or she leaves the Chair and goes into the assembly to speak as a member.

Must remain in the assembly until action has been taken on the matter pending.

- ▶ Begins and ends meetings on time.
- ▶ Calls meetings to order.
- Follows an agenda.
- Entertains motions and announces the results of the votes.
- Maintains order during proceedings.
- Decides questions of order.
- Gives members opportunities to speak on a fair and equitable basis.

#### **Motions**

Motions are the tools by which action is taken in a meeting. The most common are:

#### 1. Main motion

- a. Used to bring matters of business before an assembly for action.
- b. Only one main motion may be pending at a given time.
- c. Such a motion is in order only when no other business is pending.

### 2. Amendments

- a. Amendments can be motions to modify a pending motion. An example would be a First Amendment (primary) to modify the main motion.
- b. A Secondary Amendment (secondary) may be introduced to modify the First Amendment. The Second Amendment is voted on first then the First Amendment is voted on, with or without the Second Amendment.
- c. Next the main motion is voted on, with or without amendment. A majority vote is required in each case.

#### 3. Substitute Motions

- a. When a motion is offered as a substitute for a pending motion, it ranks as an amendment and the first action is to determine whether to consider the substitute motion instead of the original motion.
- b. Before a vote is taken on substitution, the original motion may be amended, and then the substitute may be amended. The vote may then be taken to consider the substitute in place of the new pending motion.
- c. Having voted (majority vote) to consider the new motion, the original one is laid aside and the substitute motion is under further consideration. At that point it may be amended only by addition.



Motions According to the Purpose to be Accomplished	
Purpose of Motion to Use	Motion to Use
To introduce business	
Main motion To approve action (debatable & amendable).	Accept, adopt, or ratify
To modify or change (debatable & amendable) (debatable).	▶ Amend
	First amendment second amendment
To defer action (debatable & amendable).	Refer to a committee postpone to a definite time lay on the table
To limit discussion (amendable).	Limit debate
To extend debate that has been limited (amendable).	Extend debate
To stop debate.	Call for the previous question
To determine correctness of an announced vote.	Division of the assembly (re-vote)
To suppress a question (debatable).	Postpone indefinitely
	Object to consideration
To raise a question of order.	Point of order
To object to the question of the Chair.	Appeal from the decision
To make a request.	Point of information parliament inquiry question of privilege
To consider a second time.	▶ Reconsider rescind
	Take from the table
To repeal action (debatable & amendable).	▶ Rescind

Each debatable motion should go through the following steps:

- 1. Recognition by the Chair.
- 2. Statement of the motion "I move ...".
- 3. Second to motion.
- 4. Statement of the motion by the Chair.
- Discussion.
- 6. Vote.

- 7. The Chair rules on vote and implements action taken.
- 8. A majority vote is defined as anything over half. A plurality vote is the highest vote cast.
- 9. A unanimous vote is an affirmative or negative vote of all members.
- 10. When a vote is taken by voice, and there are no dissenting votes, the Chair should announce, "the motion is carried without a dissenting vote."

When a procedural matter is pending, the Chair may take a vote by "unanimous or general consent." If there is one objection, it is not unanimous, and a vote must be taken.



The following types of vote can be taken:		
Voice vote	*All in favor say AYE. Those opposed, say NO.".	
Standing vote	Rise and stand until counted.	
Roll call vote	The Secretary calls the roll of names or units represented.	
Ballot vote	The vote that protects the secrecy of each vote.	

### **Additional Voting and Motion Issues**

- A vote is not completed until the Chair announces the vote.
- In large assemblies all motions should be in writing. The maker of the motion may not speak against his motion, but he may vote against it.
- ▶ "I so move" is NOT a proper motion because it leaves to the Chair or the Secretary the duty of wording a motion.
- After a motion is made, seconded, and stated by the Chair, it no longer belongs to the maker of the motion. It is said to belong to the assembly and therefore can be withdrawn only with consent of the assembly.
- A withdrawn motion does not appear in the meeting minutes.



# 5.4 - 2024 Important Dates

When scheduling your courses of The CCIM Institute, please note the following important dates.

Date	Event	Notes / Location
MONDAY   Jananuary 15	Martin Luther King Jr. Day	
MONDAY-TUESDAY   April 22– April 30	Passover	
FRIDAY   March 29	Good Friday	
SUNDAY   March 31	Easter Sunday	
April   TBD	Course Concepts Review	Virtual
April   TBD	Comprehensive Exam	Renaissance Nashville Hotel   Nashville, TN
MONDAY - WEDNESDAY   April 15 – 17	CCIM Mid-Year Governance Meetings	Renaissance Nashville Hotel   Nashville, TN
SUNDAY   May 12	Mother's Day	
MONDAY   May 27	Memorial Day Holiday	
SUNDAY   June 16	Father's Day	
FRIDAY   June 14	Juneteenth	
THURSDAY   July 4	Independence Day	
July   TBD	2025 Chapter Officer Training	Ft. Lauderdale, FL
MONDAY   September 2	Labor Day Holiday	
WEDNESDAY-FRIDAY   October 2-4	Rosh Hashanah (Jewish New Year)	
FRIDAY- SATURDAY   October 11-12	Yom Kippur	
MONDAY   October 14	Columbus Day Holiday	
Sept   TBD	Course Concepts Review	
Sept   TBD	Comprehensive Exam	Hilton Americas Houston   Houston, TX
SATURDAY - TUESDAY   September 28 – October 1	The CCIM Institute Annual Governance Meetings	Hilton Americas Houston   Houston, TX
THURSDAY–FRIDAY   November 28 -29	Thanksgiving & the day after Thanksgiving	
TUESDAY   December 24	Christmas Eve	
WEDNESDAY   December 25	Christmas Day First Night Hanukkah	



\*Please note that some dates are subject to change.

# **Chapter 6 – THE CCIM INSTITUTE REQUIREMENTS OF CHAPTERS**

### 6.1 - The CCIM Institute Chapter Activity Report

The Chapter Activities Subcommittee is responsible for the annual President's Cup Award recognition program.

The Annual Activity Report lists the tasks needed to meet the minimum compliance requirements for chapters. Each chapter is required to complete the Annual Activity Report to maintain its charter. The President's Cup application is optional. All chapters are encouraged to submit.

In 1993, all chapters of The CCIM Institute were required to re-charter with The CCIM Institute to maintain their status as an official chapter of The CCIM Institute. With this came the obligation for each chapter to meet annual minimum requirements to maintain their chapter charter. Please refer to The CCIM Institute Chapter Model Bylaws for information on the requirements of maintaining chapter charters.

The purpose of the activity report is to verify annually compliance by chapters of The CCIM Institute with minimum standards as required by all chapters of The CCIM Institute bylaws. The requirements were established to ensure that all CCIM chapters were offering a minimum level of service to its chapter members. A chapter's charter may be revoked if the chapter is found to be in violation of the terms in Article 2, Section 3 of your chapter bylaws.

Chapters are provided with instrictions for submitting the Annual Activity Report and President's Cup Application online. The submission period opens in the late Fall with a deadline established by The CCIM Institute. The report summarizes the preceding calendar year. The "new" chapter President should work closely with their predecessor and chapter administrative support staff in completing the report. Please direct any questions to your regional officer or the The CCIM Institute chapter/regional staff.

### 6.2 - The Chapter's Obligation to File a Tax Return

Even though an organization is exempt from federal income taxation under the code, the organization must now file a tax return (if its gross receipts or assets normally do not exceed \$25,000 in an annual accounting period). Please have your accountant review the details at the IRS website at: http://www.irs.gov/.

### **Chapter Services/Programs Provided By The CCIM Institute**

As a service to the local chapters, The CCIM Institute makes available several goods and services for their use. These goods and services are intended to help chapters in their efforts to promote the CCIM Designation. They include:

- ▶ Educational opportunities.
- Awards.
- Promotional materials.
- Discounted prices on professional materials.



# **Chapter 7 – NEW CHAPTER FORMATION PROCEDURES**

New chapters of The CCIM Institute can be formed for two reasons:

- 1. Either there is no existing CCIM chapter in an area and the members within that area desire one.
- 2. Due to increasing size, geographic location or changing market conditions within the jurisdiction of an existing CCIM chapter, certain members may request another chapter be created, either partially or completely within the jurisdiction of the existing one.

In either case, it is important that the interested parties adhere carefully to the following procedures when considering formation of a new chapter. Chapter/district charter applications are only reviewed at The CCIM Institute's mid-year and annual governance meetings. All documentation must be submitted 30 days prior to the meeting date for consideration.

### 7.1 - Steps for Chapter Formation in an Area Where No Chapter Exists

When considering the formation of a new chapter:

First contact The CCIM Institute to apprise them of your intent.

- You will be sent an Official Charter Application Agreement.
- You must have 25 or more Institute members to form a local CCIM chapter. At least 15 of these persons must be Designees and the balance may be candidates.

After contacting The CCIM Institute, the interested members should hold an organizational meeting.

- ▶ All Designees and candidates within the proposed chapter jurisdiction should be notified of the meeting well in advance.
- The purpose of this meeting is to elect officers and adopt chapter bylaws. The adopted chapter bylaws should follow the model chapter bylaws developed by The CCIM Institute.

Following this first meeting, the chapter should forward to The CCIM Institute the names of officers, as well as a copy of the bylaws and Official Charter Application Agreement as approved by the chapter members.

A typed list of all signatures on the chapter application should accompany the application. (Sample forms for listing the officers' names and an application for a charter are provided by the Chapter/Regional staff at The CCIM Institute.)

Once all the required information has been submitted, the request for granting of a chapter charter is passed along to the Regional Activities Subcommittee; Member Services Committee; and Executive Committee for their approval and recommendation to The CCIM Institute's Board of Directors.

## 7.2 - Steps for Chapter Formation in an Area Where a Chapter Already Exists

The guidelines for formation of a new chapter in the jurisdiction of an existing chapter are more complicated.

- The existing chapter must be open to this suggestion since it is necessary for the chapter to relinquish part of its jurisdiction. All chapters must approve.
- Information must be supplied by the applicant group as well as by the existing chapter.



After notifying the existing chapter and The CCIM Institute of their intent, the applicant group should:

- ▶ Hold an organizational meeting for considering the possibility of organizing a new chapter.
- Notify the existing chapter in writing of the time and place of the meeting and may authorize The CCIM Institute to provide the names and labels of its members who have a place of business in the proposed jurisdiction.
- ▶ Upon receiving approval from the existing chapter releasing the portion of its jurisdiction that is affected, the following information should be submitted to The CCIM Institute:

#### From the applicant group:

- Minutes from the organizational meeting, including the date and place the meeting was held, the names of meeting attendees and their chapter affiliation.
- The territory of the proposed jurisdiction with an accompanying map, clearly showing the boundaries of the proposed and contiguous chapters in contrasting colors. The documentation should include a detailed description of the territorial limits including a city/county list with accompanying zip codes.
- A completed Official Charter Application Agreement.
- A typed list of all signatures- there must be at least 25 Institute members with a minimum of 15 Designees.
- A statement of reasons for the proposed formation.
- A statement of how the proposed new chapter would better serve the interests of both the membership and the Board of Directors.
- A statement of the number and location of the proposed meetings to be held annually.
- The proposed chapter name, membership dues, chapter officers, and committee chairmen.
- A copy of the proposed chapter bylaws.

### 7.3 – From the Existing Group:

In writing, the chapter must submit to The CCIM Institute its approval to release a portion of its jurisdiction. The Designee members of the existing chapter must vote to release that portion of the chapter's territory at a regular or special meeting as stated in the chapter bylaws.

Minutes from the meeting, including the date and place at which the vote took place, the names of those attending the meeting and their chapter affiliation.

Territory to be released with accompanying map clearly showing jurisdiction of proposed and contiguous chapters in contrasting colors.

Any proposed chapter name change (if applicable) must be approved by The CCIM Institute. Any proposed new officers (if applicable).

A revised list of 25-chapter members- at least 15 of these must be Designee members.

Once the required information has been received, the request for granting a chapter charter, or changes in jurisdiction, is submitted to the Regional Activities Subcommittee; Member Services Committee and Executive Committee for its approval and recommendation to The CCIM Institute's Board of Directors.



## 7.4 - Chapter District Formation

Any group of ten or more Designee and candidate members of the chapter may petition the chapter's Board of Directors to form a district within the chapter. The Board of Directors may authorize the establishment of such groups by adopting a resolution, which provides for:

- Its name.
- Jurisdictional boundaries.
- Approval of proposed bylaws.
- Method of conducting its affairs.
- The submission of period reports on its activities to the Board of Directors.
- ▶ The appointment of a temporary committee to arrange for the organizational meeting of the district.

#### In addition:

- **7.4.1** The officers and majority of members of each district shall be members of The CCIM Institute.
- **7.4.2** The chairman of each district shall serve as a non-voting member of the Board of Directors of the chapter.
- **7.4.3** The Board of Directors shall not authorize districts to engage in activities that are inconsistent with the bylaws of The CCIM Institute.
- **7.5** Chapter/Regional Realignment Procedure:

Due to increasing size, geographic location or changing market conditions within the jurisdiction of a chapter of The CCIM Institute region, a chapter may request to be moved from one region to another.

It is important that the interested parties adhere carefully to the following procedures when considering regional realignment. Regional realignment applications are only reviewed at The CCIM Institute's mid-year and annual meetings. All documentation must be submitted 30 days prior to the meeting date for consideration.

The process for chapter realignment is as follows:

- ▶ The chapter representative must contact The CCIM Institute in writing to inform them of your intent.
- ▶ The chapter will be sent a Regional Realignment Application.
- The chapter must have 25 or more members of The CCIM Institute to be in good standing. At least 15 of these persons must be Designees and the balance may be candidates.
- Prior to submitting the Regional Realignment Application, the chapter must hold a board meeting to receive majority vote for approval for the realignment.
- All Designees and candidates within the chapter jurisdiction must be notified of the meeting well in advance as stated within the chapter bylaws.
- If the chapter votes to realign to a different region, the chapter should forward the results to the current region's Regional Vice President.
- The current region's Board of Directors must vote to release the chapter with a majority vote. Voting can be done via telephone or electronically.
- ▶ The current Regional Vice President must submit the regional realignment request to the new region's Regional Vice President.
- The new region's Board of Directors must vote to accept the chapter into their region with a majority vote. Voting can be done via telephone or electronically.



### **Documents to be Submitted by the Chapter**

- A completed regional realignment application.
- A typed list of all chapter members in attendance along with signatures. There must be at least 25 members of The CCIM Institute with a minimum of 15 Designees.
- Minutes from the chapter meeting, including the date and place the meeting was held.
- A statement of reasons for the proposed regional realignment.
- A copy of the chapter bylaws.

#### **Documents to be Submitted by the Original Region**

- In writing, the region must submit to The CCIM Institute its approval to release the chapter. The Region's Board of Directors must vote to release the chapter at a regular or special meeting.
- Minutes from the meeting, including the date and place at which the vote took place, the names of those attending the meeting and their chapter affiliation should also be submitted.

#### **Documents to be Submitted by the New Region**

- In writing, the region must submit to The CCIM Institute its approval to accept the chapter. The Region's Board of Directors must vote to accept the chapter at a regular or special meeting.
- Minutes from the meeting, including the date and place at which the vote took place, the names of those attending the meeting and their chapter affiliation should also be submitted.

Once all the required information has been submitted, the request for granting the regional alignment is submitted to the Regional Activities Subcommittee; Member Services Committee; and Executive Committee for their approval and recommendation to The CCIM Institute's Board of Directors.



# **Chapter 8 – CHAPTER HOUSEKEEPING**

### 8.1 - Incorporation of Chapters

Many chapters question whether they should become incorporated. Several feel if the chapter is small there is no need to incorporate. It is beneficial for large or active chapters to incorporate when their activities, financial obligations and undertakings are substantial. However, all chapters, both large and small, can benefit from incorporation because it allows the chapters to more conveniently undertake contractual commitments, establish financial accounts and otherwise act as a business organization.

#### Other Benefits of Incorporation Include:

- Protecting chapter officers, members, and The CCIM Institute from liability. This is a significant benefit of incorporation. It limits any liability, which may arise out of chapter activities to the chapter itself and shields individual members from personal liability for such actions.
- ▶ Eliminating the need for The CCIM Institute to establish any financial reporting system to monitor the chapters' financial actions.
- ▶ Keeping The CCIM Institute from becoming involved in exercising control over the day-to-day activities of each chapter. Under incorporation, each chapter is established as a not-for-profit corporation.

#### Illinois Secretary of State Incorporation Guide Found on Chapter Resources

To begin the incorporation process, the state of incorporation must first be determined. Chapters must incorporate within their home state.

Once the state of incorporation has been selected, Articles of Incorporation, which satisfy the legal requirements, must be submitted. The articles generally include the following:

- The names of the incorporators of the corporation who will execute the articles. The required number and qualifications of incorporators vary from state to state.
- The name of the corporation (this will be your CCIM chapter's name).
- ▶ The duration of the corporation, this is usually perpetual.
- ▶ The principal or registered office and the registered agent of the corporation.
- A statement that the incorporators intend to create the corporation and a statement setting forth the corporate purpose.

These items also need to be included in the charter to be filed with the State:

- 1. Address of the principal office of the corporation.
- 2. Statement of what to do with the assets of the corporation if/when it is dissolved-usually you just say that you will give them to another not-for-profit corp. with roughly the same purpose.
- 3. Statement that the corporation is a mutual benefit corporation.
- 4. Statement that the corporation is not a religious corporation.

The corporate purpose should be worded so the chapter can meet the requirements for tax-exempt status under Internal Revenue Code 501(c)(6). That section requires that the "chapter was organized to promote the common business interests of the members and to improve industry business conditions as a whole, rather than to provide particular services to individual members." It is extremely important that your statement is worded to include these points. Failure to do so can result in the Articles of Incorporation being returned.



#### The Names and Addresses of the Initial Board of Directors

This Board will have the responsibility to initiate the corporate existence and operation. In particular, the initial Board adopts the bylaws, which will govern the corporation.

Your state of incorporation may require further information to be included in the Articles of Incorporation. You should seek legal counsel to provide advice concerning all other requirements of state, corporate or income tax law.

Once completed, the Articles of Incorporation should be delivered for filing to the appropriate state office, typically the Secretary of State's, along with the necessary filing fee. If the Articles conform to the law, the Secretary of State will issue a Certificate of Incorporation to the chapter, which usually is recorded in the county office where the corporation's principal office is located.

If the chapter incorporates in a state other than its home state, typically it needs to register to conduct business in its home state. Forms for this purpose are typically filed with the latter state's Secretary of State, along with any filing fees.

Once your chapter becomes incorporated, the chapter President and officers are responsible for providing the following in order to protect the chapter's incorporation status:

- 1. A brief Annual Report must be filed each year. In some states (including Illinois), the Secretary of State will send to the registered agent an Annual Report form each year to be completed and returned with the required fee. In other states, the proper form must be requested from the Secretary of State.
- 2. Annual filing of Federal and State Income Tax Informational Returns. (See current information at www.irs.gov.)
- 3. Maintaining a corporate record book which contains:
  - ▶ The Articles of Incorporation
  - ▶ The Bylaws
  - Certificate of Incorporation
  - Minutes of all meetings of the membership and Board of Directors, as well as any other corporate documents required to be permanently preserved.

Please contact the Chapter/Region Support Team at The CCIM Institute with any other specific questions regarding of incorporation and maintaining appropriate corporate records.

## 8.2 - Professional Liability Insurance Policy

The National Association of REALTORS® Professional Liability Insurance Policy provides professional liability coverage to NAR, its State Associations and local Boards and all Institutes, Societies and Councils and their respective chapters. Coverage is not automatic and is extended to only those entities whose governing documents and operations conform to the NAR Constitution and Bylaws and policies.

This means the policy coverage extends to The CCIM Institute and its chapters, including directors, officers, volunteers, and staff while acting within the scope of their authority on behalf of the Association. Coverage is extended to the chapters whether the chapter is separately incorporated and, if incorporated, whether or not it is incorporated in the State of Illinois.

Since the policy provides coverage for the entire NAR organization, the annual premium is paid by NAR out of dues received from Associations. Thus, there are no additional costs to The CCIM Institute and its chapters.



There are two primary insuring clauses in the policy:

- Insuring Clause 1A provides coverage for claims arising out of wrongful acts, personal injury, and publisher's liability. Under this clause, both claims expense and liability costs are paid subject to the policies limits of liability and deductibles.
- The claims covered under Insuring Clause 1B are limited to eight areas and only claims expense is covered. The eight areas are:
  - Lockbox
  - Anti-trust
  - Discrimination
  - Sexual harassment

- Employment practices
- Copyright infringement
- Dispute resolution system
- Breach of contract

Portions of this coverage may not be significant to chapters of The CCIM Institute depending on how they are structured or operated. Coverage for wrongful termination claims, for instance, is of no consequence to a chapter, which has no employees. Moreover, there are certain conditions and limitations on coverage as well as several exclusions. For example, claims of theft or fraud by chapter officers in the handling of chapter funds are excluded from coverage. Each chapter should familiarize itself with the policy and its coverage in order to comply with conditions and/or recognize areas that may require supplemental coverage.

More information regarding the details of this insurance coverage can be obtained by contacting NAR at 1-800-874-6500.

## 8.3 - General Liability and Fidelity Insurance

The insurance coverage provided by NAR does not include general liability or fidelity coverage. General liability coverage applies to chapter liability arising out of claims related to bodily injury, property damage, host liquor law liability, etc. Such coverage is particularly important where the chapter owns or rents property, such as a chapter office, but may also be beneficial in other contexts.

Chapters should obtain general liability or fidelity coverage. Consult with an insurance broker or legal counsel for advice on the extent of coverage needed. General liability insurance and fidelity coverage can be obtained from local sources.

## 8.4 - Guidelines for Preserving Chapter Records

A chapter should preserve its records to ensure that documentation is readily available for succeeding officers and future members. Those future members will need past records to construct histories and to compare membership, financial, and other data.

The following guidelines outline the various types of materials that should comprise a chapter's archives:

- Material relating to the history, activities and accomplishments of the board or directors, other committees, and the chapter in general.
- Bylaws (original set and all amendments); chapter charter.
- > Statements of functions or duties of the board, committees, and officers.
- List of officers; members of the board, committees, and recipients of awards and recognitions Activity reports of chapter and all component groups.
- Minutes of meetings.
- Printed and/or electronically saved programs, proceedings, and meeting "scrapbooks" (with photographs). (Electronically stored materials are to be backed up using current industry standards.)



- Correspondence (preserve as little miscellaneous correspondence as possible. Most of the relevant content will be included under reports and minutes).
- Questionnaires and/or surveys results are to be retained.
- Forms- at least one set of (blank) forms used to solicit information.
- Treasurer's and audit reports, chapter ledgers. (More detailed guidelines are provided to chapter Treasurers regarding cancelled checks, receipts, invoices, etc.)
- Material of biographical interest, including documented contributions of an individual to the development of a chapter, committee, or to a particular project.
- Maintain documentation of chapter promotion of core class in all regions in chapter chooses to participate in profit course sharing.

Feel free to discard duplicate material. When both originals and copies are found, only the original should be kept, after transferring any notations that appears on the copy.

### 8.5 - President's Cup Award

The President's Cup Award was developed in 1994 to:

- Encourage and assist chapters of The CCIM Institute to recruit, retain and;
- Promote the value of chapter membership to CCIM's and non-Designees;
- Build a continuous awareness of the importance of recruitment through an ongoing membership campaign.

The award also recognizes and rewards chapters for innovation and membership development, particularly in recruiting members of The CCIM Institute. This includes recruitment, retention, promotion, and new members gained. Furthermore, it acknowledges chapters for developing innovative programs, which might include education, forecasting competitions, and more.

The objectives are to:

- ▶ Encourage chapters of The CCIM Institute to recruit 100% of all Institute members as chapter members.
- ▶ 100% participation in the award by all chapters of The CCIM Institute.
- Recognize and reward recruitment achievements and member programs by chapters demonstrating the highest degree of skill, ingenuity, and innovation in promoting the membership benefits of The CCIM Institute.

Awards are presented to the winning chapters at the Spring Business Meetings.



# **Chapter 9 - CCIM PROGRAMS**

### **CCIM FOUNDATION SCHOLARSHIP PROGRAMS**

### **Named Education Scholarship Program**

The CCIM Foundation has been granting scholarships to deserving students and real estate professionals since 1988. The Named Education Scholarship Program is designed to encourage and assist professionals pursuing the CCIM Designation and to promote high educational standards. The program enables university students and commendable professionals in the real estate industry to experience commercial real estate education firsthand. Fully funded named education scholarships are awarded through chapters of The CCIM Institute. Most of these awards are \$1,000 and are to be used for core courses. For a list of chapters participating in this program, please visit <a href="https://www.ccimef.org/scholarships.asp">www.ccimef.org/scholarships.asp</a>.

#### **Veterans Scholarship Program**

Established in 2020, the CCIM Foundation Veterans Scholarship Program gives back to the brave men and women who have served the United States by offering educational funding to pursue a new career in the dynamic commercial real estate industry. Qualifying U.S. military veterans can apply for up to \$20,000 to use for non-degree-based commercial real estate education, including certification programs through National Association of REALTORS® affiliate organizations, including The CCIM Institute, IREM, and SIOR. For more information on this program, please visit go.ccim.com/foundation-vets/.

#### **Diversity Scholarship Program**

Established in 2022, the CCIM Foundation Diversity Scholarship Program helps foster an inclusive commercial real estate professional community. Up to 25 scholarships will be awarded annually to qualifying applicants to pay for CCIM Designation course fees. These scholarships, working in tandem with The CCIM Institute's Cultural Diversity Education Program, help jump-start and transform the commercial real estate careers of qualifying individuals by funding their path to the CCIM Pin. For more information on this program, please visit <a href="https://go.ccim.com/foundation-diversity/">https://go.ccim.com/foundation-diversity/</a>

### **CCIM Chapters**

Chapters and regional bodies are important components of The CCIM Institute's overall organization. There are a variety of educational scholarships available to interested students, supported by The CCIM Institute's chapters.

### 9.1 – CCIM Chapter Past President Appreciation Plaque

The Past President Appreciation Plaque was developed to provide chapters with a way to show their appreciation to outgoing or past chapter Presidents for their service to the chapter.

The plaque is 8"x10" and includes a walnut panel with two etched color-filled plates with gold-color highlight and allows for up to three lines of personalization. Chapters will order directly with the vendor provided by The CCIM Institute.

### 9.2 - CCIM Designee Plaque

The plaque awarded to all new Designees by mail, within 45 days of Designation. Replacement plaques are available for purchase by current Designees. The plaque is 8" x 10" and made of walnut. A brass plate (6" x 8") is centered on the front with The CCIM Institute logo screened in red below the engraved name. Allow 10 business days for replacement plaque production, plus 5 shipping days. Contact the Designation Team at <a href="Designation@ccim.com">Designation@ccim.com</a>.



## 9.3 - The CCIM Institute Bylaws

The CCIM Institute's bylaws are can be found at CCIMConnect – Governance Reference Library.

### 9.4- The CCIM Institute Board of Directors

The Board of Directors is accountable to the general membership and is ultimately responsible for organizational oversight and strategic direction. The Board is also accountable for the appropriate operations of all committees. The Board approves the budget of The CCIM Institute and any mid-year budget revisions; establishes governing policies for The CCIM Institute; approves member programs, products and services; approves the education and Designation requirements for candidates and Designees, sets tuition fees; and recognizes members for outstanding service.

Governance Structure	
Board of Directors	Management Team
	Governance Committee
	Strategic Planning Committee
	Executive Committee
	Finance Committee
Sub-Committees:	
Member Services	Legislative Affairs
	Chapter Activities
	Regional Activities
	Networking Subcommittee Chapter/Regional Forum
Professional Services	▶ Designation
	International Activities
	▶ Marketing
Education	Curriculum University Outreach
	▶ Ward Center Real Estate Studies Subcommittee
	Instructor Evaluation

## 9.5 - The CCIM Institute Business Meetings

Twice a year, once in the spring and once in the fall, the The CCIM Institute Board of Directors and Committee members convene to discuss business of The CCIM Institute. Business meetings are free to attend however registration is required. The annual meetings are a time to attend Committee and Subcommittee meetings to understand the mission, goals, and objectives The CCIM Institute is implementing, directly affecting the individual chapters.

#### **Chapters and Regions**

Chapters and regional bodies are important components of The CCIM Institute's overall organization. For that reason, 59 chapters and 12 regions have been established throughout the United States, Canada and Asia.



# CHAPTER RESOURCE MANUAL (Revised July 2023)

### The Regional Vice Presidents Mission Statement

To serve as an advocate for both chapters and The CCIM Institute and to be a source for information and process for chapter interactions with The CCIM Institute, other regions, and individual chapters.

Feel free to consult with your regional officers on matters of policy, both at the local and national level. A roster of regional officers can be found on The CCIM Institute's website.

## 9.6 - CCIM Chapters

The first CCIM chapter was formed in Northern California in 1972. Currently, there are 59 chapters throughout the United States and across the globe.

The focus of the local chapter is the same today as it was then:

- ▶ To provide professional support to its membership through networking and educational opportunities.
- ▶ To provide a place where members can exchange information and ideas.
- ▶ To offer members the opportunity to make professional contacts and referrals.

In addition, the majority of The CCIM Institute's chapters sponsor various educational programs and marketing sessions either independently or in cooperation with another chapter.

- ▶ The educational programs assist members in expanding their professional skills by providing current information and communicating changes in the real estate industry.
- The marketing sessions have proven to be a valuable business tool for the members, providing opportunities to conduct business and helping to promote the Designation.

The CCIM Institute's chapters are a vital link between the general membership and The CCIM Institute. Chapters supply The CCIM Institute's leadership with valuable information, which is used for the development of future programs and services. In addition, chapter representatives voice the ideas and concerns of the members by their input at The CCIM Institute national business meetings.

The CCIM chapter provides educational opportunities, a professional network and national representation to the CCIM Designees and candidates.

## 9.7 - Chapter Affiliation

Membership in local chapters is separate from national membership and is not mandatory. Dues for local membership are payable to the local chapter; the amount is determined by each chapter according to their bylaws. Each chapter's bylaws determine the geographic boundaries for membership. Typically, the location of the member's business address determines the chapter affiliation.

While a member can be enrolled in only one CCIM chapter as a Designee or candidate member, some chapter bylaws include a provision to belong to an adjacent or additional chapter as a non-resident member. Advise any individual interested in multi-chapter membership to contact the chapter presidents in the areas they are interested in.



# CHAPTER RESOURCE MANUAL (Revised July 2023)

# 9.8 - Chapter Visitations by CCIM Institute Leadership and Staff

Each year, funds are budgeted for CCIM leadership (i.e. The CCIM Institute's President, President-Elect, or First Vice-President) and staff to visit CCIM local chapters. Chapter leadership visit requests should be submitted via the <a href="CCIM Chapter and Institute calendar">CCIM Chapter and Institute calendar</a>.

#### Chapter Visits Should be Centered on at Least Two Criteria:

- A chapter membership meeting/event where anticipated attendance is high. This will allow the leadership or staff person a large group to address on The CCIM Institute programs.
- A chapter Board of Directors meeting where leadership or staff can sit down informally with chapter leaders to discuss problems, concerns, and ideas.

## 9.9 - CCIM Chapter Administrative Support Staff

Two-thirds of CCIM chapters currently have either full or part time support staff assisting in the day-to-day operation of their chapter. Chapter Administrators are vital in the success of their local chapter by:

- ▶ Answering phone calls.
- Coordinating mailings.
- Producing chapter meeting minutes.
- Producing a chapter newsletter.
- Registering students for local courses.
- ▶ Compiling materials for chapter directories and program announcements and much more.



# **CCIM Chapter Information**



# **Annual Report and President Cup Process**

## **Overview**

The Chapter Activities Subcommittee is responsible for the President's Cup Awards Program. Each chapter is responsible for completing the mandatory Annual Activity Report form which is a requirement to maintain the chapter charter. While the President's Cup submission is optional, all chapters are highly encouraged to complete this section and submit the form. The award recipients are recognized for achievements that surpass minimum standards and are celebrated during the Spring CCIM Midyear Governance Meetings.

The Annual Activity Report lists tasks needed to meet the minimum compliance requirements to maintain a chapter. Each chapter is responsible for completing the mandatory Annual Activity Report per Article 2, Section 3 of the chapter bylaws. A chapter's charter may be revoked if the chapter is found to be in violation of the terms, conditions, and restrictions set forth in the institute bylaws

The President's Cup application is optional, but it is encouraged that all chapters submit to showcase their innovation and membership development.

## **Chapter of Year and Excellence Awards**

The Chapter Activities Subcommittee encourages all chapters to provide detailed information of going above and beyond in achieving chapter excellence when determining award finalists. Chapters of excellence are awarded within the following categories: Most Improved Chapter, Best Industry Event, Best Networking Event, Best Education Program and two open category Excellence Awards.

During the review process, Chapter Activities Subcommittee members evaluates the President's Cup submissions based on the merit of the details that support the increase in membership, numbers of attendees, sponsorships and overall chapter member engagement.

Ratings are entered on an online form provided to Chapter Activities Subcommittee for score calculation and final award winner determination.

#### **Tier Groups**

Chapters are grouped into tiers based on their membership size and the number of submissions.

- 1. Number of chapters that submit a President's Cup Submission.
- 2. Ranked by total membership size of all chapters.
- 3. Divided into three groups.



# **Chapter Marketing Resources**

All chapter marketing resources can be located at www.ccim.com/chapter-marketing.

This turn-key resource page gives chapter leaders and administrators an organized and straightforward way to access all available marketing resources and templates.

## **Chapter Brand Standards Guide**

#### Canva Pro

▶ Graphic design platform for all chapters, including more than 75 ready-to-use branded templates from The CCIM Institute.

## **Templates and Resources**

- CCIM chapter branded PowerPoint template
- CCIM chapter branded letterhead
- Course promotion PDF flyers and course promotion videos
- Free stock image and institute photography
- Social media chapter profile photos
- Chapter and logos of The CCIM Institute

#### **Webinars**

- Social media
- Public relations
- Chapter branding
- Zoom overview
- Canva Pro Introduction

#### **Content Hub**

Access to all of The CCIM Institute's published commercial real estate content

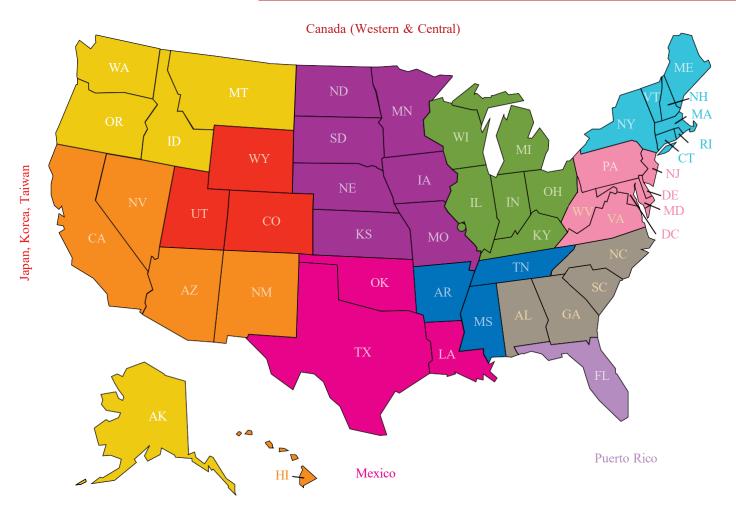
#### **Chapter Marketing Meetups**

Monthly webinar recordings of various marketing related topics and tips to help you promote your chapter.

Learn more and access all marketing resources at <a href="www.ccim.com/chapter-marketing">www.ccim.com/chapter-marketing</a>. For questions <a href="marketing@ccim.com/chapter-marketing@ccim.com/chapter-marketing.">www.ccim.com/chapter-marketing</a>. For questions <a href="marketing@ccim.com/chapter-marketing">chapter-marketing@ccim.com/chapter-marketing</a>.



# **CCIM Chapters by Region**



#### Region

Alaska, Idaho, Montana, Washington State, Oregon/SW Washington

#### Region 2

Hawaii, New Mexico, Central Arizona, Southern Arizona, Los Angeles, Northern California, Southern California, San Diego, Southern Nevada, Northern Nevada

#### Region 3

Colorado/Wyoming, Utah

#### Region 4

Greater El Paso, Central Texas, Houston/Gulf Coast, San Antonio, North Texas, Oklahoma, Louisiana

#### Region 5

Minnesota/Dakotas, Nebraska, Kansas, Iowa, Kansas City

Region 6 Arkansas, Northwest Arkansas, Mississippi, East Tennessee, Middle Tennessee, Memphis Metro

### Region 7

Illinois, Wisconsin, Indiana, Michigan, Ohio, Kentucky, St. Louis

#### Region 8

Puerto Rico, Florida—Panhandle, West Coast, East Coast, Central FL, Florida North, Ft. Lauderdale, Miami Dade Monroe, Southwest Florida Districts

#### Region 9

Alabama, Georgia, North Carolina, South Carolina

### Region 10

Pennsylvania/Southern New Jersey/ Delaware, Mid-Atlantic

#### Region 11

New England, Connecticut, Upstate New York, New York Metro

#### Region 12

Central Canada, Western Canada

#### International

Japan, Korea, Taiwan



# What is Parliamentary Procedure?

- Parliamentary procedure is a set of rules to help groups achieve their objectives.
- The "rules" are a code of ethics that relate to the conduct of meetings.
- Parliamentary procedure is founded on democratic principles.
- lt teaches concepts of teamwork.
- It helps us transact business quickly, efficiently, and in keeping with the will of the majority.

# **Basic Rules of Parliamentary Procedure**

- Use parliamentary procedure to protect the rights of ALL members particularly their right to be heard, to be treated fairly, and to be treated with respect.
- Never use your knowledge of Parliamentary Procedure to control and intimidate members of your group. Your ability to think and act with compassion should guide your meetings, NOT your knowledge of formal rules.
- The presiding officer's station is called "the Chair." Members address only the Chair, usually as Mr. President or Madam President, or Mr. Chair or Madam Chair.
- A member must "obtain the floor" by being "recognized" before speaking. Generally, the member rises to speak and sits to yield the floor.
- Members are not entitled to the floor a second time in debate on the same motion as long as any other member who has not spoken on this motion wishes to debate.

# **Principles of Parliamentary Procedure**

- Every member is entitled to free and full debate on issues that relate to the group.
- Every member had rights equal to every other member.
- ▶ The business and discussion should follow good rules of courtesy.
- The rules of the group apply to all members. When everyone follows the same principles of conducting a meeting, everyone has a fair and equal opportunity to voice their opinion and participate like an active member of a team.

#### (Adapted from a Health Occupations Students of America presentation.)

References: Robert, Henry M. II and William J. Evans. Robert's Rules of Order, Newly Revised. Scott, Foresman and Company.



#### **How Do You Make a Motion?**

- Three steps are needed to bring a motion to the floor:
  - 1. A member makes a motion.
  - 2. The motion is seconded.
  - 3. The chair states the motion (question.)
- When all three steps happen, the motion is pending.
- A motion requires a second to be considered, unless the motion is made on behalf of a committee.
- If the motion is NOT seconded, it is lost for lack of a second.
- To second a motion means that another member (not the maker of the motion) believes the motion should be discussed.
- A member who wishes to second a motion should say "I second the motion" or "Second" without waiting to be recognized.

#### The Order of Business

The presiding officer determines that a quorum is present and then calls the meeting to order by standing and clearly stating "The meeting will come to order."

The standard order for business meetings is as follows:

- ► CALL TO ORDER
- OPENING CEREMONY (Optional)
- READING AND APPROVAL OF MINUTES

President "The minutes from the past meeting have been included in today's meeting materials. Are there any corrections or additions to the minutes? If not, may I have a motion and a second to approve the minutes as presented?" If there are corrections or additions, have them recorded and ask for a motion and a second to approve the minutes as amended. After discussion or if there is no discussion, ask for the vote to approve the minutes.

► TREASURER'S REPORT (Board and Executive Committee levels)

President "The Treasurer will present his/her report."

Treasurer Gives the report.

President "Thank you."

STANDING AND SPECIAL COMMITTEE REPORTS

President "Are there any committee reports?" or "The \_\_\_\_ committee will present its report."

Committee Usually the committee chairman reads the report and makes any recommendations on behalf of the committee.

UNFINISHED BUSINESS

President: Announces any unfinished business that was pending/postponed from the previous meeting. The Chair does NOT ask for unfinished business, but rather, states the question on the item to be placed on the floor.

- NEW BUSINESS
- PROGRAM (Optional)
- A speaker, film, etc. may come before the meeting business if necessary.
- ADJOURN



# **Committee Reports**

- A committee is a small number of persons appointed to give a task more detailed attention.
- > STANDING COMMITTEES perform a continuing function and remain in existence permanently.
- ▶ SPECIAL COMMITTEES are appointed to carry out a specific task.

#### The Main Motion

The main motion brings business before the assembly and/or introduces a new subject. This motion can only be made when no other business is pending.

President	"Is there any new business to come before this meeting?"
President	"I move that"
Member #1	"Second." If none, the president should ask "Is there a second?"
President	"A motion has been made and seconded that (repeats motion made by Member #1). Is there any discussion?
Member #1	Seeks recognition - debates motion if desired.
President	"Is there any further discussion? (No answer.) "If not, are you ready for the question?" (Still no answer.) "All those in favor of (read the motion if members need to be reminded) say aye." (Pause) All opposed say no." (Pause) Any abstentions?" (Pause) The ayes (or noes) have it, the motion carries (fails.) We will (or will not). Record any abstentions in the minutes.

# **Subsidiary Motions**

Subsidiary motions may be applied to any main motion and are used to assist the group in treating or disposing of a main motion, and sometimes other motions.

Subsidiary motions have rank, which means that one subsidiary motion can be made while another subsidiary motion is pending, if it has higher rank.

#### Rank order

- 1. Lay on the Table
- 2. Previous Question
- 3. Limit or Extend Limits of Debate
- 4. Postpone to Certain Time
- 5. Commit or Refer
- 6. Amend
- 7. Postpone Indefinitely

A decision on any subsidiary motion must occur before the decision on the main motion.



# **Subsidiary Motion #1: Lay on the Table**

- ▶ PURPOSE: It allows a matter to be temporarily laid aside to attend to business that is more pressing, while allowing the board to retake it up as easily as if it were a new question. As this subsidiary motion is the highest ranking, it may be negatively used or abused by seasoned and savvy board members.
- ► MAY INTERRUPT: No

SECOND: Yes

DEBATABLE: No

AMENDABLE: No

VOTE NEEDED: Majority

# **Subsidiary Motion #2: Previous Question (Calling the Question)**

▶ PURPOSE: It immediately closes debate and brings to vote one or more pending motions.

► MAY INTERRUPT: No

SECOND: Yes

▶ DEBATABLE: No

AMENDABLE: No

▶ VOTE NEEDED: 2/3 vote

**EXAMPLE:** 

Member A

"I move the previous question." (Second)

President

"The previous question is moved. As many as are in favor of the previous question on the motion to buy lunch for all senior members rise... be seated. All opposed, rise... be seated. There are two-thirds in the affirmative and the previous question is ordered on the motion to buy lunch for all senior members. All those in favor of buying lunch for all senior members say "aye," etc. OR "There are less than 2/3 in the affirmative and the motion for the previous question is lost. The question is now on (the pending motion.)"

#### Previous Question - Other Notes

- ▶ The rules for the Previous Question apply, regardless of the form used.
- For example, the motions "I call for the question" or "Question" or "I move we vote now" are all forms of the Previous Question.
- Sometimes, this particular rule is misunderstood, which can violate a member's right to debate.
- ▶ Only a 2/3 vote can close debate.
- When a member says, "I call for the question," the Chair may ask if there is any objection to closing debate. If there is no objection, it is appropriate to proceed with the vote. If a member objects, then it is acceptable to ask for a second to the motion to order the Previous Question and proceed appropriately.



# **Subsidiary Motion #4: Postpone to Certain Time**

- ▶ PURPOSE This gives a member more time to sufficiently discuss the matter. The member may either postpone the matter to a certain time, or if there still isn't time to take it up, it becomes unfinished business.
- ► MAY INTERRUPT: No
- ▶ SECOND: Yes
- DEBATABLE: Yes
- AMENDABLE: Yes
- VOTE NEEDED: Majority

#### Motion #5: Refer to a Committee

- ▶ PURPOSE It is used to send a pending question to a committee in order to more carefully consider the question.
- ► MAY INTERRUPT: No
- ▶ SECOND: Yes
- ▶ DEBATABLE: Yes (to discuss the merits of sending the motion to a committee.)
- ► AMENDABLE: Yes (under certain conditions)
- ▶ VOTE NEEDED: Majority
- **EXAMPLE:** 
  - Member #1 "I move to refer this motion to the Member Services Committee." (Second)
  - President "It is moved and seconded that the motion to buy lunch for all senior members be referred to the Member Services Committee. Is there any discussion on the motion to refer?"

#### **Subsidiary Motion #6: Amend**

- **PURPOSE** To modify the wording of the pending motion before it is acted upon.
- MAY INTERRUPT: No
- SECOND: Yes
- ▶ DEBATABLE: Yes (When the motion it is applied to is debatable.)
- AMENDABLE: Yes (If so, the first amend is the primary amendment, and the next is the secondary amendment. The secondary amendment is NOT amendable.)
- ▶ VOTE NEEDED: Majority
- **EXAMPLE:** 
  - Member #1 "I move to amend by striking out lunch and inserting breakfast." (Second)
  - President It is moved and seconded to strike out the word "lunch" and insert the word "breakfast." If the motion is adopted, it will read that we buy breakfast for all senior members. The question is on the amendment to strike out lunch and insert breakfast.



# **Motion #7: Postpone Indefinitely**

- ▶ PURPOSE This gives a member the ability to neatly dispose of the main motion without taking a vote. There cannot be a subsidiary motion attached to it.
- ► MAY INTERRUPT: No

▶ SECOND: Yes

▶ DEBATABLE: Yes

AMENDABLE: No

VOTE NEEDED: Majority

## **Privileged Motions**

- Privileged motions do not relate to the pending motion. They relate to special materials of particular importance and should be allowed to interrupt the consideration of other matters.
- Like subsidiary motions, they have an order of precedence or rank.

#### Rank order

- 1. Fix the Time to Which to Adjourn
- 2. Adjourn
- 3. Recess
- 4. Raise a Question of Privilege
- 5. Commit or Refer
- 6. Call for the Orders
- 7. of the Day

## Motion #2: Adjourn

- ▶ PURPOSE It closes a meeting immediately.
- Note: It is only a privileged motion if there is already another meeting scheduled, and no time for adjourning has already been set. It does not matter if a question is pending or not.
- ► MAY INTERRUPT: No
- ▶ SECOND: Yes
- DEBATABLE: No
- AMENDABLE: NO
- ▶ VOTE NEEDED: Majority
- **EXAMPLE:** 
  - Member A "Mr./Madam President. I move to adjourn." (Second)
  - President "It is moved and seconded to adjourn. As many as are in favor, say aye, etc."



## **Incidental Motions**

- Incidental motions deal with questions of procedure arising out of another pending motion, or sometimes another item of business.
- Most are undebatable and must be decided immediately.

#### **Incidental Motions: Point of Order**

- ▶ PURPOSE It is used when a member thinks the rules of the assembly are being violated. When a member makes a "point of order", the chair must make a ruling.
- ► MAY INTERRUPT: Yes
- SECOND: No
- DEBATABLE: No (But with the chair's consent, the member raising the point may explain his/her position.)
- ► AMENDABLE: No
- ▶ VOTE NEEDED: None. It is ruled on by the chair.
- **EXAMPLE:**

Member A (Without waiting to be recognized.) "Point of Order."

President "State your point."

Member A "There was no second to the motion just made."

President "You are correct. Is there a second to the motion that. . .?"

## **Incidental Motions: Division of the Assembly**

- ▶ PURPOSE It is used when a member doubts the results of a voice vote or show of hands, thereby requiring that the vote be taken again by rising.
- ► MAY INTERRUPT: Yes
- SECOND: No
- DEBATABLE: No
- AMENDABLE: No
- ▶ VOTE NEEDED: None
- **EXAMPLE:**

President	"The ayes have it, the motion carries."	
Member A	(Without waiting to be recognized.) "Division!"	
President	"A division has been called. All those in favor of _	 _ please stand. Thank you. All opposed please stand.
	Thank you. The affirmative has it and	



## **Incidental Motions: Requests and Inquiries**

- PURPOSE In connection with a meeting, members may wish to ask a question or have something done that requires the permission of the assembly. Two types of questions include:
  - 1) Parliamentary inquiry and
  - 2) Point of Information
- ► MAY INTERRUPT: Yes (if necessary)
- ▶ SECOND: No
- DEBATABLE: No
- AMENDABLE: No
- ▶ VOTE NEEDED: None.
- **EXAMPLE:**

Member A (Without waiting to be recognized.) "Madam President, I rise to a parliamentary

inquiry."

President "The member will state the inquiry."

Member A "Is it in order to move the previous question?"

#### **Notes About the Minutes**

- The minutes should contain an introductory paragraph.
- The body of the paragraph contains a separate paragraph for each subject matter.
- The name of the mover is included with important motions. The name of the person who seconds the motion DOES NOT need to be given.
- The name of a guest speaker can be given, but no effort should be made to summarize the speaker's remarks.
- ▶ The last paragraph should contain the hour of adjournment.
- Minutes should be signed by the secretary. The words "respectfully submitted" are not necessary.
- ▶ The minutes are normally read and approved at the beginning of the next meeting.
- Corrections, if any, and approval of the minutes are usually done by unanimous consent.

#### The Gavel and a Few Other Points

- Robert's Rules of Order, Newly Revised, does not address the use of the gavel when calling a meeting to order.
- Two taps of the gavel calls the meeting to order. When a main motion has been passed or rejected, one tap of the gavel should follow the announcement.
- The gavel is also the instrument for maintaining order during chapter meetings. If at any time members engage in differences of opinion or for other reasons distractions occur, a sharp tap or a series of sharp taps should restore order on such occasions.
- Adjournment is signaled by a single rap of the gavel.
- Members may address only the presiding officer or may address others through the presiding officer.
- ▶ The presiding officer must remain impartial.
- The presiding officer may vote to make or break a tie.



# Closing Thoughts...

Parliamentary Procedure can be a useful tool for The CCIM Institute's Board of Directors, committees, and for the individual who learns the skills to participate in a group. The application of Parliamentary skills can be simple or very complex, depending up the desires of the group.

### Robert's Rules of Order Motions Chart (Side 1)

Based on Robert's Rules of Order Newly Revised (11th Edition).

The motions below are listed in order of precedence. A motion can be introduced if it is higher on the chart than the pending motion.

YOU WANT:	YOU SAY:	INTERRUPT?	2ND?	DEBATE?	AMEND?	VOTE?
Close meeting	I move to adjourn	No	Yes	No	No	Majority
Take break	I move to recess for	No	Yes	No	Yes	Majority
Register complaint	I rise to a question of privilege	Yes	No	No	No	None
Make follow agenda	I call for the orders of the day	Yes	No	No	No	None
Lay aside temporarily	I move to lay the question on the table	No	Yes	No	No	Majority
Close debate	I move the previous question	No	Yes	No	No	2/3
Limit or extend debate	I move that debate be limited to	No	Yes	No	Yes	2/3
Postpone to a certain time	I move to postpone the motion to	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Majority
Refer to committee	I move to refer the motion to	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Majority
Modify wording of motion	I move to amend the motion by	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Majority
Kill main motion	I move that the motion be postponed indefinitely	No	Yes	Yes	No	Majority
Bring business before assembly (a main motion)	I move that [or "to"]	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Majority
	Close meeting  Take break  Register complaint  Make follow agenda  Lay aside temporarily  Close debate  Limit or extend debate  Postpone to a certain time  Refer to committee  Modify wording of motion  Kill main motion  Bring business before assembly	Close meeting I move to adjourn  Take break I move to recess for  Register complaint I rise to a question of privilege  Make follow agenda I call for the orders of the day  Lay aside temporarily I move to lay the question on the table  Close debate I move the previous question  Limit or extend debate I move that debate be limited to  Postpone to a certain time I move to postpone the motion to  Refer to committee I move to refer the motion to  Modify wording of motion I move to amend the motion by  Kill main motion I move that [or "to"]  Bring business before assembly	Close meeting I move to adjourn No  Take break I move to recess for No  Register complaint I rise to a question of privilege  Make follow agenda I call for the orders of the day  Lay aside temporarily I move to lay the question on the table  Close debate I move the previous question  Limit or extend debate I move that debate be limited to  Postpone to a certain time I move to postpone the motion to  Refer to committee I move to amend the motion by  Modify wording of motion I move that the motion be postponed indefinitely  Bring business before assembly	Close meeting I move to adjourn No Yes  Take break I move to recess for No Yes  Register complaint I rise to a question of privilege  Make follow agenda I call for the orders of the day  Lay aside temporarily I move to lay the question on the table  Close debate I move the previous question  Limit or extend debate I move that debate be limited to  Postpone to a certain time I move to postpone the motion to  Refer to committee I move to refer the motion to  Refer to committee I move to amend the motion by  Kill main motion I move that for "to"] No Yes  Bring business before assembly	Close meeting I move to adjourn No Yes No  Take break I move to recess for No Yes No  Register complaint I rise to a question of privilege  Make follow agenda I call for the orders of the day  Lay aside temporarily I move to lay the question on the table  Close debate I move the previous question  Limit or extend debate I move that debate be limited to  Postpone to a certain time I move to postpone the motion to  Refer to committee I move to amend the motion by  Kill main motion I move that [or "to"]  No  Yes No  No  Yes No  Yes No  Yes Yes  Yes  Yes  Yes  Yes  Yes  Yes	Close meeting I move to adjourn No Yes No No No Register complaint I rise to a question of privilege I adjusted temporarily I move to lay the question on the table I move that debate be limited to  Postpone to a certain time I move to postpone the motion to  Refer to committee I move to adjourn No No Yes Yes Yes Yes No

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Incidental Motions - no order of precedence. Arise incidentally and are decided immediately.

§	YOU WANT:	YOU SAY:	INTERRUPT?	2ND?	DEBATE?	AMEND?	VOTE?
§23	Enforce rules	Point of Order	Yes	No	No	No	None
§24	Submit matter to assembly	I appeal from the decision of the chair	Yes	Yes	Varies	No	Majority
§25	Suspend rules	I move to suspend the rules which	No	Yes	No	No	2/3
§26	Avoid main motion altogether	I object to the consideration of the question	Yes	No	No	No	2/3
§27	Divide motion	I move to divide the question	No	Yes	No	Yes	Majority
§29	Demand a rising	I call for Division	Yes	No	No	No	None
§33	Parliamentary law question	Parliamentary inquiry	Yes (if urgent)	No	No	No	None
§33	Request for information	Request for information	Yes (if urgent)	No	No	No	None

Motions That Bring a Question Again Before the Assembly - no order of precedence. Introduce only when nothing else is pending.

§	YOU WANT:	YOU SAY:	INTERRUPT?	2ND?	DEBATE?	AMEND?	VOTE?
§34	Take matter from table	I move to take from the table	No	Yes	No	No	Majority
§35	Cancel previous action	I move to rescind/ amend something previously adopted	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	2/3 or Majority with notice
§37	Reconsider motion	I move to reconsider the vote	No	Yes	Varies	No	Majority

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# **Notes**











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