"BETTER IS POSSIBLE"

March 21, 2024

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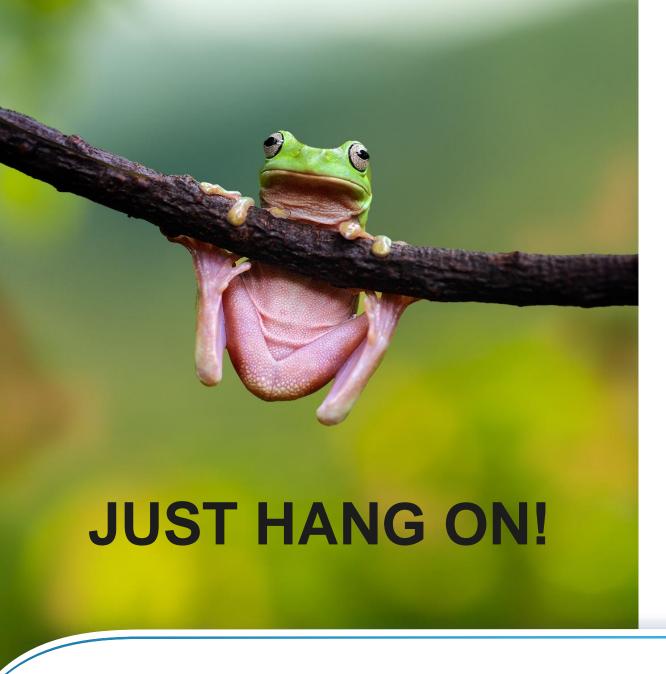
LEARNING OBJECTIVES

- Define the 'Trap of Understanding' and recognize how it can inhibit progress in hand hygiene improvement
- Explain the importance of shifting the focus from hand hygiene behavior of healthcare workers to include the systems and processes that contribute to those behaviors
- Describe how defining and measuring action-based leading indicators can help predict hand hygiene performance results

FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE

GOJO Industries, Inc.

Clinical Educator, Healthcare



"We're doing the **very best**we can with our
current resources."

Yet, we know we need to close the gap.

-

Which means we need to do better.

"They **know** hand hygiene is important. Why aren't they **doing** it?"



How many of you would like to lose weight or improve your physical fitness?



Now, if you have no idea what you need to do to accomplish either of those goals... lower your hand.

Understanding something conceptually



Following through with actions

It's not the <u>absence of knowing</u> or understanding that is the problem. It is people <u>not doing</u> what they know to do.

If I change what they know, understand, or believe

They will change their behavior

Leading to change in the organization and outcomes

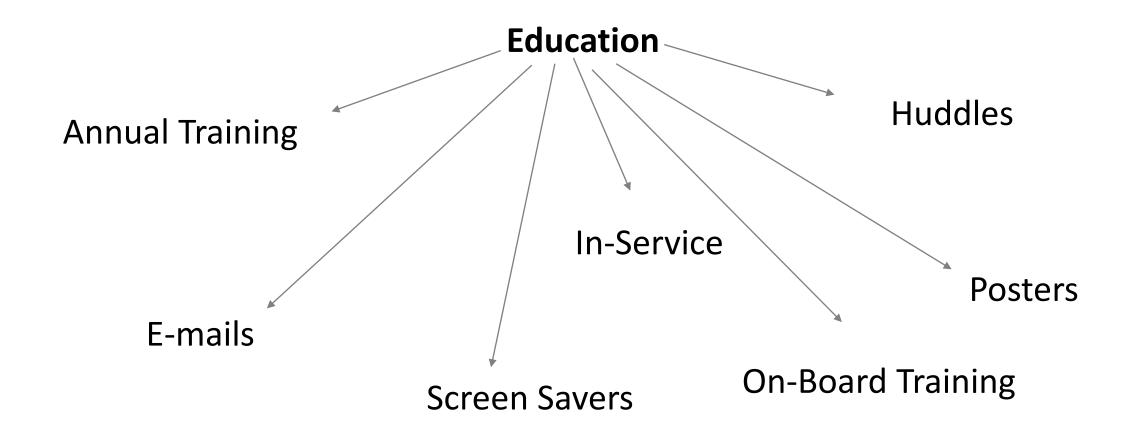
General Assumption

Knowledge Behavior

Changes in knowledge bring about changes in knowledge

Changes in <u>behavior</u> bring about changes in behavior

KNOWING DOES NOT ALWAYS LEAD TO ACTION



Knowledge



This is the only thing that matters

Changes in knowledge bring about changes in knowledge

Changes in <u>behavior</u> bring about changes in <u>behavior</u>

THE TRAP OF UNDERSTANDING



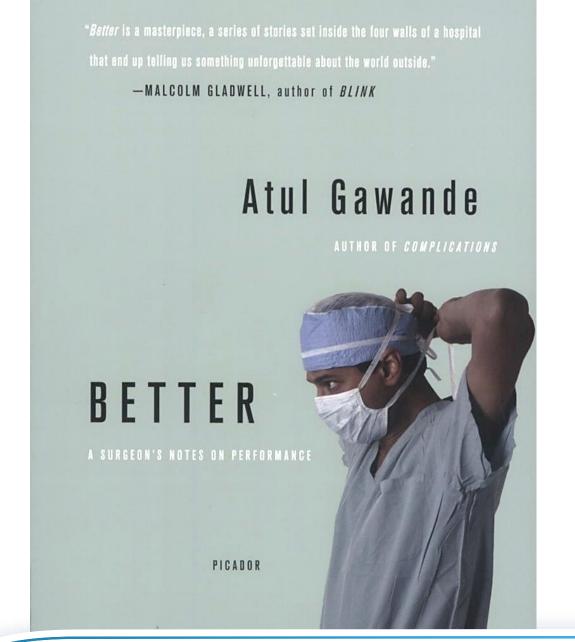
The belief that when people understand (know) something, they will act appropriately based on that understanding (knowledge).



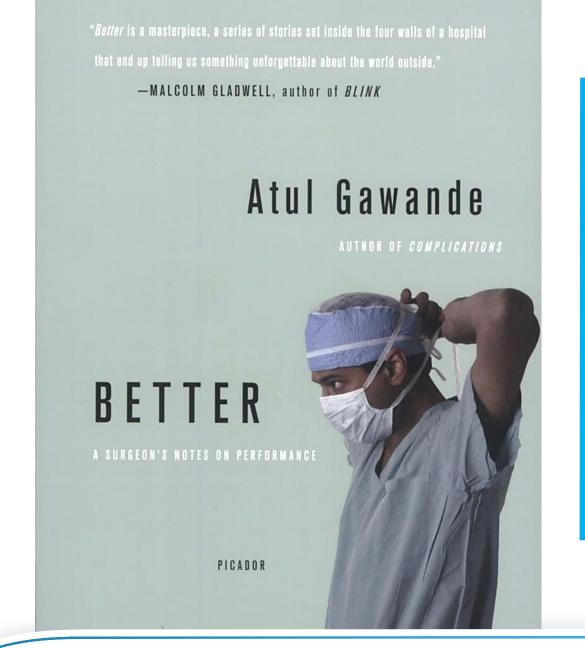
THE TRAP OF UNDERSTANDING



So where does this leave us?



"Better is Possible."



Chapter 1: Diligence

 The necessity of giving sufficient attention to detail to avoid error and prevail against obstacles.

Atul Gawande

 Devoted and painstaking work and application to accomplish an undertaking

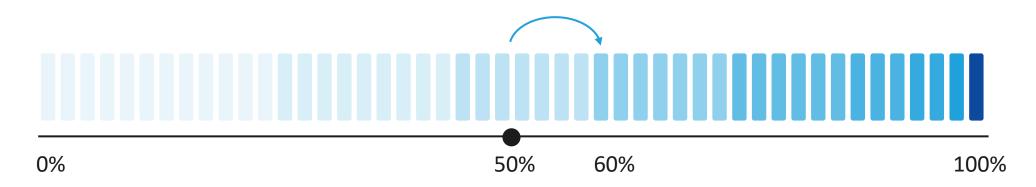
Merriam-Webster

"BETTER IS POSSIBLE"



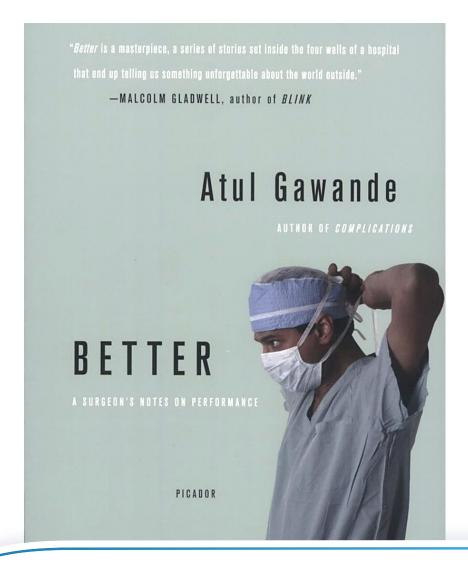
Increase the frequency and reliability

with which people will engage in behaviors that will produce the desired result



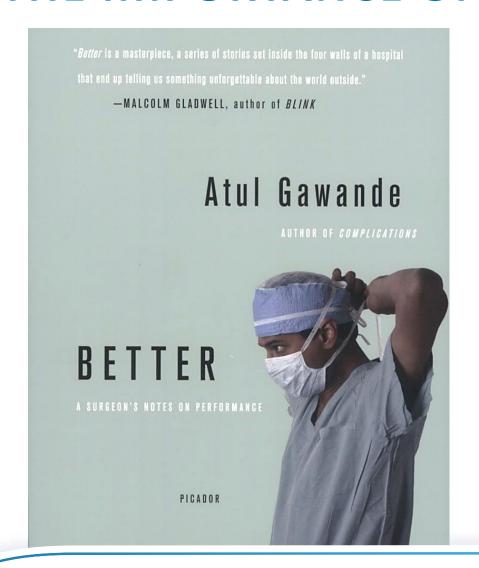
Don't let perfect get in the way of better.

"ASK AN UNSCRIPTED QUESTION"



"Can we do better?"

THE IMPORTANCE OF KEEPING TRACK



"If you count something interesting, you will learn something interesting." Atul Gawande



What should we count?







What should we count?

OPPORTUNITIES







Can we improve hand hygiene by counting these things?

OPPORTUNITIES





Analyze past performance

Lagging Indicators

These are outcome data.



EVENTS

COMPLIANCE RATES

Analyze past performance

Lagging Indicators



OPPORTUNITIES

BEHAVIORS

Leading Indicators

Influence future performance

ACTIONS

The actions or processes that drive the results we are getting....good or bad

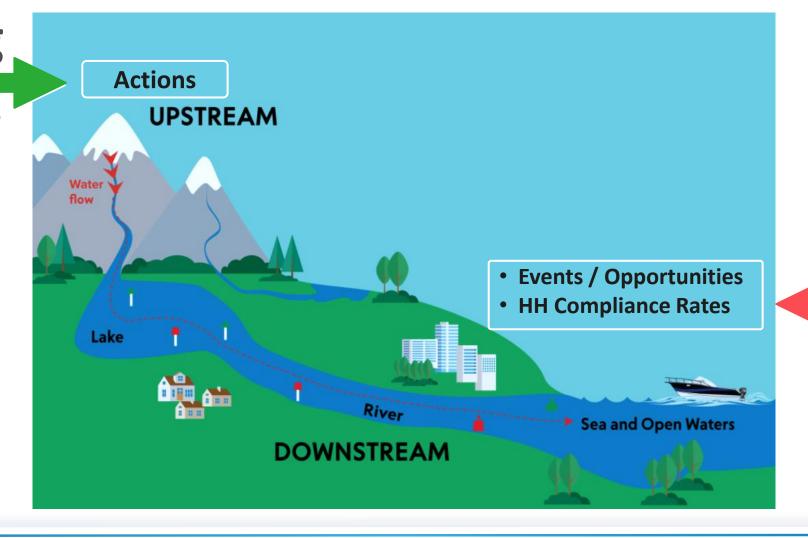
ACTIONS

BEHAVIORS

WE NEED TO "COUNT THINGS" UPSTREAM

Leading

Influence future performance



Analyze past performance

Lagging

FRONTLINE HEALTHCARE WORKERS

"They **know** hand hygiene is important. Why aren't they **doing** it?"

The focus is downstream



LEADERSHIP

Responsible for putting systems and structures into place that will lead to better results

The focus is upstream



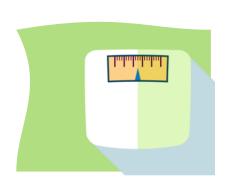
Mrs. Jones



Sets a goal weight



Records monthly weight





No Improvement

Leading the way with leading indicators. Steve Taninecz; Vizient. October 2, 2014.

Mrs. Jones



✓ 2000-calorie diet



✓ Daily exercise



Records daily weight





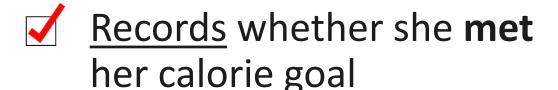


No Improvement

Leading the way with leading indicators. Steve Taninecz; Vizient. October 2, 2014

Indicators Influence future performance

Mrs. Jones



Records whether she **met** her daily exercise goal

Records daily weight

TRACKING UPSTREAM
PERFORMANCE RELATIVE
TO GOALS

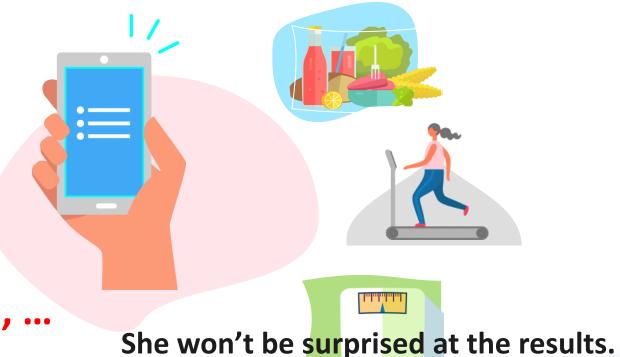
Action-Based Leading Indicators Influence future

performance

Mrs. Jones

- Records whether she met her calorie goal
- Records whether she met her daily exercise goal

If the chart shows 0/2, 0/2, 0/2, ...

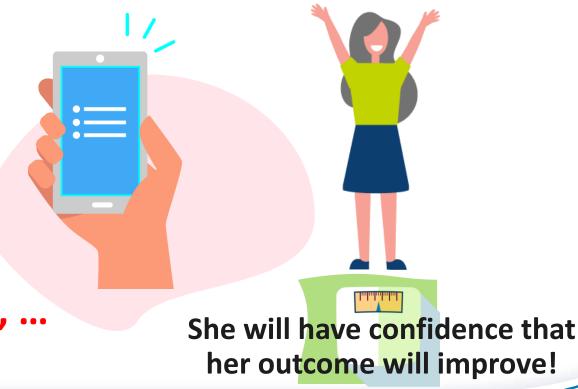


Indicators Influence future performance

Mrs. Jones

- Records whether she met her calorie goal
- Records whether she met her daily exercise goal

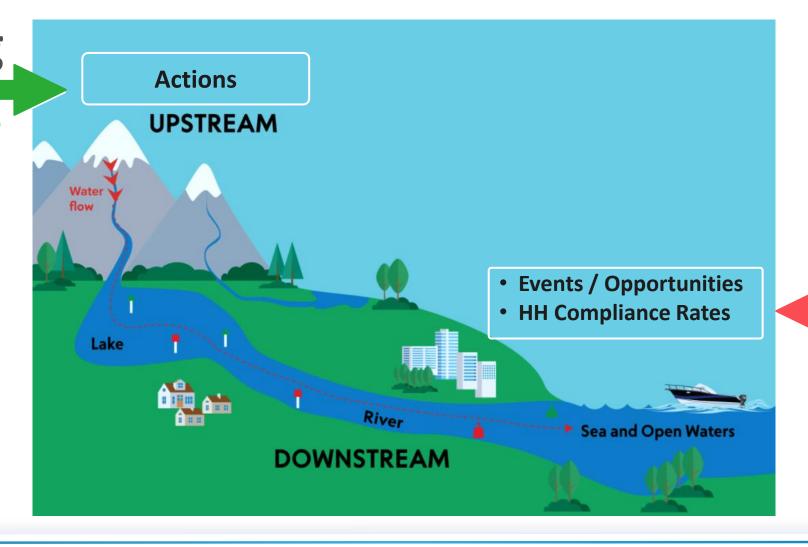
If the chart shows 2/2, 2/2, 2/2, ...



WE NEED TO "COUNT THINGS" UPSTREAM

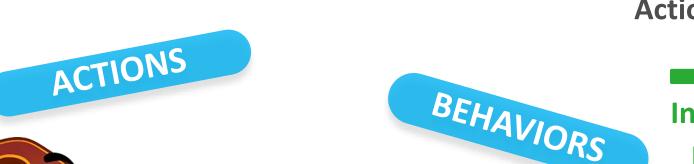
Leading

Influence future performance



Analyze past performance

Lagging



Action-Based Leading Indicators Influence future performance

The **key**:

- Define the upstream action-based leading indicators or processes
- Measure them frequently
- Problem solve, adjust as necessary BEHAVIORS

ACTIONS

HEALTHCARE EXAMPLE: GOAL - FALLS REDUCTION

Unit A

Unit B

Both units identified 3 actions to reduce patient falls

- 1. Fall risk assessment for each patient every day
- 2. Fall risk patient identifiers posted at the room
- 3. Regularly scheduled toileting of fall risk patients
- ✓ Charted process measures on visual management boards; reviewed daily at huddles
- ✓ Charted monthly fall rate

HEALTHCARE EXAMPLE: FALLS REDUCTION

Unit A

During each daily huddle:

- Charted and discussed falls that occurred the previous day
- Determined root causes for the fall
- Followed up appropriately

Downstream

Unit B

During each daily huddle:

- Charted whether the 3 actions were followed the previous day for each patient
- ID fall risk, Room ID, Toileting
- If not, why not?
- What can we do differently?

Upstream

HEALTHCARE EXAMPLE: FALLS REDUCTION

Unit A

Unit B

Let's Review

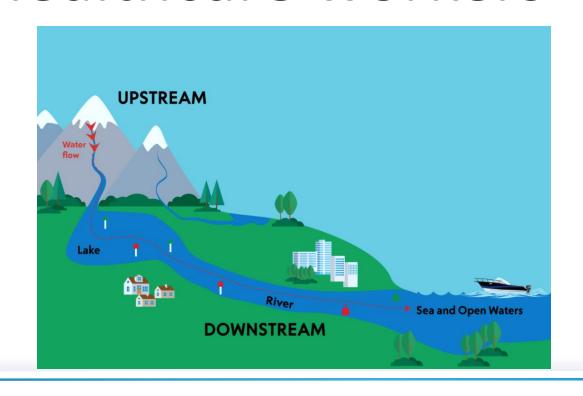
- **Defined the actions** that they felt would be effective in reducing and eliminating patient falls.
- Tracked those actions every day
- Monitored the impact on the outcome--monthly fall rate.

The essence of managing

Drove accountability into the processes and ensured the actions were followed

CURRENT APPROACH TO HAND HYGIENE IMPROVEMENT

Focus is on hand hygiene behavior of healthcare workers



Focusing **only** on the hand hygiene behavior of healthcare workers is like treating the symptom without addressing the cause.

THE SYSTEM IS THE PROBLEM

- It is unfair to ask employees to perform better than the system's design and management will allow.
- It is the responsibility of leadership to provide a system in which people can be successful.
- If you want to improve performance, you must work on the system

CULTURE OF IMPROVEMENT

- The assumption is that the problem is caused by the system.
- Everyone engages in identifying problems and opportunities for improvement.
- The goal is to improve the system that is contributing to the results.



How do we get started?

INFECTION CONTROL & HOSPITAL EPIDEMIOLOGY NOVEMBER 2017, VOL. 38, NO. 11

ORIGINAL ARTICLE

Patient Safety Culture and the Ability to Improve: A Proof of Concept Study on Hand Hygiene

Martine G. Caris, MD;^{1,2} Pim G. A. Kamphuis, MSc;² Mireille Dekker, MSc;² Martine C. de Bruijne, PhD;³ Michiel A. van Agtmael, MD;¹ Christina M. J. E. Vandenbroucke-Grauls, MD²

Dr. Martine Caris et al.

Studied the relationship between safety culture and the ability to improve hand hygiene.

Hand hygiene performance is less about hand hygiene

and more about



other foundational issues within the unit

High-Performing Units

- High levels of safety culture at the unit level
- Close collaboration and involvement of unit management /free of hierarchy
- Unit managers set standards with staff involvement (collaboration)
- Staff aware of consequences of noncompliance
- Safety issues anticipated and pre-empted
- Addressing coworkers in cases of noncompliance is common
- Implemented more HH interventions than low-performing units

Low-Performing Units

- Low levels of safety culture at the unit level
- Units with multiple medical specialties consistently showed difficulties in collaboration between medical and nursing staff
- Opposing points of view on collaboration
- Reactive approach to safety issues
- Staff focused on own performance and addressing coworker's noncompliance was not a part of the culture
- Discrepancies on improvement strategies

Caris MG, et al. Patient safety culture and the ability to improve: A proof of concept study on hand hygiene. Infect Control Hosp Epidemiol. 2017;38:1277-1283

A.K.A. "Speaking Up"

Unit-Led



Transtheoretical Model and the Stages of Change

Precontemplation

Contemplation

Preparation

Action

Maintenance

No recognition of need or interest in change

Thinking about changing

Planning for change



Adopting new habits

Ongoing practice for new behaviors

Long-term follow-up and relationship building

High performing units vs
Low performing units

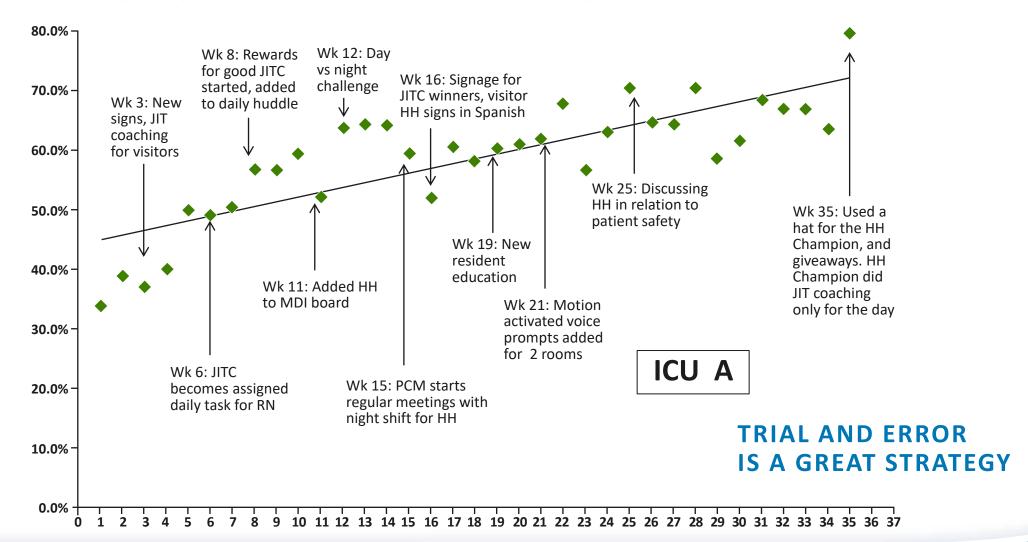
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NURSE MANAGER READINESS ASSESSMENT

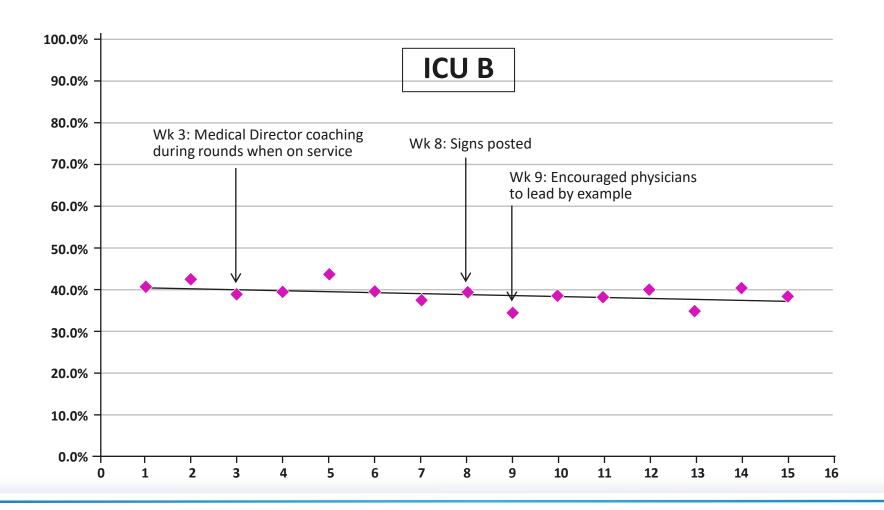
Large Academic Hospital – 38 units with ECM – 2014 to present

Action-Based Leading Indicators:

- A nursing leader from each unit joins a 15-minute weekly call to discuss hand hygiene.
 - Report their rates, report out on their promised initiatives, what worked/ didn't work, their next steps, commitments for the next week
 - Report barriers/ problems, report solutions or ask for help
 - Every intervention is documented, categorized and tracked

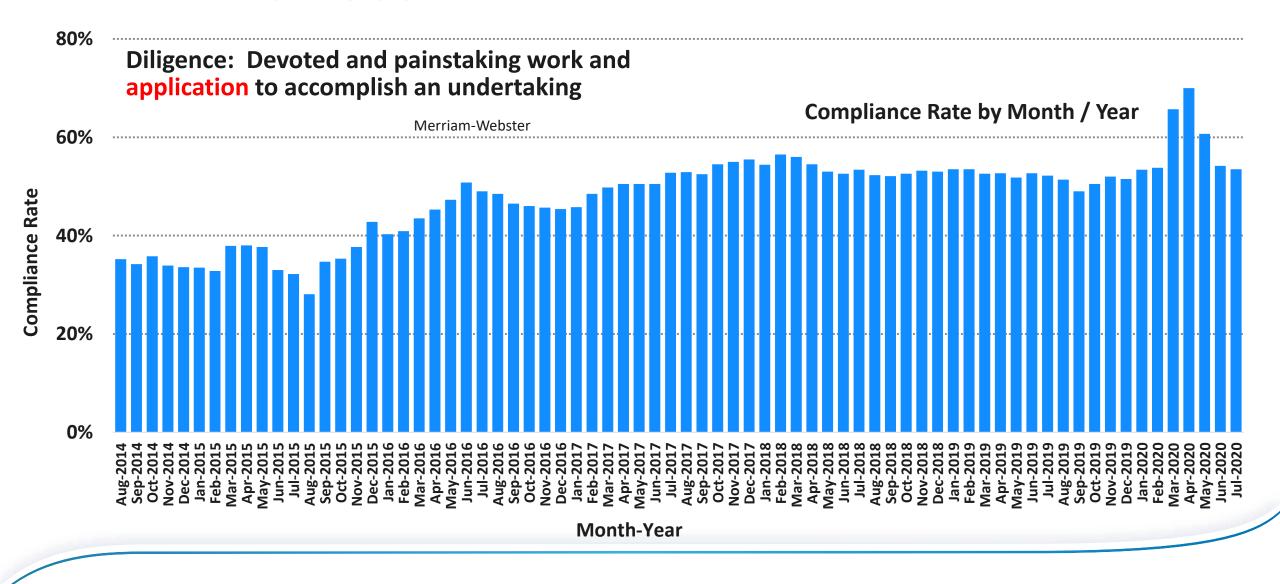


LITTLE ACTION = LITTLE IMPROVEMENT

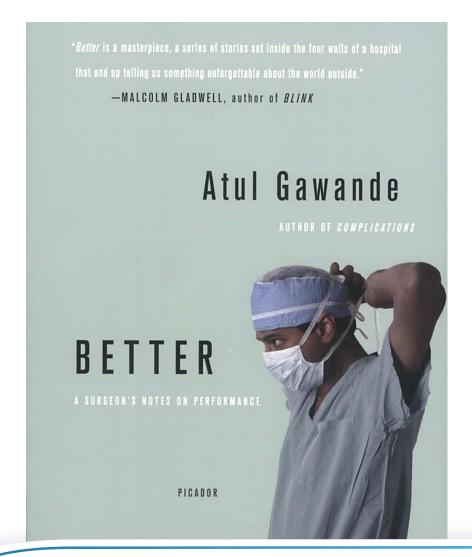


BETTER IS POSSIBLE

AUGUST 2014 - JULY 2020

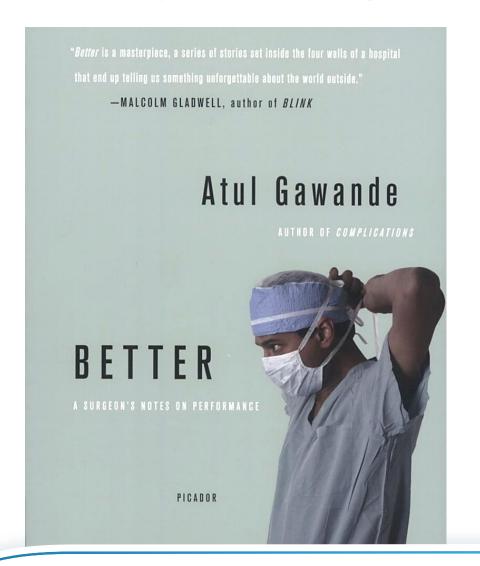


"ASK AN UNSCRIPTED QUESTION"



"Can we do better?"

MANAGEMENT OF HAND HYGIENE

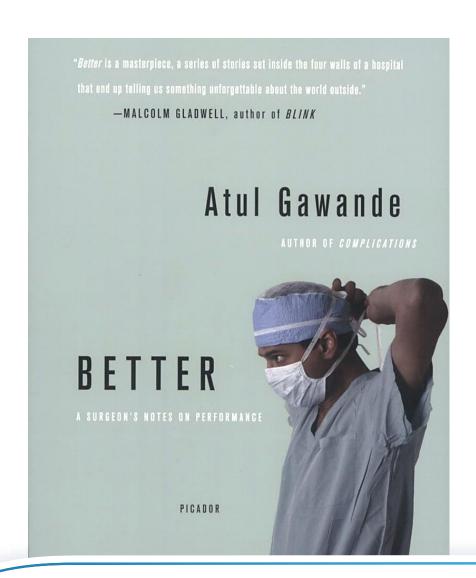


Define the actions upstream that you think will be effective at improving hand hygiene.

Track them frequently.



Monitor for improvement downstream, problem solve and adjust as needed.



"Better is Possible."

THANK YOU