

An Introduction to GIS and Spatial Statistics for Environmental Health Applications

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Tuesday, July 13:

Morning:

Module 1:

- What is a GIS?
- Why do spatial analysis?
- Maps
- Visualization
- Geodesy
- GIS terminology

Module 2:

- Basic GIS operations
- Location reference methods
- Census geography

Module 3:

- Advantages and Disadvantages of GIS
- Software
- Spatial statistics.

Afternoon:

Module 1:

- Overview of Spatial Statistics in Environmental Health

Module 2:

- Analyzing Regional Data
 - Challenges (small number problem, MAUP, ecological inference)
 - Smoothing
 - Clustering
 - Indices of spatial autocorrelation: Moran's I
 - Other methods
 - Clusters:
 - Local Moran's I
 - Scan Statistics
 - Focused Tests

Wednesday, July 14 (1/2 day):

Regression Modeling with Spatial Data

Spatially-continuous data

OLS

Regression diagnostics

GLS

Regional data analysis

Spatial autoregressive models

Generalized linear models

Thursday, July 15 (1/2 day):

Change of support

Definition of support;

Why it matters

MAUP

Statistical Solutions;

Geostatistical Solutions;

Comparison of Methods