

Student Affairs Administrators: A Resource for Amplifying the Need for Systemic Change

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We ask you to join us in creating a culture that reflects...

Access and Inclusion
and
Civility and Respect

...consistent with the [AHEAD Statement of Civility](#) during
our conference and in all aspects of our organization.

Why this topic?

There's often been a disconnect between disability offices and higher-ups:

How can senior leaders empower and enable disability office personnel to shift from addressing accommodation needs on an individual basis to making more systemic change?

Today's agenda:

- Principles underlying SA and DRC work
- What Student Affairs and Disability offices need to understand about each other's work
- Creating culture change—what do we ask for?
- What if you hit a road block?
- Your experiences: What has worked? Barriers encountered? Success stories!

Goals for our work in 2020:

- Shift the culture to include disability more broadly.
- Reframe access in a post-COVID world.
- Leverage this moment to make lasting change.

Student Affairs Principles

- Engage students in active learning.
- Help students develop coherent values and ethical standards.
- Set and communicate high expectations for student learning.
- Use systematic inquiry to improve student and institutional performance.
- Use resources effectively to achieve institutional missions and goals.
- Forge educational partnerships that advance student learning.
- Build supportive and inclusive communities.

[Principles of Good Practice for Student Affairs \(ACPA/NASPA\)](#)

Disability Resources Principles

- Disability is natural part of human variation and an aspect of diversity.
- Access and inclusion are a matter of social justice.
- Creating accessible, and inclusive environments is a shared responsibility.

[Refocus 2.0--Project LENS, a project of the University of Arkansas – Partners for Inclusive Communities](#)

Systems Change Work

- Culture Change has a longer time horizon
- COVID is a tipping point
- We need to Engage Resistance

Need: Change the Culture

Disability offices need the support of Administrators:

- Disability offices can lead broad, systemic change on a campus if they have the tools and support they need.
- Upper level administrators can remind other Divisions and Offices that access is a shared responsibility—and lead conversations about how other Divisions can make access part of their work.

Our Partnership Model

- Partnering for whole student care—we want the same things!
- Educate each other
- Empowerment
- Budget/Resource support

What Student Affairs Needs to Know About Disability Office work:

- Equity in access means moving away from:
 - Helping model (paternalistic)
 - Compliance model (providing access because we have to)
- The institution must move toward:
 - Access as basic right (social justice)
 - Universal Design
 - Ensuring access is designed in—not an add-on later

(at least) Two Kinds of Support Needed:

- Logistical support to move from putting out the fires right in front of us to bigger picture work
 - Funding for office software or personnel (“loan” of partial FTEs?)
- A voice for access in higher level meetings
 - Help push campus-wide access initiatives
 - Invite campus disability experts (this includes us!) to participate in decision-making bodies
 - Recognize and address disability issues as discussions happen

What Disability Offices Need to Know About Student Affairs and Upper Administration

- We are on the same team—Modern Student Affairs practice centers on access and success for marginalized student populations, including students with disabilities.
- Strategy and Politics are (frustrating and) important—these tools are critical for organizational transformation.
- Working on the macro and micro levels simultaneously is crucial.
 - We are building a foundation one brick at a time. Each brick matters, and we need to know the design of the foundation along the way.

Making your case for institutional change:

Historic approach to access: Wait for access requests

- Is technically “ADA compliant,” BUT...
 - Creates an inherent inequality
 - Delays - exacerbate the inequality and incur legal risk
 - Rushed solutions are often inadequate for students
 - Hurried fixes can overwhelm university resources
 - Low return on investment (must be re-done for next student)

Examples of kinds of change to push for:

- Support the building of capacity for access work in other campus offices.
- Accessibility training requirements campus wide:
 - Faculty, Instructional Support:
 - Learning management system (Canvas, Blackboard, etc)
 - Classroom content (instructional design)
 - Communications Office: Web, social media, other
 - Procurement policy—learning materials, software, hardware, furniture, etc.
 - Contracting: include access mandate for outside entities

What if you hit a roadblock?

Resistance in A Culture Change Process

By Delyte D. Frost Ph.D.

- Resistance is a system dynamic... not an individual's personal intent.
- Resistance is a constellation of forces that is “called up” by any significant effort to change the status quo... to change “The way it's always been.”

Frost, continued:

- The forces constellate to block or oppose movement by stalling or pushing in the opposite direction.
- Resistance is often the unconscious acts by **some** that reflect the feelings of the **many** who remain silent.
- Those who express resistance serve to maintain the system; they want to keep something of value; they anticipate negative outcomes of the changes; they are often sensitive to neglected aspects of a change strategy.

Reframing Resistance

- The Energy Model:
 - Set of positive necessary disturbances.
 - Disturbances that create energy for transformation.
 - Resistance is an indicator that real change is ahead.
 - Resistance acts as a protector of core values, rather than those espoused and defines key taboos or unsaid issues in an organization.

The Washington Consulting Group

If you hit resistance: Seven Steps

1. Anticipate It

- Look for signs, know that it is a positive indicator. Watch for patterns that challenge the change effort.

2. Name It

- Describe the dynamic as a systems process - necessary and positive complement of change efforts.

3. Welcome It

- Work to authentically experience the resistance and its actors as positive.

4. Explore It

- Be open to perspectives of “resistors.” Seek to understand the source of the resistance.

If you hit resistance: Seven Steps (cont.)

5. Honor It

- Respect and learn from the voices of resistance. Accept multiple realities.

6. Embrace It

- Once true understanding is reached, move towards the resistance: bring energy into the change efforts.

7. Use It

- Incorporate the insight and energy of resistance into the change efforts. Create alliances with those who voice resistance.

Summary:

- Invest in the relationship—get to know your teammate
- Have a shared vision (what the foundation looks like)
- Be strategic

What have you experienced?

Session Evaluation

- Access Session Evaluation at:
tinyurl.com/AHEAD2020-SessionEval
- Your feedback helps shape future programming.
- Thank you for attending!