Understanding Total Pool Risk Management

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Why is the MIABC involved in TPRM?

Initially, because it was required by our regulator



Evolution of Risk Management

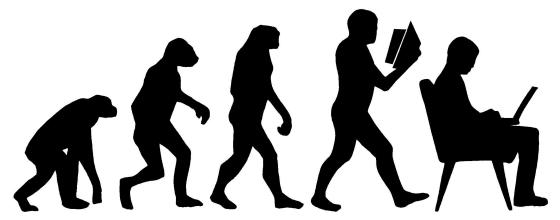
Traditional Risk Management



Advanced Risk Management



Enterprise-wide Risk Management / TPRM



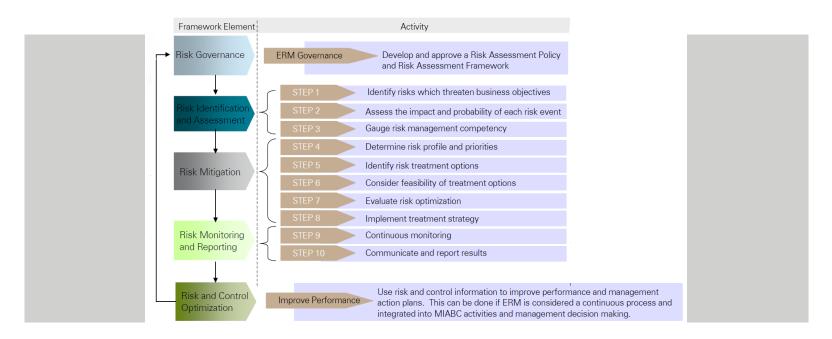
Risk is bad – focus is on transferring risk

Risk is an expense – focus is on reducing cost of risk

Risk is uncertainty – focus is on optimizing risk to achieve goals



Example – One Framework for TPRM





Strategic vs. Operational Risks

- Starts with identifying "Strategic" risks.
- Then shifts to an "Operational" risk group.
- There can be more than one operational risk group per risk.
- MIABC has five operational risk groups: Business Operations; Human Resources; IT; Insurance; and Legal/Regulatory.



Strategic Risks

Risk Management at a higher level

Examples:

- Replacement of legacy RMIS
- CEO Succession
- COVID-19





Identifying Strategic Risks

Draw on knowledge from various sources:

- Staff
- Management Team
- Member Advisory Groups
- Board of Directors
- Other pools
- AGRiP & other partners



Emerging Risks

Potential or Prospective Risks for Strategic Register

Examples:

- New or amended legislation
- Court decisions
- Climate change



Operational Risk Registers

Each organization will have their own operational risks.

At the MIABC, we have identified five:

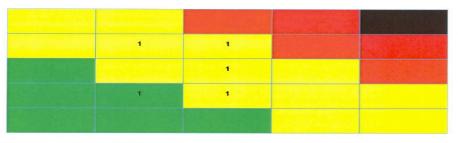
- Business Operations
- Human Resources
- Insurance
- Information Technology
- Legal / Regulatory



Heatmap



Risk Profile for 3. Human Resources



Ref Number	Description	Current Rating	Target Rating	Trend
24	3.4 Succession Risk: The risk from not being able to identify and develop internal people to fill key leadership roles within the organization.	Moderate	Low	-
23	3.3 Employee Concentration Risk: The risk of loss or exposure due to heavy reliance on individual staff.	Moderate	Moderate	install (
22	3.2 Employee Retention Risk: The risk of being unable to retain quality staff.	Moderate	Low	liming and
21	3.1 Employee Recruitment Risk: The risk of loss due to not being able to attract and recruit quality staff.	Moderate	Low	le age
25	3.5 Employee Integrity Risk; The risk of loss or exposure due to illegal or unethical actions (includes theft and fraud).	Low	Low	[4:40]

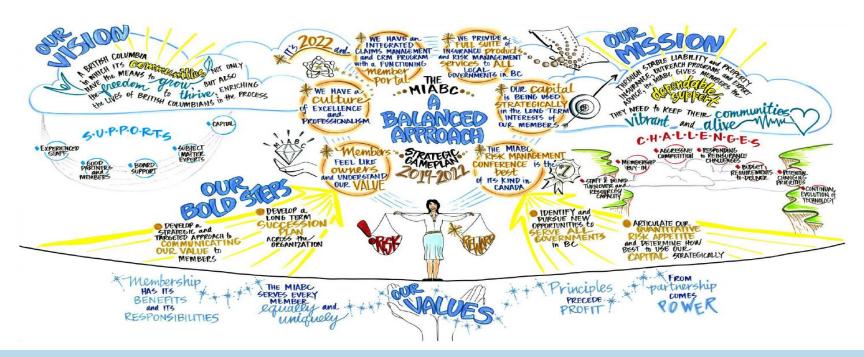


Board's Role in TPRM

- Board oversight.
- The MIABC's management team oversees the TPRM program.
- Quarterly Reports
- Board's "Risk Appetite Statement" (RAS).



MIABC's Strategic Plan





Challenges

- Commitment.
- Quantifying risk rating and measuring progress.
- Maintaining momentum and continued monitoring and assessment.
- Time.



Benefits

- Evolved approach to risk management including assessment of risks associated with not taking certain risks.
- Highlights areas of concern and the order / priority focus our efforts and resources.
- Encourages cross-departmental, enterprise-wide interaction and cooperation.



Questions?



